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China Family Panel Studies

2010 Questionnaire

CONFIDENTIALITY: In accordance with Article 14 of Chapter III of the *Statistics Law of the People's Republic of China*, “[S]ingle item investigation data concerning any individual or his/her family shall not be divulged without the consent of the said person.”

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Institute of Social Science Survey, Peking University

Translated by Cindy Glovinsky , Jingwei Hu , Ryan Monarch , Ni Sha , Hongwei Xu

Introduction to the China Family Panel Studies

The China Family Panel Studies (CFPS) is designed to collect data on the same individuals, families, and communities over multiple time periods from a nationally-representative sample in order to capture social development and changes in China, and to provide valid information sources for the society, systematic and scientific data for academic research, and scientific evidence for government policy decisions.

In order to obtain accurate data, please answer the interview questions based upon your actual situation. We apologize for any inconvenience this may cause to your life and work. We appreciate your understanding and support of our work.

In accordance with Article 14 of Chapter 3 of the *Statistics Law of the People's Republic of China*, any information you provide will be kept confidential without your consent. Any information published in scientific research, policy analysis, and opinion review is aggregated from a large number of questionnaires, rather than specific to you, your family, or your community, and thus your personal information will not be disclosed.

This is the first round of the panel survey carried out by Peking University. All the interviewers and supervisors have received strict professional training. They have adequate knowledge about the relevant content in the *Statistics Law of the People's Republic of China*, and will abide by the law.

All the interviewers and supervisors wear standard identifications issued by Peking University. If you have any doubt about an interviewer's identity, you are welcome to call 010-62757908 at any time for verification.

We are very grateful for your support and help!

Peking University

March, 2010

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Part A

A0 The interviewer records whether the current location is in a village or a residential community.

1. Residential Community (*Ju wei hui*) 5. Village (*Cun wei hui*)

A1 Your current position in this community is:

1. Director 2. Accountant 3. Secretary 4. Committee member/Community cadre
77. Other [Please specify] _

A101 Your name: _____

A2 Do you live in this community?

1. Yes 2. No

F1: "Live in this community" means that the respondent lives in the sampled residential community or village. It usually implies that the respondent's residential address belongs to this community/village. Regardless of whether or not his/her family address belongs to the sampled community/village, record "Yes" as long as the respondent has an address and has lived there for more than half of the past 3 months; otherwise, record "No".

A3 Which of the following facilities is available within the geographic boundary of your village/residential community? [Select all that apply]

Interviewer Note: Regardless of whether or not the facility is owned by the village/residential community, it is considered available as long as it is located within the geographic boundary of the village/community.

1. Convenience/corner/department store 2. Kindergarten 3. Primary school
4. Hospital/Medical facility 5. Drug store 6. Buddhist/Taoist Temple
7. Ancestral hall 8. Church/Mosque
9. Activity facility/community service center for the elderly 10. Nursing home/Almshouse
11. Physical exercise facility 12. Playground 13. Bulletin board for village/community affairs
14. Informants' letterbox
15. Community Website

F1: (1) "Ancestral hall" refers to a site for a family's gathering and ancestor worship with ancestral tablets.

(2) "Playground" refers to a site where children's playing facilities (e.g. playground slide) are available.

[CAPI] Ask A301 for each choice of A3 except "13".

A301: How many "*** (choice of A3)" are available in your village/residential community?

[CAPI] Ask A302 for choosing "13" in A3.

A302: What postings are on the community bulletin board? [Select all that apply]

1. Medical insurance 2. Welfare 3. Family Planning 4. Financial

A4 What is the administrative area of your village/residential community? _____meter²/ kilometer²/mu.

F1: “The administrative area” refers to the geographic area of the village/residential community recognized by the Department of Civil Affairs.

A5 What is the most important water source for people in your village/residential community?

1. River/Lake water 2. Well/Spring water 3. Tap water
 4. Mineral/Purified/Filtered water 5. Rainwater 6. Cellar water
 7. Pond water 77. Other _____ [please specify]

A6 What is the major kind of fuel for family cooking in your village/residential community?

Interviewer Note: if two or more kinds of fuel are used, the major fuel is the one used for stir-frying.

1. Firewood/Straw 2. Coal 3. Gas/Liquid/Natural gas 4. Solar energy
 5. Methane 6. Electricity 7. Other _____ [please specify]

Part B

B1 What was the total number of households in your village/residential community by the end of last year?

_____households

Interviewer Note: this refers to the actual living-in households by the end of last year.

F1: Total number of households refers to the number of all family households living in the village/residential community by the end of last year.

B2 What was the population in your village/residential community by the end of last year?

_____people

Interviewer Note: this refers to the actual living-in population by the end of last year.

F1: Total population refers to the entire population living in the village/residential community by the end of last year.

B201 What was the registered population in your village/residential community by the end of last year?

F1: Registered population refers to the population whose household registrations (*hukou*) are in the village/residential community.

B202 What was the resident population in your village/residential community by the end of last year?

F1 (In general term): There are 3 types of resident populations: those without local hukou who have lived here for more than 6 months, those with local hukou who are currently living here, and those with local hukou who have been away for less than 6 months.

F1 (In technical term): Resident population refers to the population actually living in a certain location for a certain span of time (more than half a year). According to the rules of the population census and survey, it includes the following: the entire registered population living in the location, except for those who have been away for half a year (except those working or studying abroad); the population whose household registrations are in different locations but who have lived here for more than half a year or have been away from their registered locations for more than half a year and are living in this location when interviewed; the population living in this location when interviewed but having no household registration anywhere, such as those who have their household registration migratory cards, birth certificates, veteran retirement certificates, prison release certificates and so on in hand and have not registered as resident population, i.e. the so-called "pocket household registration".

B203 What was the floating population from outside of your village/residential community by the end of last year? _____

F1: Floating population refers to the people whose household registrations are not in this village/residential community but who have lived here for less than 6 months.

B3 We want to know about the age structure of the resident population in your village/residential community.

F1 (Popular term): There are 3 types of resident populations: those without local hukou who have lived here for more than 6 months, those with local hukou who are currently living here, and those with local hukou who have been away for less than 6 months.

F1 (Technical term): Resident population refers to the population actually living in a certain location for a certain span of time (more than half a year). According to the rules of the population census and survey, it includes the following: the entire registered population living in the location except for those who have been away for half a year (except those working or studying abroad); the population whose household registrations are in different locations but who have lived here for more than half a year or have been away from their registered locations for more than half a year and are living in this location when interviewed; the population living in this location when interviewed but having no household registration anywhere, such as those who have their household registration migratory cards, birth certificates, veteran retirement certificates, prison release certificates and so on in hand and have not registered as resident population, i.e. the so-called "pocket household registration".

B301 At the end of last year, the number of residents aged 0 to 15 years old: _____

B302 At the end of last year, the number of residents aged 60 and older: _____

B4 How many births were there in your village/residential community last year? _____

B5 How many people died in your village/residential community last year? _____

B501 How many died of disease? _____

B6 Is your village/residential community an ethnic minority area:

1. Yes 5. No

B601 The most populous minority group in your village/residential community: _____

Part C

C1 When did your village/residential community begin to implement the “minimum living standard security system”? _____ year

Interviewer Note: If the place has not established this system, record “-8”.

C2 By the end of last year, how many households met the enrollment requirements of the “minimum living standard security system”? _____ households

C3 Over the entire last year, how many households have benefited from the “minimum living standard security system”? _____ households

C4 Over the entire last year, what was the actual monetary standard per person per month for those who enrolled in the “minimum living standard security system”? _____ yuan per person per month

F1: “The actual monetary standard per person per month” refers to the amount of money actually granted to the households that enrolled in this welfare system.

C501 The highest price of pork fillet last year: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

Interviewer Note: If it is a Hui ethnic minority or Muslim area, record “-8” and skip the following questions on pork.

F1: “Pork fillet” refers to the meat on the pork back which is the best part of lean meat; it is called “premium meat” in some parts of the southern area.

C502 The lowest price of pork fillet last year: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

C503 The highest price of beef last year: _____ yuan/0.5 kg C504

The lowest price of beef last year: _____ yuan/0.5 kg C505

The highest price of lamb last year: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

C506 The lowest price of lamb last year: _____ yuan/0.5 kg C507

The highest price of eggs last year: _____ yuan/0.5 kg C508 The

lowest price of eggs last year: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

C601 The highest price of pork fillet last week: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

C602 The lowest price of pork fillet last week: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

C603 The highest price of beef last week: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

C604 The lowest price of beef last week: _____ yuan/0.5 kg C605

The highest price of lamb last week: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

C606 The lowest price of lamb last week: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

C607 The highest price of eggs last week: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

C608 The lowest price of eggs last week: _____ yuan/0.5 kg

Part D

D1 How many temporary workers are working in your village/residential community committee?

Interviewer Note: Do not count volunteers.

F1: “Temporary workers” refer to employees not listed in the official staffing plan.

D2 How many full-time social workers are employed by your village/residential community committee?

Interviewer Note: Do not count volunteers.

F1: “Full-time social workers” refer to people who have professional titles in the field of “social work” and specialize in assisting the poor in communities.

D3 How many members in total, including the two groups above, are employed by your village/residential community committee? _____

Interviewer Note: Do not count volunteers.

F1: “Members” include the staff members officially listed in the roster of the village/residential community committee, the temporary workers, the full-time social workers, and others who work for the committee.

D4 The office condition of your village/residential community committee is:

1. Very good 2. Good 3. Fair
4. Poor 5. Very poor

D5 Does your village /residential community committee have an independent office space?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to D6]

F1: “Independent office space” means an office room or building used for conducting the administrative work by the village/residential community committee and not for any other purpose.

D501 The area of the office space for your village/residential committee is _____ square meters.

F1: “Office space” refers to the building area of the committee’s office room or building with the yard excluded.

D6 On the way from the office of your village/residential community committee to the households in the community, the proportion of unpaved road is _____%

F1: “Unpaved road” refers to muddy road as opposed to cement road, asphalt road, sand road, brick road or slate road.

Part E

E1 [Interviewer through archive and interview] Learn about the major events that happened in the village/residential community.

E101 Has your village/residential community ever experienced any of the following changes by the end of

last year?

1. Access to electricity
2. Access to cable radio
3. Access to cable/satellite TV
4. Access to postal service
5. Access to telephone
6. Access to cell phone signal/service
7. Access to public road
8. Access to railway
9. Access to tap water
10. Access to pipeline gas
11. Establish the first enterprise run by local people
12. Establish the first hospital/clinic/drug store
13. Implement direct election in the community
14. Transition from a village to a residential community
15. Fixing of farm output quotas for each household

F1: (1) "Access to mailing" means that a postman can deliver mail to the community or that a mailbox is available for sending out mail.

(2) "Access to railway" means that there is a train station nearby for transportations of cargos and passengers.

(3) "Access to pipeline gas" means the gas stove at home is connected to a gas pipeline rather than a liquid gas storage tank.

(4) "The first enterprise run by local people" includes any enterprise established by community members, whether collectively or privately owned. However, an enterprise invested in by others from outside the community does not count.

(5) "Fixing of farm output quotas": The "household contract responsibility system" has two forms of contracting: fixing of farm output quotas and work contracted to households. "Fixing of farm output quotas" refers to the contract based on households at the premise of public ownership of the means of production such as land. The households will be responsible for the work, production and cost. The households should complete a certain productive task within a limited budget according to the contract. If the production target in the contract is reached, the households will be rewarded; if not, they will be punished.

E102 In which year "**** (choice of E101)"? _____ year

E103 "**** (Choice of E101)" happened before or after 1978?

1. Before 1978
5. After 1978

E2 Is your village/residential community a tourist destination (including the reception of tourists)?

1. Yes
5. No

E3 Is there any highly polluting enterprise, such as a chemical plant, a metallurgical refinery or a paper mill within a 5-kilometer radius centered at your village/residential committee office?

1. Yes
5. No

E4 When was the latest election of your village/residential community committee? _____ year

E401 The percentage of eligible voters who voted in the election was _____ %

F1: "The percentage of eligible voters who voted in the election" is the proportion of people who actually voted out of all the people who had the right to vote.

E402 How many candidates ran for the director of your village/residential community committee in the first-round campaign? _____

Part F

F1 The highest price of commercial housing in history in your residential community was _____yuan/square meter

F1: “Commercial housing” refers to a property that is sold or bought in the market with a certificate of housing property. The owner has the right to sell the property at own-set price.

F2 Last month, the highest price of commercial housing in your residential community was _____yuan/square meters.

F3 Last month, the general price of commercial housing in your residential community was _____yuan/square meters.

F1: “General price” is the average price and the price information spread among the local residents.

F4 Was your residential community committee transformed from a village committee during the past three years? 1. Yes 5. No

Part G

G1 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) The distance between your village committee office and the nearest town was _____meters/li (Chinese miles)/kilometers

Interviewer Note: If the village committee was located in a town, record -8.

G101 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) How long did it take to get to the nearest town by a typical means of transportation? ___minutes/hours

Interviewer Note: If the village committee was located in a town, record -8.

F1: “A typical means of transportation” refers to the most common transportation method used by the residents of this village/residential community when they went to the town, for example, on foot, by car, by train, by bicycle and so on.

G2 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) The distance between your village committee office and the county capital (downtown) was: _____meters/li (Chinese miles)/kilometers

Interviewer Note: If the village committee was located in a county capital, record -8.

G201 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) How long did it take to get to the county capital (downtown) by a typical means of transportation? ___minutes/hours

Interviewer Note: If the village committee is located in a county capital (downtown), record -8.

F1: “A typical means of transportation” refers to the most common transportation method used by the residents of this village/residential community when they went to the town, for example, on foot, by car, by train, by bicycle and so on.

G3 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) The distance between your village committee office and the provincial capital: _____meters/li (Chinese miles)/kilometers

Interviewer Note: If the village committee was located in the provincial capital, record -8.

G301 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) How long did it take to get to the provincial capital by a typical means of transportation? ___minutes/hours

Interviewer Note: If the village committee was located in the provincial capital, record -8.

F1: “A typical means of transportation” refers to the most common transportation method used by the residents of this village/residential community when they went to the town, for example, on foot, by car, by train, by bicycle and so on.

G4 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) Did the village belong to a mineral resource district?

1. Yes

5. No

F1: “A mineral resource district” refers to a village producing mineral resources such as coal, iron, and copper and so on.

G5 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) Did your village experience frequent natural disasters?

1. Yes

5. No

F1: “Frequent” means that floods, earthquakes, droughts, tornadoes, or other natural disasters attack the village once every 3-5 years.

G6 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) Were there any of the following types of land in your village?

1. Arable land

2. Mountainous land

3. Forest and/or land of fruit trees

4. Water surface

5. Pasture

F1: “Water surface” refers to rivers, lakes, ponds and weirs.

G601 (In the year when your village was transformed into a residential community) The area of “**** (choice of G6)” per capita in your village was _____mu/person.

F1: “area per capita” refers to the average area of a certain type of land per person among those whose hukou were registered to the village.

Part H

[CAPI] If F4=1, in Part H, replace the “last year” in all the following questions with “in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community”.

H1 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, the proportion of actual agricultural labor force among the total labor force in your village was _____%

F1: (1) “Actual agricultural labor force” refers to those who spent more than half of their work time farming or whose main work is farming.

(2) “Total labor force” refers to the entire population who are 16 years old or above and have the ability to work.

H101 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, among the agricultural labor force, the proportion of women was _____%

Interviewer Note: the denominator here is the total agricultural labor force.

F1: “Agriculture labor force” refers to those who spent more than half of their work time in farming or those whose main work is farming.

H2 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, the proportion of the labor force working outside of the village was _____%.

H201 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, among the labor force working outside of the village, the proportion of women was _____%.

Interviewer Note: the denominator is the total number of labor force members working outside of the village.

H3 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, the agricultural GDP of your village was _____ten thousand yuan per year.

F1: “Agricultural GDP” refers to the market value of all the products from farming, forestry and fishing.

H4 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, the non-agricultural GDP of your village was _____ten thousand yuan per year.

F1: “Non-agricultural GDP” refers to the market value of all the products from all types of industries and businesses other than farming, forestry and fishing.

H5 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, the net income per capita in your village was _____yuan/year.

H6 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, the price of a casual labor (such as housing construction) in your village was _____yuan/day.

[CAPI] If F4=1, skip H7

H7 Last month, the price of a casual labor (such as housing construction) in your village was _____yuan/day.

H8 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, in your village, was there any surname shared by over 10% of all the households?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to J1]

[CAPI] If H8=1, continue to ask H801, H802; otherwise skip to J1

H801 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, how many surnames accounted for over 10% of all the households? _____

H802 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, what was the percentage of households using the most common surname in the village? _____%

Part J

[CAPI] If F4=1, in part J, replace the “last year” in all the following questions with “in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community”.

[CAPI] If A3=4, continue. Otherwise, skip to J3.

J1 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, the biggest medical center/clinic in your village had an area of _____square meters.

Interviewer Note: If there was no medical center/clinic last year/medical station, record “-8 (not applicable)”.

F1: “Medical center/clinic” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. However, specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

J2 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, how many medical professionals were there in your village? _____

F1: Medical professionals refer to health workers, including doctors, nurses, pharmacists, and “barefoot doctors”.

J3 When did your village start to establish the new rural cooperative medical system? _____year

Interviewer Note: In the case of transformation from a village community into a residential community, if the new rural cooperative medical system was not initiated before the transformation, record “-8 (not applicable)”.

J4 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, how many people enrolled in the new rural cooperative medical system? _____

J5 This year or in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, how many births does/did the family planning policy in your village allow a couple to have? _____births

J6 This year or in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, how many

births at most is/was a couple allowed to have if they do/did not have a son? _____ births

J7 This year or in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, what is the minimum penalty for excessive births? _____ten thousand yuan

Interviewer Note: If the penalty is less than 0.1 ten thousand yuan (1000 yuan), record 0.1. Record 0 if no penalty at all.

Part K

[CAPI] If F4=1, in part K, replace the “last year” in all the following questions with “in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community”.

K1 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, was there any collective enterprise in your village?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to K2]

F1: “Collective enterprise” refers to an enterprise owned by the village/residential community and managed by the community collectively or contracted to individual members.

K101 The production value of the collective enterprises last year was _____ten thousand yuan.

F1: “Production value” means the market value of all the products produced by the collective enterprises.

K2 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, the total fiscal revenue of your village was _____ten thousand yuan.

K201 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ten thousand yuan came from the villagers out of the total fiscal revenue of your village.

K202 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ten thousand yuan came from the profits of your village’s collective economy out of its total fiscal revenue.

K203 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ten thousand yuan came from land/housing rental out of the total fiscal revenue of your village.

K204 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ten thousand yuan came from the subsidy or fiscal return from the superior government out of the total fiscal revenue of your village.

K205 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, except those mentioned above, _____ten thousand yuan came from other sources among the total fiscal revenue of your village.

K3 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, the total fiscal expenditure of your village was _____ten thousand yuan.

K301 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ten thousand yuan was spent on administration out of the total fiscal expenditure of your village.

K302 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ten thousand yuan was distributed to villagers out of the total fiscal expenditure of your village.

K303 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ ten thousand yuan was spent on public services (e.g. roads, water, electricity, gas, sewerage etc.) out of the total fiscal expenditure of your village.

K304 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ ten thousand yuan was invested in education (e.g. schools) out of the total fiscal expenditure of your village.

K305 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ ten thousand yuan was spent on productive investment (e.g. agricultural and irrigation projects) out of the total fiscal expenditure of your village.

K306 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ ten thousand yuan was invested in the collective economy out of the total fiscal expenditure of your village.

K307 Last year/in the year when your village was transformed into a residential community, _____ ten thousand yuan was spent on other things out of the total fiscal expenditure of your village.

Part Y

Y1 Interviewer records the sex of the respondent 1. Male 5. Female

Y2 Your political status is:

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Member of the Communist Party of China | 2. Member of a democratic Party |
| 3. Personage without party affiliation | |
| 4. Member of the Communist Youth League | 5. The masses (<i>qunzhong</i>) |

F1: “Personage without party affiliation” refers to a person who is not a member of any political party but has social influence. This term mainly refers to intellectuals. Other people who do not participate in any party are called “the masses”.

Y3 The level of your education is: [List of [levels of education](#)]

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Illiterate/Semi-literate | 2. Primary school | 3. Middle school |
| 4. High school | 5. 2- or 3-year college | |
| 6. 4-year college/Bachelor’s degree | 7. Master’s degree | 8. Doctoral degree |

Y4 Your date of birth is _____(YYYY/MM/DD)

[CAPI] If A1=1, skip to Y9. Otherwise, continue.

Y5 The director of the village/residential community committee is 1. Male 5. Female

Y6 The date of birth of the director of the village/residential community committee is _____ (YYYY/MM/DD)

Y7 The level of the director’s education is: [List of [levels of education](#)]

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Illiterate/Semi-literate | 2. Primary school | 3. Middle school |
| 4. High school | 5. 2- or 3-year college | |
| 6. 4-year college/Bachelor’s degree | 7. Master’s degree | 8. Doctoral degree |

Y8 The director’s political status is:

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Member of the Communist Party | 3. Member of a democratic Party | 5. Personage without |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|

party affiliation 7. Other [please specify] _____

F1: “Personage without party affiliation” is a person who is not a member of any political party but has social influence. This term mainly refers to intellectuals. Other people who do not participate in any party are called “the masses”.

Y9 Other than the main respondent, the interviewer records the three most important persons interviewed.

Interviewer Note: (1) You may record the information according to the actual situation without needing to fill in all three additional respondents.

(2) If there is no other respondent, record “-8” at the name 1

1. Name _____ 2. Name _____ 3. Name _____

Y901 “Y9 name” holds the following position in this community:

1. Director 2. Accountant 3. Secretary 4. Committee member/Community cadre
77. Other [Please specify] _____

Part Z

Interviewer Note: Complete the following questions through observation without interviewing the respondent.

Z1 Economic condition of the village/residential community:

Very poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very rich

Z2 Cleanliness of the roads in the village/residential community:

Very dirty--1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very clean

Z3 Outlook of the members in the village/residential community:

Very negative--1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very positive

Z4 Socioeconomic homogeneity among the people in the village/residential community;

Very diverse --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very similar

F1: “Homogeneity” means that the social-economic situation varies little among the residents of the community.

Z5 Architectural layout of the village/residential community;

Disorderly --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very tidy

Z6 Spaciousness of the village/residential community;

Crowded --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Spacious

Z7 Type of village/residential community

Interviewer Note: distinguish between town and suburb.

1. City [Skip to Z701] 2. Town [Skip to Z702] 3. Rural village [Skip to Z703]
4. Suburb [Skip to Z901]

F1: (1) “City” usually refers to the densely populated area of a designated city, such as the downtown of a county- or prefect-level city.

(2) “Town” usually refers to the area where the government of a designated county or township is located.

(3) “Rural village” usually refers to an area populated by people who mainly participate in agricultural work and is structured in the form of a village.

(4) “Suburb” usually refers to the periphery of a city with high population density that is part of a designated city in terms of administration.

Z701 Which best describes the type of this village/residential community?

1. Shantytown
2. Old urban neighborhood without renewal (Neighborhood Community)
3. Residential area of the work unit of an industrial/mining enterprise
4. Residential area of the work unit of a government/public institution
5. Economical housing community
6. Ordinary commercial housing community
7. Community of price- and size-controlled housing
8. High-quality and high-class commercial housing/ villa area
9. Urban residential area newly transformed from village
10. Migrant community
77. Other____[please specify]

F1: (1) “Old urban neighborhood without renewal (Neighborhood Community)” refers to a historical area that preserves the original residential structure.

(2) “Economical housing community” refers to a community where economical houses are sold.

(3) “Community of price- and size-controlled housing” refers to a community where price- and size-controlled houses are sold.

(4) “Urban residential area newly transformed from village” refers to a village that has been transformed into an urban community through urbanization.

(5) “Migrant community” refers to a community designated for immigrants to settle down in, such as a community for reservoir region immigration, poverty immigration or mountainous area immigration.

[CAPI] Skip to Z901 after answering Z701.

Z702 Which best describes the type of this village/residential community?

1. Downtown business district
2. Residential district
3. Old industrial district
4. Newly developed district on the periphery of the city/township
5. Agricultural area on the periphery of the city/township
77. Other____[please specify]

[CAPI] Skip to Z901 after answering Z702.

Z703 Which best describes the type of this village/residential community?

1. Hill
2. Mountainous area
3. Plateau
4. Plain
5. Prairie
6. Fishing village
77. Other____[Please specify]

F1: “Mountainous area” refers to mountainous region with an altitude of 600m or above.

Z901 Respondent’s comprehension ability:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z902 Respondent's health status:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z903 Neatness/cleanliness of respondent's clothing:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z904 Respondent's appearance:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z905 Respondent's Mandarin fluency:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z906 Respondent's level of cooperation during the interview:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z907 Respondent's intelligence:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very High

Z908 Respondent's courteousness:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z909 Respondent's interest in the interview:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very High

Z910 Respondent's suspicion of the interview:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very High

Z911 Reliability of respondent's response:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very High

Z912 Respondent's language ability with respect to self-expression:

Very Weak --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Strong

CFPS Screening Questionnaire

SCR1 Is this residential housing or commercial and residential dual housing?

1. Yes [Continue] 5. No [Skip to “Result 1”]

SCR101 How many households are living at this address? _____

[CAPI]For each household, ask SCR2-SCR702;

SCR2 Do you live alone?

1. Yes [Continue to SCR201] 5. No [Skip to SCR204]

SCR201 Do you have any other family members?

1. Yes [Continue to SCR202] 5. No [Skip to SCR301]

SCR202 Do you and these family members belong to same family economically?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to SCR301]

SCR203 Do you have only one family member besides yourself?

Interviewer Note: If respondent has more than one family member and they live in different places, record “1. Yes”.

1. Yes [Skip to SCR301] 5. No [Skip to the next household/ or “Result 1”]

SCR204 Are the people you are living with your family members?

1. Yes [Continue to SCR3] 5. No [Skip to SCR201]

F1: A household refers to an economically independent family unit, consisting of members such as married couples, parents and children, and siblings. A single person, who is totally economically independent from his/her relatives such as parents, grandparents, siblings, children, and grandchildren, is also considered as a family household.

SCR3 Is anyone’s nationality in your family Chinese (excluding Hong Kong, Macao, and Taiwan) ?

1. Yes [Skip to SCR4] 5. No [Ask the next household / Skip to “Result 2”]

SCR301 Is your nationality Chinese (excluding Hong Kong, Macao, and Taiwan)?

1. Yes [Continue] 5. No [Ask the next household/Skip to “Result 2”]

SCR4 Has the member of your family who moved to this community first lived here for over 6 months to date?

1. Yes [Continue] 5. No [Ask the next household/Skip to “Result 3”]

SCR5 The name of your household head is:_____.

SCR6 Does your family have another residence in this village/community besides this one?

Interviewer Notice: (1) Regardless of housing ownership, a dwelling counts as a residence so long as the family has the right of residence. Rented houses count.

(2) Houses rented to others do not count.

1. Yes [Continue]

5. No [Skip to SCR7]

SCR601 How many other homes does your family have for their own residence (not for renting out) in this village/community besides this one? _____

SCR602 Among these residences, how many have you lived in for 3 months or more last year? _____

Interviewer Notice: Include 3 months.

SCR7 Does your family have another residence for living in (not for renting out) in China besides the one(s) in this village/community?

1. Yes [Continue]
“Preliminary”]

5. No [Ask the next household/ Skip to

SCR701 How many other residences does your family have in China besides the one(s) in this village/community? _____

SCR702 Among these residences, how many have you lived in for 6 months or more? _____

Interviewer Notice: Include 6 months.

[Ending 1] Thanks for your cooperation, but we need to interview family households in this survey. We may wish to interview you in the future. Thank you!

[Result 2] Thanks for your cooperation, but we need to interview people with Chinese mainland household registration in this survey. We may wish to interview you in the future. Thank you!

[Result 3] Thanks for your cooperation, but we need to interview people who have lived in this community for at least half a year. We may wish to interview you in the future. Thank you!

[Preliminary] You are one of our sampled family households. We will ask you some questions from a questionnaire to learn about your family. Many thanks for your understanding and support!

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China Family Panel Studies

Family Questionnaire (Part 1)

CONFIDENTIALITY: In accordance with Article 14 of Chapter III of the *Statistics Law*, “[S]ingle item investigation data concerning any individual or his/her family shall not be divulged without the consent of the said person.”

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Introduction to the China Family Panel Studies

The China Family Panel Studies (CFPS) is designed to collect data on the same individuals, families, and communities over multiple time periods from a nationally-representative sample in order to capture social development and changes in China, and to provide valid information sources for the society, systematic and scientific data for academic research, and scientific evidence for government policy decisions.

In order to obtain accurate data, please answer the interview questions based upon your actual situation. We apologize for any inconvenience this may cause to your life and work. We appreciate your understanding and support of our work.

In accordance with Article 14 of Chapter 3 of the *Statistics Law of the People's Republic of China*, any information you provide will be kept confidential without your consent. Any information published in scientific research, policy analysis, and opinion review is aggregated from a large number of questionnaires, rather than specific to you, your family, or your community, and thus your personal information will not be disclosed.

This is the first round of the panel survey carried out by Peking University. All the interviewers and supervisors have received strict professional training. They have adequate knowledge about the relevant content in the *Statistics Law of the People's Republic of China*, and will abide by the law.

All the interviewers and supervisors wear standard identifications issued by Peking University. If you have any doubt about an interviewer's identity, you are welcome to call 010-62757908 at any time for verification.

We are very grateful for your support and help!

Peking University

March, 2010

1. Co-Resident Family Members (Table T1)

Person code								
101								
102								

301								
302								

F1: (1) Members coded as “1**” are those related through blood/marriage/adoption, including parents-in-law/stepparents/nephews/nieces/grandchildren, etc. They should also be listed in Table T2 and may be interviewed with individual questionnaires.

(2) Members coded as “3**” are those not related through blood/marriage/adoption, such as housekeepers, drivers, day laborers, or other short-term temporary residents. They should not be listed in Table T2, and will not be interviewed individually.

Confirm the respondent who reported the family member roster:

A1 Do you live together with the other members of this family?

1. Yes [Skip to A2] 5. No [Continue on]

F1: “Live together” means that family and non-family members are economically related, including blood/relative relationship members and non- relative members, such as housekeepers, drivers or distant relatives who work as housekeepers.

A101 Is your family a single-person family?

1. Yes [Skip to A201] 5. No [Choose another member to interview]

F1: “Single-person family” means a family unit with only one person.

[CAPI] If A101= 5, go back to A1.

A2 Do you have a blood/marital/adoptive relationship with anyone in this family?

1. Yes [Continue] 5. No [Choose another member to interview]

[CAPI] If A2= 5, go back to A1.

A201 Your name is _____

[CAPI] If A101=1, skip to B1.

A3 How many people besides yourself are currently living together in this family? _____

Interviewer Note: People of the following 7 types who are economically connected to the family should be counted as “living together in this house”. Check with the respondent to make sure these people are counted.

1. Study away from hometown
2. Out-migration for work/Work away from hometown
3. Monk
4. Visit friends/relatives
5. In prison
6. Military service
7. Abroad (Including Hong Kong, Macao, and Taiwan)

F1: "Live together" means that family and non-family members are economically related, including blood/relative relationship members and non-relative members, such as housekeepers, drivers or distant relatives who work as housekeepers.

A4 How many people besides yourself living together in this family **have lineal blood**/marriage/adoptive relationships with you? _____

Interviewer Note: this question is judged by the actual situation and does not require asking the respondent.

F1: "Lineal relationships" should include the following:

- 1) Students studying away from hometown
- 2) Children in active military service
- 3) Economically connected family members who migrate for work

A401 List the names of the people who live together in the family and also **have lineal blood**/marriage/adoptive relationships with you and your family members:

_____, _____, _____

A5 How many of the family members are **non-lineal/collateral relatives**? _____

Interviewer Note: this question is judged by the actual situation and does not require asking the respondent.

F1: "Non-lineal/collateral relatives" means parents-in-law/grandparents-in-law/nephews/nieces/cousins, etc. The adopted children are lineal relatives.

A501 Among those "Number in A5" **who have** blood/marriage/adoptive relationships with you and your family members, but are **non-lineal/collateral relatives**, how many have been living in your family for 3 months or more? _____

F1: "Non-lineal/collateral relatives" means parents-in-law/grandparents-in-law/nephews/nieces/cousins, etc. The adopted children are lineal relatives.

A502 What are the names of these people who live together in your family, have blood/marriage/adoptive relationships with you and your family members, but are **non-lineal/collateral relatives**?

_____, _____, _____

A6 Among the people living together in your family, how many of them **do not** have blood/marriage/adoptive relationships with you and your family members? _____

Interviewer Note: this question is judged by the actual situation and does not require asking the respondent.

A601 Among those "Numbers of A6" **who do not have** blood/marriage/adoptive relationships but are

living together in this family, how many have been living here for at least 6 months? _____

A602 What are their names? _____

B1 Date of birth of “family member’s name”? _____ year _____ month _____ day; Chinese Zodiac _____;
Age _____

Interviewer Note: (1) Use YYYY/MM/DD format.

(2) If either the month or the day of birth is unknown, enter “CTRL-D”.

(3) If none of the year, month, and day of birth, but age is known, enter “CTRL-D” and record age and Chinese Zodiac.

B2 “Family member’s” sex:

1. Male 5. Female

B3 “Family member’s” marital status: [List of [marital status](#)] [[Show card](#)]

1. Never married 2. Married 3. Cohabitation
4. Divorced 5. Widowed

B4 “Family member’s” highest level of education completed [List of [levels of education](#)]

Interviewer Note: If the respondent has not completed primary school, record “1. Illiterate/Semi-literate”.

1. Illiterate/Semi-literate 2. Primary school 3. Middle school
4. High school 5. 2- or 3-year college 6. 4-year college/Bachelor’s degree
7. Master’s degree 8. Doctoral degree

B5 “Family member’s” primary occupation _____

Interviewer’s Note: (1) If more than one occupation, record the one that takes the most of the time.

(2) If unemployed, record “-8 Not applicable”

(3) Record detailed information on occupation, such as department, job responsibility, position, and title.

Examples:

Chinese language teacher and grade leader of ××Primary School

Accountant of ××Company

Director of xx workshop at ××Factory

Nurse from xx hospital in ××County

Farmer who grows rice in the local village

B501 Does the “family member” holds an administrative/management position?

1. Yes 5. No [[Skip to B6](#)]

B502 What is “family member’s” administrative/management position? _____

Interviewer’s Note: Record the position in details.

B6 Is “family member” currently living in this family?

Interviewer Note: Short-term absences (will be back in 3 months and live in the family in the long term) should be treated as living in this family.

1. Yes [Skip to next family member] 5. No [Continue]

B601 Why is the “family member” currently not living here?

Interviewer Note: If studying abroad, record 7.

1. Study away from hometown 2. Out-migration for work/Work away from hometown
 3. Monk
 4. Visit friends/relatives 5. In prison 6. Military service
 7. Abroad (Including Hong Kong, Macao, and Taiwan)

B602 What is “family member’s” contact address?

Province: _____
 County (District) _____
 Street (Village/Town) _) _____
 Household (Village/Group) _) _____
 House Number _____
 Post Code | | | | | |

B603 What is “family member’s” contact information?

Home Phone _____
 Work Phone _____
 Mobile phone _____
 Email _____

B604 How long has “family member” been away from home? _____ months

B7 Who is the head of the household? [Single choice] _____

2. Relationship table for the lineal family members who live together(Table T2)

Person Code	Name	Father	Mother	Spouse	Child 1	Child 2	Child 3	Child 4	Child 5	Child 6
101										
102										

- C1 Who is “family member’s” father? _____
 C2 Who is “family member’s” mother? _____
 C3 Who is “family member’s” spouse? _____
 C4 Who is “family member’s” child/children? _____

3. Information on the lineal family members who do not live together (Table T3)

Person Code										
201										
202										

D1 Date of birth of “the lineal family member who does not live together” _____year_____month_____day, Chinese Zodiac_____, Age _____

Interviewer Note: (1) Use YYYY/MM/DD format.

(2) If either the month or the day of birth is unknown, enter “CTRL-D.”

(3) If none of the year, month, and day of birth, but age is known, enter “CTRL-D” and record age and Chinese Zodiac.

D2 “the lineal family member who does not live together” sex:

1. Male 5. Female

D3 Is “the lineal family member who does not live together” still alive?

1. Yes [Continue] 5. No [Continue to next family member not living together]

D4 Marital status of “the lineal family member who does not live together” [List of marital status] [Show card]

1. Never married 2. Married 3. Cohabitation
4. Divorced 5. Widowed

D5 The highest level of education of “the lineal family member who does not live together” [List of [levels of education](#)]

Interviewer Note: If the respondent has not completed primary school, record “1. Illiterate/Semi-literate”.

1. Illiterate/Semi-literate 2. Primary school 3. Middle school
4. High school 5. 2- or 3-year college 6. 4-year college/Bachelor’s degree
7. Master’s degree 8. Doctoral degree

[CAPI] If “family member” is under the age of 16, skip to D7.

D6 Occupation of “the lineal family member who does not live together” _____

Interviewer Note: (1) If more than one occupation, record the one that takes the most time.

(2) If unemployed, record “-8 Not applicable”.

(3) Record detailed information on the occupation, such as department, job responsibility, position, and title.

Examples:

Chinese language teacher and grade leader of ××Primary School

Accountant of ××Company

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China Family Panel Studies

Family Questionnaire (Part 2)

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Part A

A1 How far is it from your house (permanent residence) to the nearest bus stop? _____ meters/li (Chinese miles)/kilometers

Interviewer Note: If there is no bus, record -8.

F1: “How far” refers to the distance of the nearest path you choose to get to the bus stop, rather than the direct (Euclidean) distance.

A2 Waiting time for the bus is, on average, _____ minutes.

F1: “Waiting time for the bus” refers to the time duration between when you arrive at the bus stop and when you get on the bus. There may be variations in the waiting time for different buses at different periods of the day. Ask the average time here.

[CAPI] Skip to A4 after answering A2.

A3 Long-distance bus service is:

1. Daily [Continue to A301] 5. Every few days [Skip to A302]

A301 How many long-distance buses are there per day? _____

A302 How many days is there a long-distance bus? _____

F1: “Long-distance bus” refers to the commuting bus for passenger transportation between a city and a village. There are only a few buses each day or only one bus for several days.

A4 Distance between your house and the nearest hospital/medical center: _____ meters/li (Chinese miles)/kilometers.

F1: (1) “Distance” refers to the distance of the nearest path by which you choose to get to the bus stop, rather than the direct (Euclidean) distance.

(2) “Hospital/medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

A5 How long does it take to get to the nearest hospital/medical center by the fastest means of transportation? _____ minutes/hours

Interviewer Note: Ask the time spent by taking the fastest means of transportation.

F1: (1) “The fastest means of transportation” means the fastest daily means of transportation you take, rather than the fastest among all possible means: if the family has no car, then the time should not be calculated based on the use of a car or the traffic condition.

(2) “Hospital/medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

A6 Distance between your house and the nearest high school: _____ meters/li (Chinese miles)/kilometers

F1: “Distance” refers to the distance of the nearest path by which you choose to get to the bus stop, rather than the direct (Euclidean) distance.

A7 How long does it take to travel from your house to the business center of the nearest city (town) by using the daily means of transportation: _____minutes/hours.

Interviewer Note: Ask the time spent taking the most frequently used means of transportation.

F1: (In general term): “Business center of the nearest city (town)” refers to a “town” in a rural area and a “city” in an urban area. It refers to the busiest and most flourishing commercial place near the household. If there are more than two such places, record the more frequently visited one.

F1: (1) “Business center of a city” refers to a central business district in a city where business is highly concentrated, and commercial services are well established and served to customers both within and beyond the local area. The business street is typically of 800 meters or longer, or the business and commercial activities are concentrated in an area of 25 hectares or larger.

(2) “Business center of a town” refers to a commercial center in an rural area where business is highly concentrated, and commercial services are well established and served to customers both within and beyond the local area. The business street is typically 500 meters or longer, or the business and commercial activities are concentrated in an area 25 hectares or larger.

Part B

B1 What kind of water does your family normally use for cooking?

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. River/Lake water | 2. Well/Spring water | 3. Tap water |
| 4. Mineral/Purified/Filtered water | 5. Rainwater | 6. Cellar water |
| 7. Pond water | 77. Other _____ [Please specify] | |

F1: (1) “Water used for cooking” refers to tap water in cities and “clean” water in villages, for example. If the water source is “tap water” (also known as “pipe water”), then do not probe its source.

(2) “Cellar water” refers to water stored in a cellar in areas that are short of water. A cellar is a container in a pot shape (jar or bottle shaped, etc.) built underground to store rain.

(3) If there have been changes in the water source, ask what the most frequently used kind of water was in the last 3 months.

B2 What kind of fuel does your family normally use for cooking?

Interviewer Note: if two or more kinds of fuel are used, record the one used for stir-frying.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Firewood/Straw | 2. Coal | 3. Gas/Liquid/Natural gas | 4. Solar energy |
| 5. Methane | 6. Electricity | 7. Other [Please specify] _____ | |

F1: Refers to the kind of fuel most frequently used in the last 3 months.

B3 What is the electricity condition at your home? [Select only one response]

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. No electricity [Skip to B5] | 2. Frequent power outage | 3. Occasional power outage |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|

4. Almost no power outage at all

F1: “Electricity condition” refers to whether the family has electricity supplied by an electrical network. To examine whether the household is connected to the electrical network, the interviewer can look around to see if there are lamps in the house.

B301 Estimate the average electricity consumption per month last year: _____ kilowatt hours

B4 Did your family use electricity for production or business last year?

1. Yes

5.No

F1: (In general term): “Electricity for production or business” refers to electricity not used for family lighting or domestic appliances. Any electricity usage related to production is “electricity for production or business”. Record “1” even if the household runs a small grocery store at home which cannot be separated from the living space, indicating that electricity is used for production or business.

F1: There are many kinds of electricity usage in China. For example: electricity for residents’ living, business, farming, production (including electricity for highly-energy consuming industries, low-energy consuming industries, township, and village enterprises), administration and public institution, and so on. Here we want to investigate the electricity used for production, which is electricity used for enterprises, including family workshops.

B5 What kind of restroom/toilet facilities does your family have? **[Show card]**

1. Indoor flush toilet

2. Outdoor private flush toilet

3. Outdoor public flush toilet

4. Indoor non-flush toilet

5. Outdoor private non-flush toilet

6. Outdoor public non-flush toilet

7. Other [please specify] _____

F1 (In general term): (1) “Restroom” refers to a toilet or a washing room equipped with a toilet.

(2) If there are several toilets, “restroom” here refers to the most frequently used one.

(3) If two households share a toilet with lock, and each of the two families has a key, then it is treated as a private toilet.

F1 (In technical term): “Restroom” refers to the space equipped with excrement container, bathing facilities or reserved bathing space. The function of a rest room includes bathing, excreting, washing face, making up, and washing other things. The space is called a toilet if it is only used for excreting. Here the restroom includes a toilet.

B501 How far is the toilet from the nearest source of drinking water? _____ meters

F1: “Source of drinking water” refers to the main water source for daily family use such as cooking and drinking.

B6 Where do you dump your trash?

1. Public dustbin/Garbage can

2. Brooks nearby

3. Around the house

4.

Pits

5. Anywhere in the open area

6. In the trash area of the building

7. Someone comes to collect it

77. Other _____ [Please specify]

F1: “Dump” means pouring out directly, referring to where to throw the family trash outside -- for example, throwing the domestic waste into the river near the house. If the family use a trash bag to collect the garbage and then throw it onto the open space by the side of the road, record “5”.

B7 Does your family hire a housekeeper or an hourly laborer?

1. Housekeeper 2. Hourly laborer 5. Both 78. Neither [Skip to C1]

F1 (In general term): (1) “Hourly laborer” refers to a worker paid by the hour, for example, a person who cooks or does cleaning work for the interviewed household. The worker usually leaves after finishing the work and does not live in the interviewed household.

(2) “Housekeeper” is usually a worker paid by the month who does somewhat different work compared to an hourly worker. The housekeeper usually lives in the employer’s household.

(3) A short-time employed laborer such as a person who assists in harvesting during the busy farming time is also treated as an hourly laborer.

F1 (In technical term): “Hourly laborer” refers to a part-time employee who is of legal working age and works for an employer for less than a total of 5 hours and is paid by the hour.

B701 How many housekeepers did your family hire last month? _____

B702 What was the total wage you paid your housekeeper(s) last month? _____

F1: “Total wage” refers to the money or monetary expression of the material substance paid to the housekeepers as their labor rewards.

B703 Beside the wage, how much in other expenses did you pay the housekeeper last month? _____

B704 What is the longest working time a housekeeper ever worked for your family? _____

Interviewer Note: A duration of less than one month is recorded as one month.

B705 Where is this longest-working housekeeper from? _____ Province _____ City/County

F1: “Where” here means the housekeeper’s residential address.

B706 Last month, what was the average total time per week that all hourly laborer(s) worked? _____ hours

Interviewer Note: (1) If the average work time per week was less than 1 hour for all hourly laborers, record 1 hour.

(2) If more than one hourly laborer was hired, “total time” refers to the summed work hours across all laborers.

B707 Last month, what was the average reward per hour paid to the hourly laborer(s)? _____

Interviewer Note: If more than one hourly laborer was employed, “average reward per hour” refers to the total monthly payment for hourly laborers divided by the total number of work hours of all the laborers.

Part C

C1 During this Spring Festival, how many relative families visited your family? _____

Interviewer Note: All visitors, regardless of giving gifts or not, are counted as long as they paid a visit in person.

F1: (1) “This Spring Festival” refers to the Spring Festival that passed at the beginning of this year. Generally, January 1st in the Chinese lunar calendar is the “Spring Festival”. The duration of Spring Festival, however, refers to the period from the last mid-December to mid-January of the current lunar calendar. More specifically, the duration refers to the time period from the Small New Year Day (December 23th or 24th) to January 15th in the lunar calendar.

(2) “Relatives” refers to blood relations except for lineal descent relatives, such as aunts and uncles.

(3) “Visit” means relatives come to your house to meet in person.

(4) It also counts if you went back to your parents’ house in your hometown and your relatives visited your parents.

C2 During this Spring Festival, how many friends visited you? _____

Interviewer Note: All visitors, regardless of giving gifts or not, are counted as long as they paid a visit in person.

F1: (1) “This Spring Festival” refers to the Spring Festival that passed at the beginning of this year. Generally, January 1st in the Chinese lunar calendar is the “Spring Festival”. The duration of Spring Festival, however, refers to the period from the last mid-December to mid-January of the current lunar calendar. More specifically, the duration refers to the time period from the Small New Year Day (December 23th or 24th) to January 15th in the lunar calendar.

(2) “Friends” refers to friends of any kind.

(3) Gatherings at restaurants are not counted.

C3 How many allotments of gifts/cash gifts did your family give out last year? _____ allotments

F1: (1) “Gifts” refer to material substances such as cigarettes, alcohol, tea, desserts, fruits, gold or silver jewelries, and so on.

(2) “Cash gifts” refers to cash and securities. Money given to children as the Spring Festival gift is also counted.

C301 What was the total value of the gifts/cash gifts given out last year? _____ yuan

F1: Estimate the value according to the market price at the time of giving out.

C4 Is there a genealogy of your family?

1. Yes

5. No

F1 (In general term): (1) “Family” refers to the relationships among families with the same surname and tied together through blood relationships.

(2) “Genealogy” is a name list or family tree showing the relationships among family members and ancestors.

F1 (In technical term): (1) “Family” is a population group composed of family units according to the blood relationships of the male members. It is a patriarchal system consisting of smaller families that have relatively close blood and economic relationships but do not live together or share foods and wealth.

(2) “Genealogy” (*zupu*) is also called *zongpu*, *jiachuan*, *fangpu*, *jiacheng*, *pudie*, *puxi* and so on in Chinese. It is a biographic record of the migration and development of the

family history and the figures of the family. A complete genealogy consists of the name of the genealogy, preface, explanatory notes, origin of the surname, genealogy investigation, genealogy chart, biography, ancestral temple, tomb, rules and standards, the bestowal from the emperor or the royal court, pictures of the ancestors, literature of the family members, name of the editor, and the code number of each genealogy.

C5 Last year, did your family participate in ancestor worship/tomb-sweeping activities?

1. Yes 5. No

F1: "Ancestor worship/tomb-sweeping" is a practice of ancestor memorial ceremony.

F1: Since the traditions differ across regions, ancestor worship/tomb-sweeping activities differ in the form. Some visit the ancestors' tombs and others go to the ancestral temple. Some put the memorial tablets in proper order in the main hall at home, display sacrificial offerings, and then worship the ancestors in order of seniority. During the worship ceremony among Han people, they usually cook fish, meat and other dishes in bowls showing a luxurious life. Around the Qingming Festival, descendants go to repair the tomb, known as tomb-sweeping.

C6 Last month, did your family have any of the following contacts with your neighbors? [Select all that apply]

1. Entertainment/dine together 2. Give food or gifts 3. Help each other
4. Pay a visit 5. Chat 77. Other [specify] _____
78. None of these [Skip to C7]

F1: "Entertainment" includes playing Mahjong or cards, reading newspapers, listening to radio, watching TV and so on.

"Chat" means just talking without any other activity. It only includes face-to-face chatting, whereas chatting on the Internet or over the phone does not count.

C601 Last month, how often did your family "choice of C6" with your neighbor?

1. Almost every day 2. 2-3 times a week 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Once a month

C7 Last month, did your family have any of the following contacts with your friends and relatives? [Select all that apply]

1. Entertainment/dine together 2. Give food or gifts 3. Help each other
4. Pay a visit 5. Chat 77. Other [specify] _____
78. None of these [Skip to D7]

F1: "Entertainment" includes playing Mahjong or cards, reading newspapers, listening to the radio, watching TV and so on.

"Chat" means just talking without any other activity. It only includes face-to-face chatting, whereas chatting on the Internet or over the phone does not count.

C701 Last month, how often did your family "choice of C7" with your neighbor and relatives?

1. Almost every day 2. 2-3 times a week 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Once a month

Part D

D1 The house in which your family is currently living is: [Show card; select only one response]:

1. Property right solely owned by the family [Continue to D101]
2. Joint property right with *danwei* (work unit) [Skip to D110]
3. Rented [Skip to D120]
4. Provided by the government for free [Skip to D2]
5. Provided by *danwei* for free [Skip to D2]
6. Provided by parents/children [Skip to D2]
7. Borrowed from friends or relatives [Skip to D2]
77. Other [Please specify] _____ [Skip to D2]

F1: (1) “Property right solely owned by the family” refers to the situation that the family has “the House Proprietary Certificate, Land Certificate, and the Contract Tax Payment Certificate”. For rural families, self-built houses are treated as “property right solely owned by the family”.

(2) “Joint property right with *danwei*” refers to the situation that the residents paid for part of the property rights and the *danwei* paid the rest. If the residents do not have a Land Certificate, it means that they have “Joint property right with *danwei*”. Most of these houses are in the process of reform and the *danwei* reserves the Land Certificate, meaning “Joint property right”.

D101 Who is the registered owner of the house? Family member names [Use codes from T2]

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____

Interviewer Note: If there is more than one registered owner, record according to the order on the “House Proprietary Certificate”.

D102 Did you build the house yourself, or buy it?

1. Built [Continue to D103]
5. Bought [Skip to D105]

D103 In which year was the house built? _____

D104 Construction cost (including decoration cost) at that time: _____ ten thousand yuan.

[CAPI] Skip to D2 after answering D104.

D105 In which year was the house purchased? _____

D106 Total price at that time? _____ ten thousand yuan.

D107 Was it originally owned by *danwei*?

1. Yes
5. No

[CAPI] Skip to D2 after answering D104.

D110 Who is the registered owner of the house? _____

[CAPI] Use codes from T2

D111 In which year was the house purchased? _____

D112 Total price at that time? _____ ten thousand yuan.

[CAPI] Skip to D2 after answering D112.

D120 From whom do you rent the house?

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Government | 2. Real estate agency | 3. <i>Danwei</i> |
| 4. Relative or friend | 5. Private owners | 6. Housing administrative bureau |
| 77. Other [please specify] _____ | | |

D2 The building area of your house is: _____square meters.

F1: "Building area" refers to the area available for residents' living. The method of calculation is different according to the floor, structure and so on, and should be based on the "House Proprietary Certificate".

Self-built houses can be measured using the following formula: Building area of the house = length * width * number of floors. The unit of measurement is the square meter.

D3 In which year did your family move into this house? _____

F1: "Move into" refers to actually living in.

D4 Estimate the current value of your house last month: _____ten thousand yuan.

F1: "Current value" is the total amount received if the house is sold according to the current market price.

D5 If you had rented your house out last month, how much rent could you have received? _____yuan

Interviewer Note: (1) Ask the payment for renting the whole house.

(2) Ask the payment for renting out the house last month rather than right now.

D6 What type is your family's house? [Show card]

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| 1. Apartment in a building | 2. Bungalow | 3. Quadrangle courtyard | 4. Villa |
| 5. Condominium villa | 6. Low-rise house | 77. Other [Please specify] _____ | |

F1: (1) "Apartment in a building" refers to a home in a residential building with one or more units.

(2) "Bungalow" refers to a cottage built with straw, bricks and adobe.

(3) "Quadrangle courtyard" refers to a square-shaped, one-floor house. If a house is square shaped, but there are two or more floors on one or more sides, it is called a "Low-rise house".

(4) "Villa" refers to a one- or multiple-floor independent building bought or built by the urban residents in a villa district.

(5) "Condominium villa" is different from an apartment in a building and a villa. It has an independent entrance and 1-4 floors. The residents have separate houses built in an integral building structure shared with their neighbors.

(6) "Low-rise house" refers to a self-build or purchased building with 2-7 floors for a family's own residence.

D601 How many floors does your apartment building have? _____Floors

Interviewer Note: Basement floor does not count.

D602 On which floor does your family live? _____Floor

Interviewer Note: If the family lives in the basement, use negative numbers: -1 as 1st floor underground, -2 as 2nd floor underground, etc.

D7 Does your family have other houses with the property rights elsewhere?

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Yes [Continue to ask] | 2. No [Skip to D8] |
|--------------------------|--------------------|

F1: “Elsewhere” refers to any location other than this house. The property rights should belong to the family members. The house that currently belongs to the *danwei* but will belong to the family member in several years should be counted.

D701 How many other houses does your family have? _

D702 The total building area of other houses: _____ square meters

F1: “Building area” refers to the area available for residents’ living. The method of calculation is different according to the floor, structure and so on, and should be based on the “House Proprietary Certificate”. Self-built houses can be measured using the following formula: Building area of the house = length * width * numbers of the floor. The unit of measurement is the square meter.

D703 What is the total current value of the houses? _____ ten thousand yuan.

F1: “Current value” is the total amount of value received if the house is sold according to the current market price.

D8 Does your family have any of the following difficulties in housing? [Show card; limited to three responses]

1. Children over age 12 live in the same room with the parents.
2. Family members of three generations live in the same room.
3. Children of different genders over age 12 live in the same room.
4. Beds are laid out at night and folded up during the daytime.
5. Beds are laid out in the living room.
77. Other difficulties [please specify] _____
78. None of the above

Part E

E1 Did anyone in your family leave home to work outside last year?

1. Yes 3. No [Continue to E2] 5. Not married yet last year [Continue to E2]

F1: (1) “Outside” means working in a place that is not where the person’s household is registered or where the household’s permanent address is. In rural areas, it usually refers to working in a different county. In urban areas, it usually refers to working in a different city.

(2) “Work outside” means that people do not migrate permanently to work in a different county from where their families reside, as in the case of rural migrant workers.

[CAPI] If E1=1, skip to the [Work Outside Home Module], otherwise continue to E2.

E2 What type of government subsidy is your family entitled to? [Select all that apply]

1. Poor families receiving the basic living allowances [Continue to E201]
2. Relatives of a military member [Skip to E202]
3. Relatives of a martyr [Skip to E202] 4. Relatives of a disabled person [Skip to E202]
78. None of the above [Skip to E3]

E201 The main reason for your family's poverty is the following:

Interviewer Note: If there is more than one reason, please select the most important one.

1. Lack of labor force 2. Poor natural conditions or natural disasters 3. Disease or injury
4. Laid off/Unemployment 5. Failure in investment 77. Other [please specify]_____

E202 How many subsidies did your family receive from any level of government last year (including material goods and money)?_____yuan

E3 Is your family involved or partly involved in any non-agricultural industry?

1. Yes 5. No [Continue to E4]

[CAPI] If E3=1, skip to the [Non-Agricultural Business Module], otherwise continue to E4

E4 Did your family rent out houses last year?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to E5]

F1: "Rent out" means rent the house to other people and receive a rental payment.

E401 The income from housing rent last year was_____yuan

Interviewer Note: Record the actual income from renting out the house. If the house was rented out for only three months last year, record the rental income from those three months.

E5 Did your family rent out land or other means of production last year?

1. Yes [Continue to E501] 5. No [Skip to E6]

F1: "Means of production" refers to the products used for production and construction, including industrial and agricultural means of production.

E501 The total income from renting out land or other means of production last year was_____yuan.

E6 Did your family rent out other things last year?

1. Yes [Continue to E601] 5. No [Skip to E7]

E601 The income from renting out other things last year was_____yuan.

E7 Did your family sell any property (household items) last year?

Interviewer Note: Agricultural products do not count.

1. Yes [Continue to E701] 5. No [Skip to E8]

Interviewer Note: Don't count agricultural products.

E701 The total income from selling properties was_____yuan.

E8 Has your family ever experienced demolition/relocation?

1. Yes [Continue to E801] 5. No [Skip to E9]

F1: "Demolishment/relocation" means that the development and construction unit demolishes the housing owned by citizens, legal persons or other organizations according to urban planning approved by a certain administrative authority. The citizens, legal persons or other organizations should be compensated and relocated based on the open market price of their housing.

E801 In which year was the house demolished? _____

E802 The relocation compensation was _____yuan.

E9 Has any land owned by your family been requisitioned?

1. Yes [Continue to E901] 2. No [Skip to F1]

F1: “Land requisition” means that in the public interest, the government transfers the land collectively owned by the famers into state-owned land after providing group and individual compensation to the farmers according to the legal authorities and procedures. Land requisition is an important measure to ensure the land provision for constructing public and social welfare facilities.

E901 In which year was the land of your family requisitioned? _____

E902 What was the area of the requisitioned land? _____mu

E903 The compensation for requisitioned land was _____yuan.

Part F

F1 Did your family save money last year?

Interviewer Note: Regardless of whether or not the family had deposits at the end of last year, record “1” as long as the family deposited any money last year.

1. Yes 5. No

F2 The total amount of deposit at the end of last year was _____yuan

Interviewer Note: If there was no deposit, record “0”.

F1 (In general term): “Deposit” refers to money saved in a bank or at other organizations/by individuals that pay interest.

F1 (In technical term): “Deposit” is a credit activity in which banks or other credit institutions receive monetary capital and pay a certain amount of interest to the depositors based upon the property, type, and duration of the deposit. Here the amount of deposit should be a positive number, and do not distinguish different types of deposit when calculating interest. Ask for the total interest of the deposit.

[CAPI] If F2 =“0”, skip to F3, otherwise continue to F201.

F201 Last year, the interest earned from your family’s deposit was _____yuan

F1 (In general term): “Deposit” refers to money saved in a bank or at other organizations/by individuals that pay interest.

F1(In technical term): “Deposit” is a credit activity in which banks or other credit institutions receive monetary capital and pay a certain amount of interest to the depositors based upon the property, type, and duration of the deposit. Here the amount of deposit should be a positive number, and do not distinguish different types of deposit when calculating interest. Ask for the total interest of the deposit.

F3 Did your family have any of the following financial products last year? [Select all that apply]

1. Stocks 3. Capital funds 5. Securities 78. None of these [Skip to F4]

F1 (In general term): “Stocks, capital funds and securities” refer to the portfolios/securities purchased in a domestic or foreign stock market.

F1 (In technical term):(1) “Stock” means a certificate issued by the limited liability company which proves that the stockholder enjoys the benefits and takes responsibility for the stock he or she holds. Stock is closely related to share of the stock. Shares of stock are the content of the stock, and a stock is the manifestation of shares of stock.

(2) “Capital fund” refers to a financial organization established by the investors according to the fixed earning targets based on their conditions. It usually invests in stocks and securities in order to get high profits.

(3) “Security” refers to negotiable securities issued by the government or enterprises in order to receive long-term funds. It also refers to certificates issued to investors, proving a debt relationship when the government, financial organizations, enterprises and other organizations borrow money from the society and promise to pay interest according to interest rates and refund the principal according to the agreement. The nature of security is a certificate of debt that is legally valid. It establishes a debt relationship between the purchaser and the issuer. The issuer owes a debt to the investor.

F301 By the end of last year, the total principal of “choice of F3” was _____yuan.

F1: “Total principal” refers to total amount of investment by the end of last year.

F302 By the end of last year, the market value of “choice of F3” was _____yuan.

F1: “Market value” refers to the value that can be gained according to the current market price if sold.

F4 Did your family have pension/social security/government subsidy as sources of income last year?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to F5]

F401 The total amount of income from pension/social security/government subsidy was _____yuan;

F5 What was “*** (Family member)’s” total earnings last year (including salary, bonus, subsidy, and interest), excluding pension/social security/welfare/government subsidy? _____yuan.

Interviewer Note: (1) Exclude agricultural income. If the respondent engaged in agricultural work only, record “-8”.

(2) For respondents without any income (such as students), record “0”.

[CAPI]If F5 =“CTRL+D”, “CTRL+R”, continue to F501, otherwise interview the next person.

F501 What was the approximate amount of “***Family member’s” earnings last year (including salary, bonus, subsidy, and interest), excluding pension/social security/welfare/government subsidy?

(Approximate)

(2500/5000/7500/12000/18000/27000/40000)/60000/90000/140000/210000/320000/480000 yuan

F502 What was the accurate amount of “***Family member’s” total earnings last year (including bonus, subsidy, and interest), excluding pension/social security/welfare/government subsidy? _____yuan

[CAPI] If all the family members have F5 = “-8”, skip to F7, otherwise, continue to F6.

F6 Last year, what was the approximate amount of your family’s total income (including salary, bonus, subsidy, and interest), excluding pension/social security/welfare/government subsidy? (Approximate)

(2500/5000/7500/12000/18000/27000/40000)/60000/90000/140000/210000/320000/480000 yuan

[CAPI]If F6 is in a closed interval, continue to F601 within the range of the interval.

F601 Last year, what was the accurate amount of your family's total income (including salary, bonus, subsidy, and interest), excluding pension/social security/welfare/government subsidy? _____yuan

F7 Besides the sources of income mentioned above, did your family have any other non-wage or agricultural production income last year?

Interviewer Note: "Sources of income mentioned above" include rental income, demolition compensation, salary, and pension and so on. The "agricultural production income" here refers to the net income from agricultural production.

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to F8]

F701 Last year, what was the amount of the non-wage and agricultural production income? _____yuan

Interviewer Note: It refers to the net income from agricultural production.

F8 What was the approximate amount in cash equivalent to all the monetary /material gifts your family received last year? _____yuan

F1: "Approximate amount in cash equivalent" refers to the amount of money needed to buy the gifts.

Part G

G1 At the end of last year, the total amount of all compensable insurances your family could have received was _____yuan/10,000.

Interviewer Note: "Amount of all compensable insurances" refers to the sum of the highest reimbursements from all the insurances that the family could have received according to the insurance plans, rather than the actual compensation that was reimbursed.

F1: (1) "Insurance compensation" refers to the insurance compensation bought by the family or family members directly or indirectly. The ownership of the insurance compensation belongs to the family or family members.

(2) "Amount of compensable insurance" includes both the part that has already been reimbursed and the remaining part yet to be reimbursed.

G2 At the end of last year, the total amount of all debts owed to you and not yet paid was _____yuan

G3 At the end of last year, the total estimated market value of your family's collections was _____yuan

F1: "Collection" includes calligraphies, paintings, antiques, jades, jewelries and so on.

G4 At the end of last year, the total estimated market value of other assets, excluding the ones mentioned above, of your family was _____yuan/10,000 yuan.

Interviewer Note: "Assets mentioned above" includes real estate, rent, income from selling properties, demolition compensation, deposits, stocks, capital funds, securities, pensions and other government subsidies, wage, cash/material gifts, insurance compensation, unpaid debts owed to the family, collections and so on.

F1: "Other assets" refers to all kinds of properties, resources, creditor's rights and other rights measured in

currency, such as family-owned companies, groceries, cars, electronic appliances, farming machines and so on.

Part H

H1 Among all the goods purchased (such as furniture, electronic appliances, toys, etc.) last year, the most expensive one cost _____ yuan.

Interviewer Note: Neither car nor house is included.

H2 Has your family borrowed money or taken a loan in any of the following ways last year? [Select all that apply]

1. Bank (Including credit union) 3. Relatives/Friends 5. Private loan
77. Other [please specify] _____ 78. None of these [Skip to H3] _____

F1: "Private loan" refers to loans between individuals, between individuals and enterprises, and between enterprises. It does not involve any legal financial organizations. The question here concerns loans from non-financial organizations.

H201 Last year, the loan from "choice of H2" of your family was for _____ yuan

H202 Last year, the loan was used for

1. Building/buying a house 2. Education 3. Buying durable goods
4. Medical care for family members 5. Family's daily expenditures
77. Other [please specify] _____

F1: "Durable goods" refer to products with a unit price above 1000 yuan and a natural service life of 2 years or more.

H203 Last year, the amount of the loan used on "choice of H202" was for _____ yuan

Interviewer Note: The amount of loan used to buy the item.

H3 Now, we would like to learn about your family's daily expenditures last month. (Unit: yuan)

[Show card]

Interviewer Note: If there was no expenditure on the item, record "0".

Types of Daily Family Expenditure	Monthly Expenditure (yuan)
H301 Last month, the expenditure on food F1: "Food" refers to foods purchased by the family, items which are digestible and absorbable through the human digestive system and satisfy human body's physical and nutrient demands. Thus, these items include ordinary foods as well as food additives,	

flavorings, pigments, preservatives, oil, drinks and so on.	
H302 Last month, the expenditure on daily used commodities and necessities F1: “Daily used commodities and necessities” refers to consumer goods such as soap, shampoo, mops, towels and so on.	
H303 Last month, the expenditure on transportation (including expenditures for car maintenance) Interviewer Note: Transportation fees for tourism do not count. F1: “Expenditure on transportation” refers to daily transportation fees, including car maintenance, petrol/gas/electrical fueling costs, and bus ticket fees.	
H304 Last month, the expenditure on communication F1: “Expenditure on communication” refers to service fees for using telephones, mobile phones, the Internet and postal mail.	
H305 Last month, the expenditure on family member support F1: “Expenditure on family member support” refers only to costs associated with supporting the elderly, such as living expenses and the cost of nursing homecare.	
H306 Last month, the expenditure on the home mortgage	
H307 Last month, the expenditure on the car mortgage	
H308 Last month, the expenditure on other mortgages	
H309 Last month, the expenditure on renting a house (not including mortgages)	

H4 Now, we would like to learn about your family’s special expenditures last year. (Unit: yuan)

[Show card]

Interviewer Note: If there are no expenditures corresponding to the options, record “0”.

Types of Family Expenditure	Total amount of the expenditure last year (yuan)
H401 Last year, the expenditure on electricity	

H402 Last year, the expenditure on medical care F1: “Expenditure on medical care” includes costs for outpatient and inpatient care (e.g., surgery, injection, X-rays, and hospitalization) and other types of health care (such as costs of massage, and learning qigong or Tai Chi)	
H403 Last year, the expenditure on clothing F1: “Expenditure on clothing” refers to the cost of clothing for the family.	
H404 Last year, the expenditure on education	
H405 Last year, the expenditure on culture, entertainment and leisure activities	
H406 Last year, the living expense (community management, heating cost, etc.; do NOT count rent/mortgage) F1: “Living expense” refers to the cost related to the family’s housing. It includes costs of housing maintenance and decoration, hiring workers to maintain and decorate the house, and supplies of water, electricity and fuel.	
H407 Last year, the expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services F1: “Expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services” refers to the cost of non-consumptive goods and services, such as sofa, chairs and pipe repairing.	
H408 Last year, the expenditure on purchasing or building a house Interviewer Note: The expenditure on the home mortgage is not included.	
H409 Last year, the expenditure on commercial insurance	
H410 Last year, the expenditure on your family’s own marriages and funerals	
H411 Last year, the expenditure on other items F1: “Other items” include money mailed or brought to family members who were away from home, interest expenses, fines, land use expenses and other expenses paid. Deposits saved and loans are not included.	

H5 Last year, did your family donate money or material goods to any institution or individual?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to H503]

H501 How many times did your family donate last year? _____

H502 What was the total amount of the money or material goods your family donated last year? _____yuan

H503 Did your family donate money or material goods to the “Earthquake Relief” after the 2008 Wenchuan Earthquake in Sichuan?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to H6]

H504 What was the total amount of the money or material goods your family donated to the “Earthquake Relief”? _____yuan

H6 The total expenditure of your family last year was [Approximate]: _____
(2500/5000/7500/12000/18000/27000/40000/60000/90000/140000/210000/320000/480000 yuan)

F1: “Total expenditure” refers to the total amount spent by the family and its members for all the items above, including clothing, food, housing, transportation, marriage, funeral, entertainment, education, health, insurance, loan to others, home mortgage, and all living costs. Business costs are not included.

H601 How much was the total expenditure of your family last year? _____yuan

Part J

J1 Does your family own a car?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to J2]

F1: “Own a car” means that the family has the property rights for an automobile with three or more wheels that is used to transport passengers and/or cargo.

J101 How many cars does your family have? _____

J102 In which year did you buy your first car? _____

J103 How much did your first car cost? _____yuan

J2 Does your family own a motorcycle?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to J3]

J201 How many motorcycles does your family have? _____

J202 How much did these motorcycles cost in total? _____yuan

J3 Does your family own a tractor?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to J4]

J301 How many tractors does your family have? _____

J302 How much did these tractors cost in total? _____yuan

J4 How many TVs does your family have? _____

Interviewer Note: If the family does not have a TV, record “0”.

Part K

Interviewer Note: Agricultural work is a general concept, including farming, forestry, pasturing, fishing, sideline, raising crops, raising livestock and irrigation. In this section, it includes all the occupations with the occupation code 5000.

K1 Last year, did your family engage in any agricultural work?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to Z1]

F1: “Agricultural work” is a general concept, including farming, forestry, pasturing, fishing, sideline, raising crops, and raising livestock.

K2 Did your family own/manage any of the following types of land for business? [Select all that apply]

Interviewer Note: (1) “Own” refers to land distributed by the village. The family owns the land if it is rented to others and the family have the land.

(2) “Manage” refers to the land distributed by the village, rented, bought or from other sources.

(3) Record “1” if the land is used with paddy-upland rotation.

1. Paddy field 2. Dry land 3. Woodland 4. Orchard 5. Grassland
6. Pond 78. None of the above [Skip to K3]

K201 How much “choice of K2” did you have? _____ mu

Interviewer Note: If none, record “0”

F1: “Have” means the land distributed by the village.

K202 How much “choice of K2” did you manage? _____ mu

Interviewer Note: If none, record “0”

K203 How much “choice of K2” did you rent? _____ mu

Interviewer Note: If none, record “0”

K204 How much “choice of K2” did you sublease? _____ mu

Interviewer Note: If none, record “0”

K3 The gross income of your family earned from agriculture, including farming, forestry, pasturing, fishing and sideline last year: _____ yuan.

F1: “Gross income” means income earned from selling agricultural products.

K4 The total cost of agricultural work (including farming, forestry, pasturing, fishing and sideline) of your family last year was _____ yuan.

F1: “Total cost of agricultural work” includes the costs of material service and labor force. The cost of material service refers to all kinds of expenditures on means of production consumed in the process of agricultural work, including direct costs such as those for seeds, fertilizers, pesticides, irrigation, and operating machines and indirect costs, including fixed assets depreciation, tax, insurance, management and sales. The cost of labor force refers to the costs of family labor and hired labor.

K401 Last year, what did your family spend on chemical fertilizers and pesticides? _____ yuan.

K5 The net income of your family from farming, forestry, pasturing, sideline and fishery last year was _____yuan.

Interviewer Note: If the family suffered a deficit, record a negative number.

K6 Last year, did your family grow any of the following agricultural products?

1. Rice
2. Wheat
3. Corn
4. Cotton
5. Forestry products/ Forestry sideline products
78. None of these [Skip to K7]

K601 Last year, the total output of “choice of K6” was _____ 0.5kg/kg/fang

K602 Last year, the total amount of “choice of K6” sold was _____ 0.5kg/kg/fang

K603 Last year, the total sales income from “choice of K6” was _____yuan.

K604 Last year, the total net income from “choice of K6” was _____yuan.

Interviewer Note: If the family suffered a deficit, record a negative number.

K7 Last year, did your family raise any of the following livestock or run a fishery? [Select all that apply]

1. Pig
2. Cow
3. Sheep
4. Fish
77. None of these [Skip to Z1]

K701 Last year, the total output of “choice of K7” was _____ 0.5kg/kg/heads

F1: “Total output” refers to the total amount of all the agricultural products above produced last year.

K702 Last year, the total amount of “choice of K7” sold was _____ 0.5kg/kg/heads

K703 Last year, the total sales income from “choice of K7” was _____yuan.

K704 Last year, the total net income from “choice of K7”was _____yuan.

K8 Were the livestock raised in a stockade?

1. Yes
5. No [Skip to Z1]

F1: (1) “Livestock” refers to cloven-hoofed domestic animals such as cows, horses, sheep and pigs.

(2) “Raised in a stockade” means raising the livestock in a stockade or in a place surrounded by fences.

K801 What was the direct (Euclidean) distance from the stockade of pigs (cow, sheep) to the kitchen? _____meters

F1: “Direct (Euclidean) distance” refers to the distance between two points.

K802 What was the direct (Euclidean) distance from the stockade of pigs (cow, sheep) to the nearest source of drinking water? _____meters

F1: (1) “Nearest source of drinking water” refers to the main source of drinking water of the interviewed family.

(2) “Direct (Euclidean) distance” refers to the distance between two points

Part Z

Interviewer Note: The following questions are answered through your observation without asking the respondent.

Z1 Who was the main respondent that completed the family questionnaire? _____ [Record one respondent only]

Interviewer Note: Select the most important respondent.

Z101 Who else answered the family questionnaire? _____ [Limited to two respondents]

Interviewer Note: Select two relatively important respondents.

Z102 Besides the family members, who else was present during the interview? [Select all that apply]

1. Friends/relatives 2. Supervisors 3. Neighbors 4. Village/Residential community committee cadres
77. Other [Please specify the identity] _____ 78. No one else

Z201 The living condition of the interviewed family is _____ in the community:

Worst--1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Best

Z202 Cleanliness of respondent's home:

Very messy--1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Clean

F1: Family in this family questionnaire means the group of family members who live and eat together.

Z203 Respondent's emotional outlook:

Very negative--1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very positive

F1: Family in this family questionnaire means the group of family members who live and eat together.

Z204 Relationship between family members:

Distant--1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Close 79. NA -3. Cannot judge

F1: Family in this family questionnaire means the group of family members who live and eat together.

Z205 Relationship between young and old:

Authoritative --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Equal 79. NA -3. Cannot judge

Z206 Gender relations:

Authoritative --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Equal 79. NA -3. Cannot judge

Z301 Respondent's comprehension capability:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z302 Respondent's health status:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z303 Neatness/cleanliness of respondent's clothing:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z304 Respondent's appearance:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z305 Respondent's Mandarin fluency:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z306 Respondent's level of cooperation during the interview:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z307 Respondent's intelligence:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very High

Z308 Respondent's courteousness:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Good

Z309 Respondent's interest in the interview:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very High

Z310 Respondent's suspicion of the interview:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very High

Z311 Reliability of respondent's response:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very High

Z312 Respondent's language ability with respect to self-expression:

Very Weak --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Strong

Non-Agricultural Business Module

(GB/T4754-2002)

The Classification and Codes of National Economy and Industry

V1 Is your family running any non-agricultural business? [Limited to three responses] [\[Show card\]](#)

1. Mining
2. Manufacture
3. Production and supply of electricity, gas, and water
4. Construction
5. Transportation, storage, and postal service
6. Information transmission, computers, and software industry
7. Wholesale and retail
8. Hotel and catering
9. Finance
10. Real estate
11. Rental and commercial service
12. Scientific research, technology services and geological survey
13. Water resource, environment and public facility management
14. Residential and other service industry
15. Education
16. Health, social security, and social welfare
17. Culture, sports, and entertainment
18. Public administration and social organization
19. International organization

V2 How many enterprises/companies do you/your family members manage? _____

Interviewer Note: For individually-owned business (getihu), record “-8.”

V3 Who are the primary participants in the management of this/these enterprises/companies? [Limited to three persons] _____

Interviewer Note: Individually-owned business does not count.

V4 The total assets of this company amount to _____ ten thousand yuan.

V5 Your family owns _____% of this company's stock.

Interviewer Note: If the company is not running on a joint-stock system, record “-8”, meaning Not applicable.

V6 This enterprise/company has _____ employees in total.

V7 The business turnover of this enterprise/company last year was _____ ten thousand yuan.

V8 The net profit after-tax of this enterprise/company last year was _____ ten thousand yuan.

Work Outside the Home Module

U1 Which of your family members has worked away from your hometown? [Select all that apply]

U2 Where is “Name of family member” working? _____ Province _____ City _____ County

U3 Last year, how many months did “name of family member” work away from your hometown?
_____ months

U4 Last year, during public holidays or long vacations, did “name of family member” come home?

1. Yes 5. No

U5 The first time “name of family member” left home to work, how much money did he/she take away?
_____ yuan

U501 The first time “name of family member” left home to work, how much of the money he/she took away was used for transportation? _____ yuan

U6 The first time “name of family member” left home to work, was there any friend or relative who accommodated him/her at the working place? 1. Yes 5. No

U7 Last year, how much money did the family members who worked away from your hometown send or bring back? _____ yuan

Interviewer Note: Include the money brought back during Spring Festival and holidays.

U701 Last year, what was the main usage of the money sent or brought back by the family members who worked away from the hometown? [Select only one response] **[Show card]**

1. Marriage 2. Pay debt 3. Children’s schooling 4. See a doctor
5. Buy expensive home goods 6. House construction 7. Investment or saving
8. Daily living expense 77. Other [Please specify] _____

U8 Last year, did your family hire/add more helpers because that some family members worked away from the hometown?

Interviewer Note: This question asks whether extra helper(s) were hired or added due to the absence of family members who worked away from the hometown.

1. Yes 2. No **[Skip to the main questionnaire]**

U801 Last year, how much money was spent hiring/adding more helpers because some family members worked away from the hometown? _____ yuan

[CAPI] Turn to the main questionnaire.

#PKU logo
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China Family Panel Studies

Child Questionnaire

2010 Interview

CONFIDENTIALITY: In accordance with Article 14 of Chapter III of the *Statistics Law*, “[S]ingle item investigation data concerning any individual or his/her family shall not be divulged without the consent of the said person.”

ISSS logo

Institute of Social Science Survey, Peking University

Reminder:

The questionnaire is divided into two parts:

- (1) The first part should be answered by an adult living with the child at home;**
- (2) The second part should be answered by the child himself/ herself.**

The Part Answered by the Adult Family Member

The following questions should be answered by the adult family member who is the child's primary caregiver, or at least, by the adult family member who lives with the child.

Part A

[CAPI]

01 The child respondent's name in the family relationship table (T1): _____

02 The adult respondent's name in the family relationship table (T1): _____

A1 The child's date of birth _____ year _____ month _____ day

[CAPI]

Match the child respondent's date of birth with that in Table T1, conduct soft check.

If the child's age is < 1 year old, use the [[Infant Module](#)].

If the child's age is 1–3 (1 included, 3 excluded), use the [[Toddler Module Part 1](#)].

If the child's age is 3–6 (3 included, 6 excluded), first conduct [[Decision-Making Test](#)], then use the [[Toddler Module Part 2](#)].

If the child's age is 6–16 (6 included, 16 excluded), use the [[Adolescent Module](#)].

**The following questions should be answered by the child
who is between 10 and 15 years old**

Part H

H1 Are you currently in school?

1. Yes [Skip to H8] 5. No

F1: "In school" means the child goes to school for education.

H2 Have you ever been to school?

1. Yes [Skip to H3] 5. No

F1: "Have been to school" means the child attended school for education in the past. Do not ask whether the child completed a certain grade.

H201 Why have you never been to school? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the response verbatim.

[CAPI] Skip to H9 after answering H201.

H3 Why are you currently not in school?

1. Graduated 2. Dropped out [Skip to H5]

F1: "Dropped out" means the student stopped going to school for formal education due to disease, poverty or other special reasons.

H4 Up to now, you have graduated from which level of education? [[List of levels of education](#)]

1. Illiterate/Semi-literate [Masked] 2. Primary school [Skip to H6] 3. Middle school [Skip to H401]
 4. High school [Skip to H402] 5. 2- or 3-year college [Skip to H404]
 6. 4-year college/Bachelor's degree [Skip to H405] 7. Master's degree [Masked] 8. Doctoral degree [Masked]
 9. No need to go to school [Masked]

H401 What kind of middle school did you attend?

1. Ordinary middle school [Skip to H6] 2. Adult middle school [Skip to H6]
 3. Vocational middle school [Skip to H403]

H402 What kind of high school did you attend?

1. Ordinary high school [Skip to H6] 2. Adult high school [Skip to H6]
 3. Ordinary specialized high school [Skip to H403] 4. Specialized adult high school [Skip to H403]
 5. Vocational high school [Skip to H403] 6. Technical high school [Skip to H403]

H403 What is your major? [Show card]

1. Agriculture and forestry 2. Resource and environment 3. Energy
 4. Civil engineering and architecture 5. Manufacture 6. Transportation

- | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 7. Information technology | 8. Medicine and health | 9. Commerce and tourism |
| 10. Finance and economics | 11. Culture, arts, and sports | 12. Social and public affairs |
| 13. Education | 77. Other [please specify] _____ | |

[CAPI] Skip to H6 after answering H403.

H404 What kind of 2- or 3-year college did you attend?

1. Ordinary 2- or 3-year college
2. 2- or 3-year adult college (college for adults; or correspondence course, part-time and off-the-job training provided by ordinary universities)
3. 2- or 3-year Internet college
77. Other [Please specify] _____

[CAPI] Skip to H406 after answering H404.

H405 What kind of 4-year college did you attend?

1. Ordinary 4-year college
2. 4-year adult college (college for adults; or correspondence course, part-time and off-the-job training provided by ordinary universities)
3. 4-year Internet college
77. Other [Please specify] _____

H406 What was the field of your study? [Show card]

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Philosophy | 2. Economics | 3. Law | 4. Education |
| 5. Literature | 6. History | 7. Science | 8. Engineering |
| 9. Agriculture | 10. Medicine | 11. Military science [Masked] | 12. Management |

[CAPI] Skip to H6 after answering H406.

H5 Reason for your school dropout: _____

Interviewer Note: Record the response verbatim.

F1: "Dropout" means the student stopped going to school for formal education due to disease, poverty or other special reasons.

H6 What are you currently doing? _____

1. Stay at home
2. Work at home
3. Look for a job
4. Work outside
77. Other [please specify] _____

F1: (1) "Stay at home" means neither going to school nor participating in any work for income.

(2) "Work at home" means participating in work for income in the home village/residential community, such as family-owned business or assistant labor.

(3) "Work outside" means participating in work for income away from the home village/residential community, especially outside the home county.

H7 Your future plan is:

1. Work 2. Go back to school 3. Stay at home 77. Other [please specify] _____

[CAPI] Skip to H9 after answering H7.

H8 Have you ever dropped out of school?

1. Yes 5. No

[CAPI] Skip to Parts R and S after answering H8.

Part R, S: Please go to the [[Schooling Module](#)]

H9 What is the lowest level of education you believe that you should attain? [List of [levels of education](#)][[Show card](#)]

1. Illiterate/Semi-literate [Masked] 2. Primary school 3. Middle school
4. High school 5. 2- or 3-year college
6. 4-year college/Bachelor's degree 7. Master's degree 8. Doctoral degree 9. No need to go to school

Part J

J1 Have you had any formal working experience (including non-profit public work)?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to Part T]

F1: "Formal work" means continuously working for 3 months or more with specific tasks, including part-time job and internship.

J2 What is your primary duty (the one that takes the most time) in your formal work? _____

Interviewer's Note: Record detailed information on the occupation, such as department, job responsibility, position, and title.

Examples:

- Chinese language teacher and grade leader of ××Primary School
- Accountant of ××Company
- Director of xx workshop at ××Factory
- Nurse from xx hospital in ××County
- Farmer who grows rice in the local village

F1: "Formal work" means continuously working for 3 months or more with specific tasks, including part-time job and internship.

J3 Did you get paid for your primary formal work?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to J4]

F1: "Get paid" means receiving material payment in the form of allowance, salary or material goods. Non-material payment such as "honor" does not count.

J301 How much did you get paid for your primary formal work? _____yuan/ (hours/weeks/months/years)

F1: “Get paid” means receiving material payment in the form of allowance, salary or material goods. Non-material payment such as “honor” does not count.

J4 How much time did you spend on your work (including non-profit public work) last year?
_____ days/weeks/months

F1: “Non-profit public work” refers to unpaid work in the public interest that benefits others.

Daily Life

Part T

Please go to the [[Time Usage Module](#)].

Part K

K1 In your opinion, how important is it to be able to communicate in the following languages? [1 represents not important at all; 5 represents extremely important] **Show card**

K101 Mandarin Chinese	Not important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important
K102 Local dialect	Not important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important
K103 English	Not important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important
K104 Other foreign languages	Not important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important
K105 Non-local dialect	Not important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important
K106 Minority ethnic languages	Not important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important

F1: (1) “Mandarin Chinese” is the modern standard Chinese language promulgated by the government, for example, the pronunciations and tones used in national radio and television news.

(2) “Local dialect” is a language that prevails in the local village/residential community. It has distinct characteristics compared to Mandarin Chinese in terms of pronunciation, tones and use of words.

(3) “Non-local dialect” is a dialect that is different from the local dialect in terms of pronunciation, tone and use of words. It is also different from Mandarin Chinese.

(4) “Minority ethnic language” is an ethnic language that differs from Chinese languages and is used by minority ethnic groups in China, including Zhuang, Buyi, Zang, Mongolian, Uyghur, Kazak, Dai, Dong, Yao, Miao, Shui, Molao, Maonan, Li, Qiang, Monpa, Lhoba, Yi, Lisu, Naxi, Bai, Laku, Hani, Jinuo, Achang, Jingpo, Drung, Pumi, Nu, Tujia, She, Gelo, Jing, Salar, Ozbek, Tartar, Khalkhas, Tu, Dongxiang, Baoan, Oroqen, Ewenki, Man, Xibe, Nanai, Korean, Va, Deang, Blang, Gaoshan, Eluosi, Tajik, Jiaorong, Zaiwa, Deng, Eastern yugur (Raohuer), Western yugur (Enger), Mian, Bunu, Lajia, Paiwan, and Ameisi.

K2 What is the primary language used in your daily communication with your family: [Select only one response]

1. Mandarin Chinese 3. Chinese local dialect 5. Minority ethnic language

77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1 (In general term): (1) “Mandarin Chinese” is the modern standard Chinese language promulgated by the government, for example, the pronunciations and tones used in national radio and television news.

(2) “Local dialect” is a language that prevails in the local village/residential community. It has distinct characteristics compared to Mandarin Chinese in terms of pronunciation, tones and use of words.

F1 (In technical term): (1) “Mandarin Chinese” is based upon the Beijing dialect’s pronunciation and the northern dialect. Its grammar is drawn from the classic writings in the modern vernacular literature and shared among the Chinese Han people.

(2) “Local dialect” is a regional variant of the Chinese language. It prevails in certain regions but is not widely understood and used by the whole Chinese population.

K3 Do you have good friends?

1. Yes 5. No [**Skip to K5**]

F1: “Good friends” refers to close friends in one’s own opinion, such as those who offer help even at their own expense.

K301 How many good friends do you have? _____

K302 How many of your good friends are male? _____

K303 How many of your good friends are female? _____

K304 How many of your good friends are 3 or more years older than you? _____

K305 How many of your good friends are 3 or more years younger than you? _____

K4 Next we are going to ask you some questions about one of your best male friends and one of your best female friends besides your family members. Think of one best male friend and one best female friend of yours. You do not need to tell me his/her name.

Shall we start with your best male or female friend?

1. Male 5. Female

K401 The date of birth of “Your best male/female friend” is _____year _____month _____day

K402 When did you and “your best male/female friend” first meet?

K403 When did you and “your best male/female friend” become friends?

F1: “Become friends” means knowing each other and doing something together, such as playing sports, participating in leisure activities, entertaining, and studying together.

K404 How long was the relationship interruption between you and “your best male/female friend”?
_____month/year

Interviewer’s Note: Record “0” if no interruption ever.

F1: “Interruption” means the time period without any contact between the two friends. It is usually measured in month. If less than one month, then ignore the interruption.

K405 Is “your best male/female friend” your classmate?

Interviewer's Note: "Classmate" means that you and your friend are in the same grade in the same school.

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to K410]

K406 When was "your best male/female friend" your classmate? [Select all that apply]

1. Kindergarten 2. Primary school 3. Middle school
4. High school 5. Vocational high school 6. Technical high school
7. Specialized high school 8. 2- or 3-year college 9. 4-year college

K407 Have you ever been in the same class or are you currently in the same class with "your best male/female friend"?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to K410]

K408 How many semesters have you been in the same class with "your best male/female friend"?

K409 Is "your best male/female friend" currently in the same grade as your own?

1. Yes 5. No

K410 What is "your best male/female friend" currently doing?

1. Attending school 3. Working 5. Neither attending school nor working

K411 How is "your best male/female friend"'s family's economic condition compared to that of your own family?

1. Much better 2. A little better 3. About the same 4. A little worse 5. Much worse

K412 Has "your best male/female friend" ever been a student cadre?

1. Yes, always 3. Yes, in the past 5. Never

F1: "Student cadre" generally includes monitor, vice-monitor, commissioner in charge of organization, commissioner in charge of study, commissioner in charge of publicity, commissioner in charge of labor, commissioner in charge of subsistence, commissioner in charge of sports, and cadre of the "Youth League branch".

K413 Does "your best male/female friend" smoke?

1. Yes 5. No

F1: "Smoke" includes carrying a cigarette in the mouth and lighting it up. Lighting firecrackers by smoking a cigarette also counts.

K414 Does "your best male/female friend" drink alcohol?

1. Yes 5. No

K415 Does "your best male/female friend" have a boyfriend/girlfriend (in a romantic relationship)? [Show card]

1. Currently has one 3. Had one before, but not anymore 5. Never

F1: "In a romantic relationship" means a process in which a male and female like each other and consciously develop feelings of love.

K416 How long does it take to get to the house of "your best male/female friend" from your house by an ordinary means of transportation? _____

F1: "Ordinary means of transportation" refers to the most common transportation method used by the respondent, such as on foot, by bicycle or automobile.

K417 In the most recent month when you were not on vacation, how often did you contact one another? (including Internet chat)

1. Almost every day 2. 2-3 times a week 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Once every 2-3 months
5. Almost no contact

K418 How close do you think your relationship is? [“1” represents providing mutual help; “5” represents having no secrets and helping each other even at one’s own expense]

Ordinary--1—2—3—4—5 Extremely good

K419 How much do your parents know about “your best male/female friend”?

1. Very well 2. Fairly well 3. A little
4. Very little 5. Not at all

K5 Who would you usually talk to when you have troubles? [Show card]

1. Never talk to others 2. Parents 3. Siblings 4. Grandparents
5. Other family members 6. Teachers 7. Classmates 8. Friends since childhood
9. Internet/regular friends 10. Psychological counselor 11. Write diary
77. Other _____ (please specify)

K6 Do your parents know with whom you are when you are not at home?

1. Always know 2. Know for most of the time 3. Know sometimes
4. Know occasionally 5. Never know

K7 Do you have any allowance every month?

Interviewer Note: Money given to children as a lunar New Year gift does not count.

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to K8]

F1: “Allowance” refers to money provided by parents or guardians and used for daily small consumption, such as snacks, stationery, etc.

K701 In the most recent month when you were not on vacation, your average allowance per month was _____yuan.

K702 What is the major source of your allowance?

1. Parents 3. Grandparents 5. Part-time job
77. Other [please specify] _____

K703 What do you think is the appropriate amount of allowance per month for you? _____yuan

K8 Have you ever participated in any of the following activities? [Show card]

1. Sing at a KTV 2. Go to a disco bar 3. Drink alcohol
4. Smoke cigarettes 5. Play games at an Internet café
6. Dine out with friends of similar age/classmates 78. None of these [Skip to K9]

F1: (1) KTV is a place for singing karaoke.

(2) Disco bar is a place for disco dancing.

K801 How often did you “choice of K8” last year?

1. Almost every day 2. Several times a week 3. 2-3 times a month
4. Once a month 5. Several times a year

K9 Do you have a boyfriend/girlfriend (in a romantic relationship)? **Show card**

1. Currently has one 3. Had one before, but not anymore 5. Never

F1: “In a romantic relationship” means a process in which a male and female like each other and consciously develop feelings of love.

K10 In the latest month that was not a vacation, how many days per week on average did you help your family do housework/farm work? _____ times

Interviewer Note: One day is counted as one time.

F1: (1) “Housework” refers to activities such as buying vegetables, cooking, washing clothes, cleaning, repairing and so on.

(2) “Farm work” refers to farming, forestry, pasturing and fishing independently or assisting other family members in doing these.

Part U

Please go to the [\[Mobile Phone/Internet Module\]](#)

Part L

L1 What do you think about your health status?

1. Healthy 2. Fair 3. Relatively unhealthy 4. Unhealthy
5. Extremely unhealthy

L2 In the latest month which is not a vacation, have you missed class/work due to illness/injury?

1. Yes 5. No

L3 In the latest month which is not a vacation, how often did you participate in physical exercise?

1. Almost every day 2. 2-3 times a week 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Once a month 5. Never

L4 What is your main staple food?

Interviewer Note: Select the primary one consumed.

1. Rice 3. Wheat 5. Miscellaneous food grains other than rice and wheat 77. Other

[Please specify] _____

L5 Among the following foods, what did you have last month? [Select all that apply]

1. Meat 2. Fish or other aquatic products 3. Fresh fruits and vegetables
4. Dairy products 5. Bean products 6. Eggs
7. Pickled foods [such as pickled vegetables or soy]
8. Fried foods [such as potato chips or dough sticks]

78. None of these [[Skip to L6](#)]

L501 In the past month, how many times did you have “choice of L5” [per week on average](#)?
_____ times

Interviewer note: (1) Record integral numbers only by rounding. If the response is 5 times a month, record “1”.

(2) If less than once per week, record “1” time.

(3) If eating twice per day, record “2” time and so on.

L6 Have you ever taken a train?

1. Yes 5. No

L7 Have you ever taken an airplane?

1. Yes 5. No

L801 Can you tell me who is the General Secretary of the Communist Party of China?

Interviewer Note: Ignore pronunciation errors when determining if the answer is correct.

1. Correct 5. Incorrect

L802 Can you tell me who is the Premier of the State Council of China?

Interviewer Note: Ignore pronunciation errors when determining if the answer is correct.

1. Correct 5. Incorrect

L803 Can you tell me who is the President of the United States?

Interviewer Note: Ignore pronunciation errors when determining if the answer is correct.

1. Correct 5. Incorrect

Part M

[\[CAPI\]Use the age of the respondent from A1](#)

[# If the respondent is 10 years old, continue to M1.](#)

[# If the respondent is 11 years old, skip to M2.](#)

[# If the respondent is 12 or 14 years old, skip to M4.](#)

[# M3 should be answered by everyone.](#)

[# If the respondent is 13 or 15 years old, skip to N5.](#)

M1 The following are some statements about life. Please answer according to your situation and there is no right or wrong response. [[Show card](#)]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent says “I don’t understand what you are saying” or “Don’t want to answer”, record “6. Do not know”

(2) Do not read out the responses of “Neither agree nor disagree” or “Do not know”.
They are not shown on the card either.

(3) “CTRL+D”, “CTRL+R” and “79 (Not applicable)” are not allowed here.

1. Totally Disagree 2. Disagree 3. Agree 4. Totally Agree
5. Neither agree nor disagree [Do not read out] 6. Do not know [Do not read out]

[CAPI] #01M101-M114 do not allow “CTRL+D”, “CTRL+R” and “79 (Not applicable).

#02 If response 6 is selected, skip to M120; same for M101-M114.

M101 I feel I'm valuable, at least not worse than others.

M102 I feel that I have many valuable qualities.

M103 After all, I consider myself a loser.

M104 I can do things well like most people.

M105 I feel I have few things to be proud of.

M106 I am positive about myself.

M107 Generally speaking, I am satisfied with myself.

M108 I hope to gain more respect for myself.

M109 I indeed often feel I am useless.

M110 I often think I am good for nothing.

M111 I don't think I can solve the difficulties I am now facing by myself.

M112 Sometimes I think I am forced to do things due to my hard life.

M113 I can control things that happen to me.

F1: “Control” means you can control your speech and behavior consciously to keep a balance between yourself and the surrounding environment, such as not losing your temper, not quarreling, not feeling upset, and so on.

M114 I often feel helpless in life.

[CAPI] If the response to any of the questions above is “6. Do not know”, probe M120.

M120 Why did you choose “Do not know”?

1. Don't want to answer 3. Don't understand the question 5. I really do not know

[CAPI] If the respondent's age is 11 according to A1, ask M2. Otherwise, skip to M3

M2 The following are some descriptions of how parents/guardians treat their children. According to the actual situation last year, please select how your parents/guardians treated you. [Show card]

1. Never 2. Rarely 3. Sometimes 4. Often 5. Always

Interviewer Note: If the child lives together with the parents or one of the parents plus the grandparents, then parents/guardians refer to the parent(s). If the child lives with the grandparents or one of the grandparents, then the parents/guardians refer to the grandparent(s).

M201 When you did something wrong, the parents/guardians would ask about reasons and talk with you

about what you should do.

M202 The parents/guardians encouraged you to do things with great effort.

M203 The parents/guardians were gentle when talking to you.

M204 The parents/guardians encouraged you to think independently.

M205 The parents/guardians would tell you reasons when they asked you to do something.

M206 The parents/guardians liked to talk with you.

M207 The parents/guardians asked about what happened to you at school.

M208 The parents/guardians checked your homework.

M209 The parents/guardians helped you with your schoolwork.

M210 The parents/guardians told stories to you.

M211 The parents/guardians played with you [for example, playing chess or playing outside].

M212 The parents/guardians praised you.

M213 The parents/guardians criticized you.

M214 The [father/mother] attended parent-teacher meetings at school.

M3 Please answer the following questions according to your own situation. [Show card]

M301 Do you think you are popular? (“1” means not popular at all, while “5” means very popular)
No--1--2--3--4--5-->Yes

M302 Are you happy? (“1” means very unhappy, while “5” means very happy)
No--1--2--3--4--5-->Yes

M303 Are you confident about your future? (“1” means not confident at all, while “5” means very confident)
No--1--2--3--4--5-->Yes

M304 Is it easy for you to get on well with others? (“1” means very hard, while “5” means very easy)
No--1--2--3--4--5-->Yes

[CAPI] If the respondent's age is 12 or 14 according to A1, ask M4. Otherwise, skip to M5.

M4 The following are some factors affecting one's success. Please answer according to your own opinion
[Show card]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent says “I don't understand what you are saying”, or “Don't want to answer”, record “6. Do not know”.

(2) Do not read out the responses of “Neither agree nor disagree” or “Do not know”. They are not shown on the card either.

(3) “CTRL+D”, “CTRL+R” and “79 (Not applicable)” are not allowed here.

1. Strongly Agree 2. Agree 3. Disagree 4. Strongly Disagree

5. Neither agree nor disagree [Do not read out] 6. Do not know [Do not read out]

M401 The higher a family's social status is, the greater the child's future achievement will be; the lower a

family's social status is, the smaller the child's future achievement will be.

M402 A child from a rich family has a better chance to succeed in the future; a child from a poor family has a worse chance to succeed in the future.

M403 The higher level of education a child receives, the higher the probability of his/her future success will be.

M404 The most important factor affecting a child's future success is his/her talent.

F1: "Talent" means genetic advantages inherited from parents.

M405 The most important factor affecting a child's future success is his/her effort.

M406 The most important factor affecting a child's future success is his/her luck.

M407 The most important factor affecting a child's future success is whether his/her family has "connections".

M420 Why did you choose "Do not know"?

1. Don't want to answer 3. Don't understand the question 5. I really do not know

M501 Do you think girls are under more pressures than boys in society?

1. Yes 5. No

F1: "Pressure" means the stress or burden felt by an individual.

M502 Do you think girls are under more pressure in your home?

Interviewer Note: If a single-child family or the family only has boys or girls, record "79".

1. Yes 5. No 79. Not applicable

F1: "Pressure" means stress or burdens felt by an individual.

M6 What type of occupation do you want to pursue when you grow up?

1. Promote social development 2. Help people and serve society
3. Highly esteemed 4. Respected
5. Make lots of money 6. Ordinary but with a stable income
7. If not hired by others, work on my own

M601 What specific occupation do you want to pursue when you grow up? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the response verbatim.

Part N

N1 In which aspect do you expect your family to pay more attention to you? (Select only one response)

Interviewer Note: (1) Select the most important one.

(2) If the family cares for the child in every respect, record "78. None".

1. Material life 2. Study 3. Feelings 4. Social contact 78. None

F1: "Material life" refers to living conditions as represented by daily living goods, such as clothes and other articles

N2 Last month, how many times did you quarrel with your parents? ___time(s).

Interviewer Note: One quarrel counts as once. If more than one quarrel per day occurred, record the actual number of quarrels.

F1: A “quarrel” means yelling at each other without making any concession due to disagreement.

N3 Last month, how many times did your parents quarrel with each other? ___time(s)

Interviewer Note: (1) For single parent family, record “-8” for “not applicable”

(2) One quarrel counts as once. If more than one quarrel per day occurred, record the actual number of quarrels.

F1: A “quarrel” means yelling at each other without making any concession due to disagreement.

N4 The following are some descriptions of people's mental statuses. Please select according to your statuses in the past month. [Show card]

F1: “Mental status” means a person’s emotion, will, ability, self-recognition and other psychological activities revealed by facial expressions or behaviors.

1. Almost every day 2. 2-3 Times a week 3. 2-3 Times a month 4. Once a month 5. Never

N401 Feel depressed and cannot cheer up no matter what you are doing

N402 Feel nervous

N403 Feel upset and cannot remain calm

N404 Feel hopeless about the future

N405 Feel that everything is difficult

N406 Think life is meaningless

[CAPI] If the respondent’s age is 13 or 15 according to A1, ask N5. Otherwise, skip to X1.

N5 People have different goals in their life. Please tell us your opinion about each of the following goals.

[Show card]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent says “I don’t understand what you are saying”, “Don’t want to answer”, record “6. Do not know”.

(2) Do not read out the responses of “Neither agree nor disagree” or “Do not know”. They are not shown on the card either.

(3) “CTRL+D”, “CTRL+R” and “79 (Not applicable)” are not allowed here.

1. Strongly Agree 2. Agree 3. Disagree 4. Strongly Disagree

5. Neither agree nor disagree [Do not read out] 6. Do not know [Do not read out]

N501 One of my main goals in life is to make my parents be proud of me.

N502 I pursue my own goals rather than following others.

N503 I will try my best to make friends like me.

N504 I decide my own life goals.

- N505 If I decide to do something, I will complete it no matter what.
- N506 Some children are born to be lucky.
- N507 Don't spend too much time striving since it will never prove effective.
- N508 It is nearly impossible to correct a mistake once you make one.
- N509 The best way to deal with a problem is not to think about it.
- N510 If something bad is about to happen, then it will happen no matter what you do.
- N511 I believe that planning in advance helps me to do things better.

Part X: Benchmark test

X1 Please look at this picture. There are 4 different bus routes from A to B: which is the shortest one?

[Show card]

1. Route 1 2. Route 2 3. Route 3 4. Route 4

X102 Please look at this picture. There are 4 different bus routes from A to B: which is the longest one?

[Show card]

1. Route 1 2. Route 2 3. Route 3 4. Route 4

X103 In which direction is Zhonghai Lake towards Zhongshan Park? [Show card]

1. Southwest 2. Northwest 3. Northeast 4. Southeast

X2 Select one of the following lists and ask the respondent to read it out loud [Show card]. [Word Module]

Interviewer Note: Ask the respondent to read out loud in Mandarin. Do not distinguish between tones/front nasal/back nasal/flat tongue/curved tongue.

[CAPI] [Correct=1; Incorrect=5] (A list of 34 words)

X3 Did you learn about circles in math?

- 1 Yes 2 No [Skip to X302 with the hint "five and a half turns"]

X301 How many rotations are equivalent to 1980 degrees? _____ rotations

X302 If you rotate the number "6" around by 1980 degrees (5.5 complete circles around), you get the number "9". If you rotate the number "9" 1980 degrees (5.5 complete circles around), you get the number "6". If you rotate the number "69" 1980 degrees (5.5 complete circles around), what number do you get?

1. 69 2. 96 3. 66 4. 99

X4 Math: Please randomly select one of the four lists of questions. [Show card][Math Module]

[CAPI] [Correct = 1; Incorrect = 5]

Part Y

Y1 Your email address: _____

Interviewer Note: If not applicable, record "-8".

Y2 Your QQ Number: _____

Interviewer Note: If not applicable, record “-8”.

Y3 Your MSN Number: _____

Interviewer Note: If not applicable, record “-8”.

Y4 Have you registered at the following websites? [Select all that apply]

1. Renren 2. Facebook 3. Kaixin
4. Hainei 5. Tianji 78. None of these

Y5 Your ID number _____

Part Z

Z1 Who was the main respondent that completed the child questionnaire? _____ [Record one respondent only]

Interviewer Note: Select the most important respondent.

Z101 Who else answered the child questionnaire? _____ [Limited to two respondents]

Interviewer Note: Select two relatively important respondents.

Z102 Besides the family members, who else was present during the interview? [Select all that apply]

1. Friends/relatives 2. Supervisors 3. Neighbors 4. Village/Residential community committee cadres
77. Other [Please specify the identity] _____ 78. No one else

Z201 Respondent's comprehension capability:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z202 Respondent's health status:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z203 Neatness/cleanliness of respondent's clothing:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z204 Respondent's appearance:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z205 Respondent's Mandarin fluency:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z206 Respondent's level of cooperation during the interview:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z207 Respondent's intelligence:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very High

Z208 Respondent's courteousness:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z209 Respondent's interest in the interview:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very High

Z210 Respondent's suspicion of the interview:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very High

Z211 Reliability of respondent's response:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very High

Z212 Respondent's language ability with respect to self-expression:

Very Weak --1--2--3--4--5--6--7-->Very Strong

Infant Module

1-1 Years Old (Less than 1 year old)

Part A

A101 Your child's gestational age: _____ months

F1: "Gestational age" refers to the time period when the infant was in the maternal body. It is usually measured in months measured and medically measured in weeks. Here it is measured in months.

A102 Your child's birth weight: _____ 0.5 kilograms [please record to one decimal place]

A103 Your child's current weight: _____ 0.5 kilograms [please record to one decimal place]

A104 Your child's current height: _____ centimeters

Interviewer Note: If the child is too small to measure the height, record "-8".

A105 How long has your child been breastfed so far: _____ months.

A106 Where was your child born?

1. Hospital 5. Home 77. Other [Please Specify] _____

A107 Your child's birthplace is:

Province _____ City _____ County (District) _____

A108 Type of the child's birthplace:

1. Rural village 2. City 3. Town 4. Suburb

F1: "Birthplace" refers to the rural-urban strata of the location where the child was born. If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a town hospital, then the birthplace is "town". If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a city hospital, then the birthplace is "city". If a mother from a city gave birth to the child at a peasant's home, then the birthplace is "rural village".

A4 Your child's current household registration type is:

1. Agricultural 3. Non-Agricultural 5. Not registered [Skip to A6]
79. Not applicable [Skip to A6]

Interviewer Note: If the child's nationality is not Chinese, record "79. Not applicable".

F1: (1) "Not registered" means the child has not registered yet and his/her nationality is not foreign.

(2) "Not applicable" means non-Chinese nationality. The parents are Chinese citizen, but the child was born in a foreign country and entitled to foreign citizenship.

A5 Is your child's household registration in the same place as his/her birthplace?

1. Yes [Skip to A6] 5. No

F1: "Birthplace" refers to the rural-urban strata of the location where the child was born. If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a town hospital, then the birthplace is "town". If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a city hospital, then the birthplace is "city". If a mother from a city gave birth to the child at a peasant's home, then the birthplace is "rural village".

A501 Your child's current place of household registration is:

Province_____City_____County (District) _____

A6 Child's ethnicity: _____

Part B

B1 Where does your child mainly live now?

1. Home 2. School dormitory [Masked] 3. Friend's/relative's home
4. Kindergarten/daycare [Masked] 77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: "Live now" refers to the daily living place rather than the place to stay overnight today. If the child lives at home, record "1"; if the student lives at school, record "2".

B2 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, who mainly took care of the child?

1. Child's paternal grandparents 2. Child's maternal grandparents
3. Child's Father [Skip to B5] 4. Child's mother [Skip to B5]
5. Babysitter 6. Daycare 7. Self-care
77. Other (Specify) _____

B201 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, how many times could the child meet the parents (or either one) per week on average? _____times

Interviewer Note: (1) Either the mother or the father, or both.

(2) "Meet" means a meeting longer than 1 hour. Principle of calculation principle: record once at most for a day. If the child meets the parents more than once a day, and every meeting is more than one hour, record 1 time; if the child lives with the parents every day, which means they meet daily, record 7 times per week.

B5 Has the child started walking by him/herself?

1. Yes 5. Not yet [Skip to C1]

F1: "Walking" means walking on one's own without any assistance of other objects or external force. Even walking 3-5 steps counts.

B501 How old (in months) was the child when he/she started walking? _____months

F1: "Walking" means walking on one's own without any assistance of other objects or external force. Even walking 3-5 steps counts.

Part C

C1 Last month, the child was sick_____times.

[CAPI] If C1=0, skip to C3

F1: "Be sick" means feeling physically uncomfortable and receiving treatment by taking medicine or other

methods.

C101 Last month, the child went to hospital due to illness _____ times.

F1: (1) “Hospital/Medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccinations, routine physical examinations, and so on do not count.

(3) “Times went to hospital due to illness” refers to the number of times child went to hospital for treating a disease. One continuous course of disease, however, refers to one time. If the child caught a cold and received injections for 3 continuous days in a hospital, and then changed to another hospital to get another injection, record 1 time. If the child caught a cold and came down with pneumonia due to the cold and the child went to hospital for several continuous days, record 1 time. If the child caught a cold, went to hospital and recovered, but after a few days, the child developed a fever and went to hospital again, record 2 times.

C3 Generally, what would you do if the child has a minor illness (such as fever or diarrhea)?

1. See a doctor right away
2. Find/buy medicine myself
3. Folk medical treatment (such as skin scraping therapy)
4. Ask for religious/Buddha’s help or hold a religious ritual
5. Take no actions and wait for natural recovery
77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: (1) “Minor illness” means disease which is not serious and the patients can recover by taking medicines by him/herself or with a limited amount of medical cost.

(2) “Skin scraping therapy” is a kind of traditional naturopathy based on the theory of Chinese medicine. The doctor uses tools (e.g., ox horn, jade, cupping jar) to scrap a certain part of the patient’s body in order to dredge the channels in the body, promote blood circulation and remove blood stasis.

(3) “Religious ritual” means religious activities or rites such as pray.

C4 From birth till now, how many times has the child been to hospital due to illness?
_____ times

F1: (1) “Hospital/Medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, and private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccination, routine physical examination, and so on do not count.

(3) “Times went to hospital due to illness” refers to the number of times child went to hospital for treating a disease. One continuous course of disease, however, refers to one time. If the child caught a cold and received injections for 3 continuous days in a hospital, and then changed to another hospital to get another injection, record 1 time. If the child caught a cold and came down with pneumonia due to the cold and the child went to hospital for several continuous days, record 1 time. If the child caught a

cold, went to hospital and recovered, but after a few days, the child developed a fever and went to hospital again, record 2 times.

C401 From birth till now, has the child been hospitalized due to illness?

1. Yes 5.No

F1: “Hospitalized” means that the child stayed overnight in a hospital ward for at least one night due to disease or accidental injury.

C5 The most serious disease the child ever had since birth was _____

Interviewer Note: (1) Record the name of the disease in details.

(2) If the child has never had any disease, record “79”.

C501 The interviewer should select from the Disease Code List for the type of the disease.

Record the name of the disease and select from the List.

C6 Has the child suffered any serious injury that disabled him/her so far?

Interviewer Note: It would be best if the interviewer could ask the disabled respondent to show his/her “Disabled Certificate”.

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to C7] 5. Cannot tell yet [Skip to C7]

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability, intelligence disability, disability in limbs and trunk, and mental disability. The standard of assessment of disability is based on the *Practical Standard of Disability Assessment in China* approved by the State Council.

(2) The assessment of disability levels experienced a change and has two different standards, one with 4 levels and the other with 9 levels. Please specify whether the record follows a 4-level or a 9-level standard. If it is Level 2 in the 4-level standard, record 2/4. If it is Level 2 in the 9-level standard, record 2/9.

C601 Disability type_____:

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability, intelligence disability, disability in limbs and trunk and mental disability. The standard of assessment of disability is based on the *Practical Standard of Disability Assessment in China* approved by the State Council.

(2) The assessment of disability levels experienced a change and has two different standards, one with 4 levels and the other with 9 levels. Please specify whether the record follows a 4-level or a 9-level standard. If it is Level 2 in the 4-level standard, record 2/4. If it is Level 2 in the 9-level standard, record 2/9.

C602 Disability Level_____

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability,

1. Yes

5. No

Part Z

Interviewer: Please observe the respondent's home environment, and then answer the following questions:

Z1 Home environment (such as child's artwork, books, or other study materials) indicates that the parents care about the child's education.

1. Extremely agree 2. Agree 3. Neither agree nor disagree 4. Disagree 5. Extremely disagree

Z2 The parents take the initiative to actively communicate with the child.

1. Extremely agree 2. Agree 3. Neither agree nor disagree 4. Disagree 5. Extremely disagree

Toddler Module (Part 1)

1-3 Years Old (1 year or older, but less than 3 years old)

Part A

A101 Your child's gestational age: _____ months

F1: "Gestational age" refers to the time period when the infant is in the maternal body. It is usually measured in months measured and medically measured in weeks. Here it is measured in months.

A102 Your child's birth weight: _____ 0.5 kilograms [please record to one decimal place]

A103 Your child's current weight: _____ 0.5 kilograms [please record to one decimal place]

A104 Your child's current height: _____ centimeters

Interviewer Note: If the child is too small to measure the height, record "-8".

A105 How long has your child been breastfed so far: _____ months.

A106 Where was your child born?

1. Hospital 5. Home 77. Other [Please Specify] _____

A107 Your child's birthplace is:

Province _____ City _____ County (District) _____

A108 Type of the child's birthplace

1. Rural village 2. City 3. Town 4. Suburb

F1: "Birthplace" refers to the rural-urban strata of the location where the child was born. If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a town hospital, then the birthplace is "town". If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a city hospital, then the birthplace is "city". If a mother from a city gave birth to the child at a peasant's home, then the birthplace is "rural village".

A4 Your child's current household registration type is:

1. Agricultural 3. Non-Agricultural 5. Not registered [Skip to A6] 79. Not applicable

[Skip to A6]

Interviewer Note: If the child's nationality is not Chinese, record "79. Not applicable".

F1: (1) "Not registered" means the child has not registered yet and his/her nationality is not foreign.

(2) "Not applicable" means non-Chinese nationality. The parents are Chinese citizen, but the child was born in a foreign country and entitled to foreign citizenship.

A5 Is your child's household registration in the same place as his/her birthplace?

1. Yes [Skip to A6] 5. No

F1: "Birthplace" refers to the rural-urban strata of the location where the child was born. If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a town hospital, then the birthplace is "town". If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a city hospital, then the birthplace is "city". If a mother from a city gave birth

to the child at a peasant's home, then the birthplace is "rural village".

A501 Your child's current place of household registration is

Province _____ City _____ County (District) _____

A6 Child's ethnicity: _____

Part B

B1 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, where did your child mainly live?

1. Home
2. School dormitory [Masked]
3. Friend's/relative's home
4. Kindergarten/daycare
77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1 (In general terms): (1) "Mainly live" refers to a daily living place rather than a temporary shelter. If the child lives at home, record "1"; if the student lives at school, record "2".

(2) "Kindergarten/daycare" refers to child care institutes that are registered with the government. Nowadays, there are also child care institutes owned by foreign investors and private kindergartens.

F1 (In technical terms): A child care institute with 50 children or more is called a kindergarten and is administrated by the municipal education commission. A child care institute with less than 50 students is called daycare and is administrated by the municipal Women's Federation. In addition, all kinds of private kindergartens and daycares are counted.

B2 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, who mainly took care of the child?

1. Child's paternal grandparents
2. Child's maternal grandparents
3. Child's Father [Skip to B5]
4. Child's mother [Skip to B5]
5. Babysitter
6. Daycare
7. Self-care
77. Other (Specify) _____

B201 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, how many times could the child meet his/her parent(s) per week on average? _____ times

Interviewer Note: (1) Either the mother or the father, or both.

(2) "Meet" means a meeting longer than 1 hour. Principle of calculation: record, at most, once per day. If the child meets the parents more than once per day and every meeting lasts more than one hour, record 1 time; if the child lives with the parents every day, which means they meet daily, record 7 times per week.

B4 Last year, the longest continuous time period when neither parent was living with the child was _____ weeks/months.

Interviewer Note: The shortest time interval is 1 week. If the time period is more than 1 week but less than 2 weeks, record 2 weeks. Do not use decimals.

F1: "Continuous time period" means the time when neither parent was eating, sleeping, or living with the child at all. "Continuous" means that there was no interim. If the child and the parents were separated several times, select the longest time period.

B5 Has the child started walking by him/herself?

1. Yes 5. Not yet [Skip to B6]

F1: "Walking" means walking on one's own without the assistance of any other objects or external forces. Even 3-5 steps count.

B501 How old (in months) was the child when he/she started walking? _____ months

F1: "Walking" means walking on one's own without the assistance of any other objects or external forces. Even walking 3-5 steps counts.

B6 Has the child started to speak complete sentences, such as "I want to eat"?

1. Yes 5. Not yet [Skip to B7]

F1: The time period from birth to whenever the child could speak a complete sentence.

B601 How old (in months) was the child when he/she started speaking complete sentences such as "I want to eat"? _____ months

F1: The time period from birth to whenever the child could speak a complete sentence.

B7 Can the child count from 1 to 10?

1. Yes 5. Not yet [Skip to B8]

B701 How old (in months) was the child when he/she became able to count from 1 to 10? _____ months

B8 Can the child urinate by himself/herself (can take off the trousers on his/her own when urinates)?

1. Yes 2. Not yet [Skip to C1]

B801 How old (in months) was the child when he/she became able to urinate by himself/herself? _____ months

Part C

C1 Last month, the child was sick _____ times.

F1: "Was sick" means felt physically uncomfortable and received treatment by taking medicine or other methods.

C101 Last month, the child went to hospital due to illness _____ times.

F1: (1) "Hospital/Medical center" means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccination, routine physical examination and so on do not count.

(3) "Times went to hospital due to illness" refers to the number of times child went to hospital for treating a disease. One continuous course of disease, however, refers to one time. If the child caught a cold and received injections for 3 continuous days in a hospital, and then changed to another hospital to

get another injection, record 1 time. If the child caught a cold and came down with pneumonia due to the cold and the child went to hospital for several continuous days, record 1 time. If the child caught a cold, went to hospital and recovered, but after a few days, the child developed a fever and went to hospital again, record 2 times.

C2 How many times was the child sick before the age of 1 year old? _____ times

F1: “Be sick” means feeling physically uncomfortable and receiving treatment by taking medicine or other methods.

C201 How many times did the child go to hospital before the age of 1 year old? _____ times

F1: (1) “Hospital/Medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccinations, routine physical examinations, and so on do not count.

(3) “Times went to hospital due to illness” refers to the number of times child went to hospital for treating a disease. One continuous course of disease, however, refers to one time. If the child caught a cold and received injections for 3 continuous days in a hospital, and then changed to another hospital to get another injection, record 1 time. If the child caught a cold and came down with pneumonia due to the cold and the child went to hospital for several continuous days, record 1 time. If the child caught a cold, went to hospital and recovered, but after a few days, the child developed a fever and went to hospital again, record 2 times.

C3 Generally speaking, if the child has a minor illness (such as fever or diarrhea), what would you do?

1. See a doctor right away
2. Find/buy medicine myself
3. Try folk medical treatment (such as skin scraping therapy)
4. Ask for religious/Buddha’s help or hold a religious ritual
5. Take no actions and wait for natural recovery
77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: (1) “Minor illness” means a disease which is not serious and the patient can recover by taking medicines without medical assistance and at a limited cost.

(2) “Skin scraping therapy” is a kind of traditional naturopathy based on the theory of Chinese medicine. The doctor uses tools (e.g., ox horn, jade, cupping jar) to scrap a certain part of the patient’s body in order to dredge the channels in the body, promote blood circulation and remove blood stasis.

(3) “Religious ritual” means religious activities or rites such as prayer.

C4 Last year, how many times did the child go to hospital due to illness?

_____ times

F1: (1) “Hospital/Medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in

drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccinations, routine physical examinations, and so on do not count.

(3) “Times went to hospital due to illness” refers to the number of times child went to hospital for treating a disease. One continuous course of disease, however, refers to one time. If the child caught a cold and received injections for 3 continuous days in a hospital, and then changed to another hospital to get another injection, record 1 time. If the child caught a cold and came down with pneumonia due to the cold and the child went to hospital for several continuous days, record 1 time. If the child caught a cold, went to hospital and recovered, but after a few days, the child developed a fever and went to hospital again, record 2 times.

C401 Last year, was the child ever hospitalized due to illness?

1. Yes 5.No

F1: “Hospitalized” means that the child stayed overnight in a hospital ward for at least one night due to disease or accidental injury.

C5 The most serious disease the child has ever had since birth was _____

Interviewer Note: (1) Record the name of the disease in details.

(2) If the child has never had any disease, record “79”.

C501 The interviewer should select from the Disease Code List for the type of disease in C5.

Record the name of the disease and select from the List.

C6 Has the child suffered any serious injury that disabled him/her so far?

Interviewer Note: It would be best if the interviewer could ask the disabled respondent to show his/her “Disabled Certificate”.

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to C7] 5. Cannot tell yet [Skip to C7]

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability, intelligence disability, disability in limbs and trunk, and mental disability. The standard of assessment of disability is based on the *Practical Standard of Disability Assessment in China* approved by the State Council.

(2) The assessment of disability levels experienced a change and has two different standards, one with 4 levels and the other with 9 levels. Please specify whether the record follows a 4-level or a 9-level standard. If it is Level 2 in the 4-level standard, record 2/4. If it is Level 2 in the 9-level standard, record 2/9.

C601 Disability type_____:

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability,

Interviewer Note: Record the response verbatim.

[CAPI] Skip to D4 after answering D101.

D2 What is the highest level of education you hope your child can complete? [\[Show card\]](#) [\[List of levels of education\]](#)

- | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Illiterate/Semi-literate [Masked] | 2. Primary school | 3. Middle school |
| 4. High school | 5. 2- or 3-year college | |
| 6. 4-year college/Bachelor's degree | 7. Master's degree | 8. Doctoral degree |
| 9. No need to go to school | | |

D3 Have you ever thought about sending your child to study abroad?

1. Yes 5. No **[Skip to D4]**

D301 At which level of school do you want to send your child to study abroad?

- | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Primary school | 2. Middle school | 3. High school |
| 4. 2- or 3-year college | 5. 4-year college/Bachelor's degree | |
| 6. Master's degree | 7. Doctoral degree | |

D4 Have you started saving money specifically for your child's education?

1. Yes 5. No

D5 The cost of the child's education last year (excluding living expense).

Interviewer Note: Any educational cost counts regardless of whether or not it was paid by the family.

D501 Tuition _____

D502 Books and supplies _____

D503 Extracurricular/Home tutoring _____

D504 Room and Board _____

D505 Transportation _____

D506 Other expenses _____

D510 According to the information you provided, the total cost of the child's education last year was "the sum of D501-D506" yuan. How much of this was paid by your family? _____

Part E

[CAPI] If the child is 1 year old according to A1, continue to E1. If the child is 2 years old, skip to E2.

E1 The following are some questions about parenting. Please tell us your opinion [\[Show card\]](#) [\[Views on Parenting\]](#)

[CAPI] Skip to Z301 after answering E108.

E2 The following are some typical reasons for raising a child. Please tell us your opinion based on your own experience [\[Show card\]](#) [\[Reasons for Raising a Child\]](#)

[CAPI] Skip to Z301 after answering E209.

Part Z

Interviewer: Please observe the respondent's home environment, and then answer the following questions:

Z1 Home environment (such as child's artwork, books, or other study materials) indicates that the parents care about the child's education.

1. Extremely agree 2. Agree 3. Neither agree nor disagree 4. Disagree 5. Extremely disagree

Z2 The parents take the initiative in actively communicating with the child.

1. Extremely agree 2. Agree 3. Neither agree nor disagree 4. Disagree 5. Extremely disagree

Part G

[Extracurricular Tutoring]

G1 In the most recent month when he/she was not on vacation, did the child ever participate or is he/she currently participating in any parent-child/tutorial class?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to G2]

F1: "Tutorial class" refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G101 In the most recent month when he/she was not on vacation, what was the cost of the parent-child/tutorial class per week? _____

F1: "Tutorial class" refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G2 In the latest month that was not a vacation, did the child ever participate in any parent-child/tutorial class?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to G203]

F1: "Tutorial class" refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G201 In the latest month that was not a vacation, what was the cost of the parent-child/tutorial classes per week? _____

F1: "Tutorial class" refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G202 In the latest month that was not a vacation, how much time per week on average did the child spend on the parent-child/tutorial class? _____ hour

F1: "Tutorial class" refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

[CAPI] If G1 and G2 are both "5. No", skip to G3, otherwise continue to G203.

G203 Which of the following parent-child/tutorial classes did the child participate in? [Select all that apply]

- | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| 1. Chinese language | 2. Math | 3. Foreign language | |
| 4. Musical instrument | 5. Chess | 6. Painting and calligraphy | 7. Vocal music |
| 8. Dance | 9. Sports | 10. Games [non-electronic] | |
| 77. Other [Please specify] _____ | | | |

F1: "Tutorial class" refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G3 The following questions relate to the interaction between you and your child or his/her siblings. Please answer them according to the actual situation.

G304 How often do you or other adults or his/her elder siblings use toys, games, or other things to help the child learn numbers?

Interviewer Note: If "never", record "0".

1. Several times a year or less 2. Once a month 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Several times a week 5.

Every day

G305 How often do you or other adults or his/her elder siblings use toys, games, or other things to help the child distinguish colors?

Interviewer Note: If "never", record "0".

1. Several times a year or less 2. Once a month 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Several times a week 5.

Every day

G306 How often do you or other adults or his/her elder siblings use toys, games, or other things to help the child distinguish shapes?

Interviewer Note: If "never", record "0".

1. Several times a year or less 2. Once a month 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Several times a week 5.

Every day

Toddler Module (Part 2)

3-6 Years Old (3 years or older, but less than 6 years old)

Part A

A101 Your child's gestational age: _____ months

F1: "Gestational age" refers to the time period when the infant is in the maternal body. It is usually measured in months medically measured in weeks. Here it is measured in months.

A102 Your child's birth weight: _____ 0.5 kilograms [please record to one decimal place]

A103 Your child's current weight: _____ 0.5 kilograms [please record to one decimal place]

A104 Your child's current height: _____ centimeters

A105 How long has your child been breastfed so far: _____ months.

A106 Where was your child born?

1. Hospital 5. Home 77. Other [Please Specify] _____

A107 Your child's birthplace is:

Province _____ City _____ County (District) _____

A108 Type of the child's birthplace

1. Rural village 2. City 3. Town 4. Suburb

F1: "Birthplace" refers to the rural-urban strata of the location where the child was born. If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a town hospital, then the birthplace is "town". If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a city hospital, then the birthplace is "city". If a mother from a city gave birth to the child at a peasant's home, then the birthplace is "rural village".

[CAPI] If the child's age is 3 according to A1, skip to A4; otherwise, continue.

A2 Was the child's residence at age 3 the same as his/her birthplace?

1. Yes [Skip to A4] 5. No

A201 The child's residence at age of 3 was

Province _____ City _____ County (District) _____

A4 Your child's current household registration type is:

1. Agricultural 3. Non-Agricultural 5. Not registered [Skip to A3]

79. Not applicable [Skip to A3]

Interviewer Note: If the child's nationality is not Chinese, record "79. Not applicable".

A5 Is your child's current place of household registration the same as his/her birthplace?

1. Yes [Skip to A3] 5. No

F1: "Birthplace" refers to the rural-urban strata of the location where the child was born. If a mother from

a rural area gave birth to the child in a town hospital, then the birthplace is “town”. If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a city hospital, then the birthplace is “city”. If a mother from a city gave birth to the child at a peasant’s home, then the birthplace is “rural village”.

A501 Your child’s current place of household registration is a

Province_____City_____County (District) _____

[CAPI] If the child is 3 years old according to A1, skip to A6; otherwise, continue.

A3 Your child’s household registration type at age 3 was

1. Agricultural 3. Non-Agricultural 5. Not registered 79. Not applicable

Interviewer Note: If the child’s nationality is not Chinese, record “79 Not applicable”.

F1: (1) “Not registered” means the child has not registered yet and his/her nationality is not foreign.

(2) “Not applicable” means non-Chinese nationality. The parents are Chinese citizen, but the child was born in a foreign country and entitled to foreign citizenship.

A6 Child’s ethnicity_____

Part B

B1 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, where did your child mainly live?

[Select only one response]

1. Home 2. School dormitory 3. Friend’s/relative’s home
4. Kindergarten/daycare 77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1 (In general term): (1) “Mainly live” refers to a daily living place rather than a temporary shelter. If the child lives at home, record “1”; if the student lives at school, record “2”.

(2) “Kindergarten/daycare” refers to child care institutes that are registered with the government. Nowadays, there are also child care institutes owned by foreign investors and private kindergartens.

F1 (In technical term): A child care institute with 50 children or more is called a kindergarten and is administrated by the municipal education commission. The child care institute with less than 50 students is called daycare and is administrated by the municipal Women’s Federation. In addition, all kinds of private kindergartens and daycares are counted.

B2 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, who mainly took care of the child?

[Select only one response]

1. Child’s paternal grandparents 2. Child’s maternal grandparents
3. Child’s Father [Skip to B5] 4. Child’s mother [Skip to B5]
5. Babysitter 6. Daycare 7. Self-care
77. Other [Please specify] _____

B201 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, how many times could the child meet his/her parents per week on average?_____times

Interviewer Note: (1) Either the mother or the father, or both.

(2) “Meet” means a meeting longer than 1 hour. Principle of calculation: record at most once per day. If

the child meets the parents more than once per day, and every meeting lasts more than one hour, record 1 time; if the child lives with the parents every day, which means they meet daily, record 7 times per week.

B3 Before age 3, the longest continuous time period when neither parent was living with the child was _____weeks/months/years.

Interviewer Note: The shortest time measurement is 1 week. If the time period is more than 1 week but less than 2 weeks, record 2 weeks. Do not use decimals.

F1: “Continuous time period” means the time when neither parent was eating, sleeping or living with the child at all. “Continuous” means there is no interim. If the child and the parents separate several times, select the longest time period.

B4 Last year, the longest continuous time period when neither parent was living with the child was _____weeks/months.

Interviewer Note: The shortest time measurement is 1 week. If the time period is more than 1 week but less than 2 weeks, record 2 weeks. Do not use decimal.

F1: “Continuous time period” means the time when neither parents was eating, sleeping or living with the child at all. “Continuous” means there is no interim. If the child and the parents separate several times, select the longest time period.

B501 How old (in months) was the child when he/she started walking? _____months

Interviewer Note: If the child still cannot walk, record “-8”.

F1: “Walking” means walking on one’s own without the assistance of any other objects or external forces. Even walking 3-5 steps counts.

B601 How old (in months) was the child when he/she started speaking complete sentences such as “I want to eat”? _____months

Interviewer Note: If the child still cannot speak complete sentences, record “-8”.

F1: The time period from birth to whenever the child could speak a complete sentence.

B701 How old (in months) was the child when he/she was able to count from 1 to 10? _____months

Interviewer Note: If the child still cannot count from 1 to 10, record “-8”.

B801 How old (in months) was the child when he/she was able to urinate by him/herself? _____
months

Interviewer Note: If the child still cannot urinate by himself/herself, record “-8”.

Part C

C1 Last month, the child was sick _____times

F1: “Was sick” means felt physically uncomfortable and received treatment by taking medicine or other methods.

C101 Last month, the child went to hospital due to illness _____ times.

F1: (1) “Hospital/Medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccinations, routine physical examinations, and so on do not count.

C2 How many times was the child sick before age 1? _____ times

F1: “Was sick” means felt physically uncomfortable and received treatment by taking medicine or other methods.

C201 How many times did the child go to hospital before age 1? _____ times

F1: (1) “Hospital/Medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccinations, routine physical examinations, and so on do not count.

C3 Generally, what would you do if the child had a minor illness (such as fever or diarrhea)?

1. See a doctor right away.
2. Find/buy medicine myself
3. Folk medical treatment (such as skin scraping therapy)
4. Ask for religious/Buddha’s help or hold a religious ritual
5. Take no actions and wait for natural recovery
77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: (1) “Minor illness” means a disease which is not serious and from which the patient can recover by taking medicines without medical assistance or at minimal cost.

(2) “Skin scraping therapy” is a kind of traditional naturopathy based on the theory of Chinese medicine. The doctor uses tools (e.g., ox horn, jade, cupping jar) to scrap a certain part of the patient’s body in order to dredge the channels in the body, promote blood circulation and remove blood stasis.

(3) “Religious ritual” means religious activities or rites such as prayer.

C4 Last year, how many times did the child go to hospital due to illness?

_____ times

F1: (1) “Hospital/Medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccinations, routine physical examinations, and so on do not count.

C401 Last year, was the child ever hospitalized due to illness?

1. Yes

5. No

F1: “Hospitalized” means that the child stayed overnight in a hospital ward for at least one night due to disease or accidental injury.

C5 The most serious disease the child has ever had since birth was _____

Interviewer Note: (1) Record the name of the disease in detail.

(2) If the child has never had any disease, record “79”.

C501 The interviewer should select from the Disease Code List for the type of the disease in C5.

Record the name of the disease and select from the List.

C6 Has the child suffered any serious injury that disabled him/her so far?

Interviewer Note: It would be best if the interviewer could ask the disabled respondent to show his/her “Disabled Certificate”.

1. Yes

3. No [Skip to C7]

5. Cannot tell yet [Skip to C7]

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability, intelligence disability, disability in limbs and trunk, and mental disability. The standard of assessment of disability is based on the *Practical Standard of Disability Assessment in China* approved by the State Council.

(2) The assessment of disability levels experienced a change and has two different standards, one with 4 levels and the other with 9 levels. Please specify whether the record follows a 4-level or a 9-level standard. If it is Level 2 in the 4-level standard, record 2/4. If it is Level 2 in the 9-level standard, record 2/9.

C601 Disability type _____

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability, intelligence disability, disability in limbs and trunk and mental disability. The standard of assessment of disability is based on the *Practical Standard of Disability Assessment in China* approved by the State Council.

(2) The assessment of disability levels experienced a change and has two different standards, one with 4 levels and the other with 9 levels. Please specify whether the record follows a 4-level or a 9-level standard. If it is Level 2 in the 4-level standard, record 2/4. If it is Level 2 in the 9-level standard, record 2/9.

C602 Disability level _____

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability, intelligence disability, disability in limbs and trunk and mental disability. The standard of assessment of disability is based on the *Practical Standard of Disability Assessment in China* approved by the State Council.

1. Extremely agree 2. Agree 3. Neither agree nor disagree 4. Disagree
5. Extremely disagree

Part F

F1 Is the child currently attending kindergarten?

Interviewer Note: If the child has started to attend kindergarten already, but is on vacation now, record “1. Yes”

1. Yes [Skip to F103] 5.No [Skip to F101]

F1 (In general term): “Kindergarten” refers to child care institutes that are registered with the government. Nowadays, there are also child care institutes owned by foreign investors and private kindergartens.

F1 (In technical term): A child care institute with 50 children or more is called a kindergarten and is administrated by the municipal education commission. A child care institute with less than 50 students is called daycare and is administrated by the municipal Women’s Federation. In addition, all kinds of private kindergartens and daycares are counted.

F101 Has the child ever attended kindergarten?

1. Yes [Skip to F102] 5. No [Skip to F3]

F1 (In general term): “Kindergarten” refers to child care institutes that are registered with the government. Nowadays, there are also child care institutes owned by foreign investors and private kindergartens.

F1 (In technical term): A child care institute with 50 children or more is called a kindergarten and is administrated by the municipal education commission. The child care institute with less than 50 students is called daycare and is administrated by the municipal Women’s Federation. In addition, all kinds of private kindergartens and daycares are counted.

F102 When did the child start and stop attending kindergarten:

From _____ month/year to _____ month/year

F1 (In general term): “Kindergarten” refers to child care institutes that are registered with the government. Nowadays, there are also child care institutes owned by foreign investors and private kindergartens.

F1 (In technical term): A child care institute with 50 children or more is called a kindergarten and is administrated by the municipal education commission. The child care institute with less than 50 students is called daycare and is administrated by the municipal Women’s Federation. In addition, all kinds of private kindergartens and daycares are counted.

[CAPI] Skip to F3 after answering F102.

F103 In the latest month that was not a vacation, how many hours per week on average did the child attend kindergarten? _____ hours

F104 How far is the kindergarten from the child's residence? _____ meters/li (Chinese miles)/kilometers

F105 How much time is needed for you to take the child to the kindergarten? _____ minutes/hours

F106 On what schedule is the child currently attending kindergarten? [Select only one response]

1. Day and night 2. Half of day and night 3. Day care

F107 Last month, how much did you pay for the kindergarten? _____ yuan

F1: "Pay for the kindergarten" includes all the costs paid to the kindergarten such as catering, clothes and quilts, etc. The money should be counted as long as it was paid to the kindergarten.

F2 The following are some questions about your child and his/her relationship with other children.

F201 How often does your child play with other children of the same age?

Interviewer Note: If "never", record "1".

1. Several times a year or less 2. Once a month 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Several times a week
5. Every day

F202 How often does your child play with other children who are older than him-/herself?

Interviewer Note: If "never", record "1".

1. Several times a year or less 2. Once a month 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Several times a week
5. Every day

F203 How often does your child play with other children who are younger than him-/herself?

Interviewer Note: If "never", record "1".

1. Several times a year or less 2. Once a month 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Several times a week
5. Every day

F204 Among the children who play with your child, are they mostly boys or girls?

1. Mostly boys 3. Mostly girls 5. About the same

[CAPI] Skip to G2 after answering F204.

F3 Is your child currently going to primary school?

Interviewer Note: If the child has started to attend primary school, record "1. Yes" even if he/she is currently on vacation.

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to G2]

F303 When did he/she start going to primary school? _____ year

Part G

[Extracurricular Tutoring]

G2 In the latest month that was not a vacation, did the child ever participate or is he/she currently participating in any extracurricular/home tutoring?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to G3]

F1: “Tutoring” refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G202 In the latest month that was not a vacation, how many time per week on average did the child spend in extracurricular/home tutoring? ___ hours

F1: “Tutoring” refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G203 In which of the following types of extracurricular/home tutoring has the child ever participated or is currently participating? [Select all that apply]

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Chinese language | 2. Math | 3. Foreign language | 4. Musical instrument |
| 5. Chess | 6. Painting and calligraphy | 7. Vocal music | 8. Dance |
| 9. Sports | 11. Other [Please specify] _____ | | |

F1: “Tutoring” refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G3 The following questions are related to the interaction between you and your child or his/her siblings. Please answer them according to the actual situation last year.

G301 How often did you read things to your child, such as stories?

Interviewer Note: If “never”, record “0”.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Several times a year of less | 2. Once a month | 3. 2-3 times a month | 4. Several times a week |
| 5. Every day | | | |

G302 How often did you buy books for your child, such as picture books?

Interviewer Note: If “never”, record “0”.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Several times a year of less | 2. Once a month | 3. 2-3 times a month | 4. Several times a week |
| 5. Every day | | | |

G303 How often did your family members take the child out to play, such as strolling in the park, going to the playground, shopping, or having a picnic?

Interviewer Note: If “never”, record “0”.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Several times a year of less | 2. Once a month | 3. 2-3 times a month | 4. Several times a week |
| 5. Every day | | | |

G308 How often did you or other adults or his/her siblings use toys, games or other things to help the child learn characters?

Interviewer Note: If “never”, record “0”.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Several times a year of less | 2. Once a month | 3. 2-3 times a month | 4. Several times a week |
| 5. Every day | | | |

G307 How often did the child participate in training courses or activities?

Interviewer Note: (1) If “never”, record “0”.

(2) A formal course taught at kindergarten does not count, but all other training courses or activities at kindergarten are counted.

1. Several times a year or less 2. Once a month 3. 2-3 times a month
4. Several times a week 5. Every day

Adolescent Module

6-16 Years Old

(6 years or older, but less than 16 years old)

Part A

A101 Your child's gestational age: _____ months

F1: "Gestational age" refers to the time period when the infant is in the maternal body. It is usually measured in months though medically in weeks. Here it is measured in months.

A102 Your child's birth weight: _____ 0.5 kilograms [please record to one decimal place]

A103 Your child's current weight: _____ 0.5 kilograms [please record to one decimal place]

A104 Your child's current height: _____ centimeters

A105 How long has your child been breastfed so far: _____ months.

A106 Where was your child born?

1. Hospital 5. Home 77. Other [Please Specify] _____

A107 Your child's birthplace is a

Province _____ City _____ County (District) _____

A108 Type of child's birthplace:

1. Rural village 2. City 3. Town 4. Suburb

F1: "Birthplace" refers to the rural-urban strata of the location where the child was born. If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a town hospital, then the birthplace is "town". If a mother from a rural area gave birth to the child in a city hospital, then the birthplace is "city". If a mother from a city gave birth to the child in a peasant's home, then the birthplace is "rural village".

A2 Was the child's residence at the age of 3 the same as the birthplace?

1. Yes [Skip to A3] 5. No

A201 The child's residence at the age of 3 was a

Province _____ City _____ County (District) _____

A3 Your child's household registration type at age 3 was

1. Agricultural 3. Non-Agricultural 5. Not registered 79. Not applicable

Interviewer Note: If the child's nationality is not Chinese, record "79 Not applicable".

A4 Your child's current household registration type is

1. Agricultural 3. Non-Agricultural 5. Not registered [Skip to A6]
79. Not applicable [Skip to A6]

Interviewer Note: If the child's nationality is not Chinese, record "79 Not applicable".

F1: (1) "Not registered" means the child has not registered yet and his/her nationality is not foreign.

(2) "Not applicable" means non-Chinese nationality. The parents are Chinese citizen, but the child was

born in a foreign country and entitled to foreign citizenship.

A5 Is your child's current place of household registration the same as his/her birthplace?

1. Yes [Skip to A3] 5. No

A501 Your child's current place of household registration is

Province _____ City _____ County (District) _____

A6 Child's ethnicity: _____

Part B

B1 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, where did your child mainly live?

[Select only one response]

1. Home 2. School dormitory 3. Friend's/relative's home
4. Kindergarten/daycare 77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: "Mainly live" refers to a daily living place rather than a place to stay overnight tonight. If the child lives at home, record "1"; if the student lives at school, record "2".

B2 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, who mainly took care of the child?

1. Child's paternal grandparents 2. Child's maternal grandparents
3. Child's Father [Skip to B3] 4. Child's mother [Skip to B3]
5. Babysitter 6. Daycare 7. Self-care
77. Other [Please specify] _____

B201 In the most recent month when the parents were not on vacation, how many times could the child meet the parent(s) per week on average? _____ times

Interviewer Note: (1) Either the mother or the father, or both.

(2) "Meet" means a meeting longer than 1 hour. Principle of calculation: record once at most for a day. If the child meets the parents more than once per day, and every meeting is more than one hour, record 1 time; if the child lives with the parents every day, which means they meet daily, record 7 times per week.

B3 Before age 3, the longest continuous time period when neither parent was living with the child was _____ weeks/months/years.

Interviewer Note: The shortest time measurement is 1 week. If the time period is more than 1 week but less than 2 weeks, record 2 weeks. Do not use decimals.

F1: "Continuous time period" means the time when neither parent was eating, sleeping or living with the child at all. "Continuous" means there is no interim. If the child and the parents separate several times, select the longest time period.

B4 Last year, the longest continuous time period when neither parent was living with the child was _____ weeks/months.

Interviewer Note: The shortest time measurement is 1 week. If the time period is more than 1 week but less than 2 weeks, record 2 weeks. Do not use decimals.

F1: “Continuous time period” means the time when neither parents is eating, sleeping or living with the child at all. “Continuous” means there is no interim. If the child and the parents separate several times, select the longest time period.

B501 How old (in months) was the child when he/she started walking? _____ months

Interviewer Note: If the child still cannot walk, record “-8”.

F1: “Walking” means walking on one’s own without the assistance of any other objects or external forces. Even walking 3-5 steps counts.

B601 How old (in months) was the child when he/she started speaking complete sentences such as “I want to eat”? _____ months

Interviewer Note: If the child still cannot speak complete sentences, record “-8”.

F1: The time period from birth to whenever the child could speak a complete sentence.

B701 How old (in months) was the child when he/she was able to count from 1 to 10? _____ months

Interviewer Note: If the child still cannot count from 1 to 10, record “-8”.

B801 How old (in months) was the child when he/she was able to urinate by him/herself? _____ months

Interviewer Note: If the child still cannot urinate by his/her own, record “-8”.

Part C

C1 Last month, the child was sick _____ times

F1: “Was sick” means felt physically uncomfortable and received treatment by taking medicine or other methods.

C101 Last month, the child went to hospital due to illness _____ times.

F1: (1) “Hospital/Medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccinations, routine physical examinations, and so on do not count.

C2 How many times was the child sick before age 1? _____ times

F1: “Was sick” means felt physically uncomfortable and received treatment by taking medicine or other methods.

C201 How many times did the child go to hospital before age 1? _____ times

F1: (1) “Hospital/Medical center” means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide

general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, and private clinic. However, specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccinations, routine physical examinations, and so on do not count.

C3 Generally, what would you do if the child had a minor illness (such as a fever or diarrhea)? [Select only one response]

1. See a doctor right away.
2. Find/buy medicine myself
3. Folk medical treatment (such as skin scraping therapy)
4. Ask for religious/Buddha's help or hold a religious ritual
5. Take no actions and wait for natural recovery
77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: (1) "Minor illness" means a disease which is not serious and from which the patient can recover by taking medicines without medical assistance and at minimal cost.

(2) "Skin scraping therapy" is a kind of traditional naturopathy based on the theory of Chinese medicine. The doctor uses tools (e.g., ox horn, jade, cupping jar) to scrap a certain part of the patient's body in order to dredge the channels in the body, promote blood circulation and remove blood stasis.

(3) "Religious ritual" means religious activities or rites such as prayer.

C4 Last year, how many times did the child go to hospital due to illness? _____ times

F1: (1) "Hospital/Medical center" means a place equipped with medical staff and facilities to provide general medical care and services, such as a general hospital, town hospital, community hospital, village clinic, or private clinic. Specialized hospitals such as dental clinics or supplementary clinics in drugstores do not count.

(2) Vaccinations, routine physical examinations, and so on do not count.

C401 Last year, was the child ever hospitalized due to illness?

1. Yes
- 5.No

F1: "Hospitalized" means that the child stayed overnight in a hospital ward for at least one night due to disease or accidental injury.

C5 The most serious disease the child has ever had since birth was _____.

Interviewer Note: (1) Record the name of the disease in detail.

(2) If the child has never had any disease, record "79".

C501 The interviewer should select from the Disease Code List the type of the disease in C5.

Record the name of the disease and select from the List.

C6 Has the child suffered any serious injury that disabled him/her so far?

Interviewer Note: It would be best if the interviewer could ask the disabled respondent to show his/her

“Disabled Certificate”.

1. Yes 3. No [Skip to C7] 5. Cannot tell yet [Skip to C7]

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability, intelligence disability, disability in limbs and trunk, and mental disability. The standard of assessment of disability is based on the *Practical Standard of Disability Assessment in China* approved by the State Council.

(2) The assessment of disability levels experienced a change and has one standard with 4 levels and another standard with 9 levels. Please specify whether the record follows a 4-level or a 9-level standard. If it is Level 2 in the 4-level standard, record 2/4. If it is Level 2 in the 9-level standard, record 2/9.

C601 Disability type_____:

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability, intelligence disability, disability in limbs and trunk and mental disability. The standard of assessment of disability is based on the *Practical Standard of Disability Assessment in China* approved by the State Council.

(2) The assessment of disability levels experienced a change in the standard and has one standard with 4 levels and another standard with 9 levels. Please specify whether the record is a 4-level or a 9-level standard. If it is Level 2 in the 4-level standard, record 2/4. If it is Level 2 in the 9-level standard, record 2/9.

C602 Disability level_____

F1: (1) The disability assessment is for five types: visual disability, audition and language disability, intelligence disability, disability in limbs and trunk and mental disability. The standard of assessment of disability is based on the *Practical Standard of Disability Assessment in China* approved by the State Council.

(2) The assessment of disability levels experienced a change and has one standard with 4 levels and another standard with 9 levels. Please specify whether the record follows a 4-level or a 9-level standard. If it is Level 2 in the 4-level standard, record 2/4. If it is Level 2 in the 9-level standard, record 2/9.

C7 Last year, how much money (including the amount reimbursed or to be reimbursed) has been spent on the child’s medical care? (Including medicine, medical treatment, hospitalization, etc.)_____yuan

F1: (1) “Hospitalized” means that the child stayed overnight in a hospital ward for at least one night due to disease or accidental injury.

(2) “How much” means all the expenses on medical treatment and hospitalization.

C701 How much of the cost has been paid by the family directly (excluding the amount reimbursed or to be reimbursed)?_____yuan

C801 Last year, did the child have social medical insurance?

1. Yes 5. No

C802 Last year, how much did the family spend on commercial medical insurance for the child? _____

yuan

Interviewer Note: if the family did not buy any commercial medical insurance for the child, record "0".

Part D

[CAPI] If the child is 7, 9, 11, 13, or 15 year old according to A1, continue to D1. If the child is 6, 8, 10, 12 or 14 years old, skip to D2.

D1 What type of occupation do you want the child to pursue when he/she grows up?

1. Promote social development
2. Help people and serve the society
3. Highly esteemed
4. Respected
5. Make lots of money
6. Ordinary but with a stable income
7. Work on his/her own if not hired by others

D101 What specific occupation do you want the child to pursue when he/she grows up? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the response verbatim.

[CAPI] Skip to D4 after answering D101.

D2 What is the highest level of education you hope your child can complete? [Show card] [[List of levels of education](#)]

2. Primary school
3. Middle school
4. High school
5. 2- or 3-year college
6. 4-year college/Bachelor's degree
7. Master's degree
8. Doctoral degree
9. No need to go to school

D3 Have you ever thought about sending your child to study abroad?

1. Yes
5. No [Skip to D4]

D301 At which level of school do you want to send the child to study abroad?

1. Primary school
2. Middle school
3. High school
4. 2- or 3-year college
5. 4-year college/Bachelor's degree
6. Master's degree
7. Doctoral degree

D4 Have you started saving money specially for your child's education?

1. Yes
5. No

D5 The cost of the child's education last year (excluding living expense):

Interviewer Note: Education fees not paid by the family should be included.

D501 Tuition _____

D502 Books and supplies _____

D503 Extracurricular/Home tutoring _____

D504 Room and Board _____

D505 Transportation _____

D506 Other expenses _____

D510 According to the information you provided, the total cost of the child's education last year was "the sum of D501-D506" yuan. How much of this did your family pay? _____

[CAPI] Hard check $D510 \leq D501 + D502 + D503 + D504 + D505 + D506$.

Part E

[CAPI]

#01 Refer to the child's age in A1. If the child is 9 or 13 years old, continue to E1;

#02 If the child is 6, 10, or 14 years old, skip to E2;

#03 If the child is 7, 11, or 15 years old, skip to E3;

#04 If the child is 8 or 12 years old, skip to E4.

E1 The following are some questions about parenting. Please tell us your opinion. [Show card] [Views on Parenting]

[CAPI] Skip to Z301 after answering E108.

E2 The following are some typical reasons for raising a child. Please give us your opinion based on your own experience. [Show card] [Reasons for Raising a Child]

[CAPI] Skip to Z301 after answering E209.

E3 The following are some questions about your opinion towards *** [child's name]. Please answer the questions without overthinking. [Show card] [Views on the Child Respondents]

[CAPI] Skip to Z301 after answering E312.

E4 The following are some questions about factors affecting your child's future success. Please answer the questions based on your own experience. [Show card] [Factors Affecting Children's Future Success]

[CAPI] Skip to Z301 after answering E407.

Part Z

Interviewer: Please observe the respondent's home environment, then answer the following questions:

Z301 Home environment (such as child's artwork, books, or other study materials) indicates that the parents care about the child's education.

1. Extremely agree 2. Agree 3. Neither agree nor disagree 4. Disagree 5. Extremely disagree

Z302 The parents take the initiative to actively communicate with the child.

1. Extremely agree 2. Agree 3. Neither agree nor disagree 4. Disagree 5. Extremely disagree

Part F

F101 Has the child ever attended kindergarten?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to F3]

F1 (In general term): "Kindergarten" refers to a child care institute that is registered with the government. Nowadays, there are also child care institutes owned by foreign investors and private

kindergartens.

F1 (In technical term): A child care institute with 50 children or more is called a kindergarten and is administrated by the municipal education commission. A child care institute with less than 50 students is called daycare and is administrated by the municipal Women's Federation. In addition, all kinds of private kindergartens or daycares are counted.

F102 When did the child start and stop attending kindergarten:

From _____ month/year to _____ month/year

F1 (In general term): "Kindergarten" refers to a child care institute that is registered with the government. Nowadays, there are also child care institutes owned by foreign investors and private kindergartens.

F1 (In technical term): A child care institute with 50 children or more is called a kindergarten and is administrated by the municipal education commission. A child care institute with less than 50 students is called daycare and is administrated by the municipal Women's Federation. In addition, all kinds of private kindergartens or daycares are counted.

F3 Is your child currently going to school?

Interviewer Note: If the child has started to attend school, record "1. Yes" even if he/she is currently on vacation.

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to F804]

F301 What school is the child attending?

1. Kindergarten/Pre-primary School [Skip to F804] 2. Primary school 3. Middle school
4. High school 5. College

F302 What grade of "choice of F301" is the child in now? _____

F303 In which year did the child start "choice of F301"? _____

F304 Is the child boarding at school?

1. Yes 5. No

F1: "Boarding at school" means the child is entrusted to the school and the school is responsible for the living, boarding and catering.

F305 What type of school is the child currently attending? (Select only one response)

1. Ordinary school 2. Key school 3. Private school
4. Migrant school 5. International school

F1: (1) "Ordinary school" refers to a school that is neither a key school nor a school of type 3-5.

(2) "Key school" refers to an elementary, middle or high school that is identified as key by the Bureau/Commission of Education.

(3) "Private school" refers to a school that is not sponsored by the government and is generally established, managed and supported by NGOs.

(4) "Migrant school" refers to a school that mainly enrolls migrant workers' children and provides them with the 9-years mandatory education. "Migrant school" can be either public or private.

(5) “International school” refers to a school for the children of foreigners in China.

F306 Is the child currently in a key class?

1. Yes 3.No

5. The school attended does not distinguish between ordinary and key classes.

F1: “Key class” means that the school organizes the students with higher scores from each class of a grade into one or two classes. They are instructed by excellent teachers. Usually, such a class is called “experimental class”, “dragon class”, or “tiger class”.

F307 How does your child usually get to school?

1. Walk alone 2. Ride bicycle alone 3. Take a bus/tractor/motor car alone
 4. Walk together with an adult family member 5. An adult family member rides a bicycle
 6. An adult family member drives a car/motor vehicle
 7. Other [Please specify] _____

F308 How long does it take to get to school by the transportation chosen above? _____

Interviewer Note: Ask the time for a one-way trip.

F309 When does the child usually wake up on a school day? _____

Interviewer Note: Use the 24-hour time system to record the time.

F310 When does the child usually go to bed on a school night? _____

Interviewer Note: Use the 24-hour time system to record the time.

F4 Last semester, which of your family members tutored “*** [Interviewed child’s name]” for his/her homework? [Select all that apply]

F401 How many hours per week on average did “Person’s name chosen in F4” spend tutoring “*** [Interviewed child’s name]”? _____ hours

Interviewer Note: The time is recorded in integral numbers. If the respondent replies, “1 or 2 hours”, record 2 hours, and so on.

F501 As far as you know, how good was the child’s grade in Chinese language/grammar during ordinary times last semester?

Interviewer Note: The parent/guardian determines the meaning of “Excellent/Good/Average/Poor” by him/herself. Do not explain.

F1: “Grade during ordinary times” means the average grade from quizzes, mid-term exams and other tests. It is not the final grade formally written on the transcript.

1. Excellent 2. Good 3. Average 4. Poor

F502 As far as you know, how good was the child’s grade in math during ordinary times last semester?

Interviewer Note: The parent/guardian determines the meaning of “Excellent/Good/Average/Poor” by him/herself. Do not explain.

F1: “Grade during ordinary times” means the average grade from quizzes, mid-term exams and other tests.

It is not the final grade formally written on the transcript.

1. Excellent 2. Good 3. Average 4. Poor

F6 The following questions are related to your caring about your child's study and life. Please answer according to the actual situation last year [Show card].

1. Very often (6-7 times a week) 2. Often (2-3 times a week) 3. Sometimes (1-2 times a week)
4. Rarely (Once a month) 5. Never

F601 How often did you give up watching TV shows you liked to avoid disturbing your child when he/she was studying?

F602 How often have you discussed what happens at school with your child since this semester started/last semester?

Interviewer Note: Ask about the last semester if it is currently on school vacation.

F603 How often did you ask the child to finish homework?

F604 How often did you check the child's homework?

F605 How often did you restrict the child from watching TV?

F606 How often did you restrict the types of TV programs the child could watch?

F701 What is the average score out of a total of 100 that you expect your child to obtain this/next semester? _____(0-100 points)

Interviewer Note: Ask about the next semester if your child is currently on a school vacation.

F702 If your child brings back a transcript with a score below your expectation, what is your most common solution? [Show card]

1. Contact the teacher 2. Physical punishment 3. Scold the child
4. Ask the child to study harder 5. Restrict the child's activities 6. Help the child more

F8 The following questions are related to your daily observation of *** (Child's name). Please answer according to the actual situation. [Show card]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent says "I don't understand what you are saying" or "Don't want to answer", record "6. Do not know".

(2) Do not read out the responses of "Neither agree nor disagree" or "Do not know." They are not shown on the card either.

(3) "CTRL+D", "CTRL+R" and "79 (Not applicable)" are not allowed here.

1. Totally agree 2. Agree 3. Disagree 4. Totally disagree
5. Neither agree nor disagree [Do not read out] 6. Do not know [Do not read out]

F801 This child studies very hard.

F802 This child checks his/her homework several times after it is finished to make sure it is correct.

F803 This child does not play until he/she finishes his/her homework.

F804 This child can concentrate his/her attention when he/she is doing something.

F805 This child obeys the rules.

F806 Once he/she starts to do something, this child will complete it no matter what happens.

F807 This child likes to arrange his/her own things in order.

[CAPI] If the response to any of the questions above is “6. Do not know”, probe F808.

F808 Why did you answer “Do not know”?

1. Don't want to answer 3. Don't understand the question 5. I really do not know

Part G

[Extracurricular Tutoring]

G2 In the most recent month when he/she was not on vacation, did the child ever participate or is he/she currently participating in any extracurricular/home tutoring?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to G3]

F1: “Tutoring” refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G202 In the most recent month when he/she was not on vacation, how much time per week on average did the child spend on extracurricular/home tutoring? ____ hours

F1: “Tutoring” refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

G203 In which of the following extracurricular/home tutoring activities has the child ever participated or is he/she currently participating? [Select all that apply]

1. Chinese language 2. Math 3. Foreign language
 4. Musical instrument 5. Chess 6. Painting and calligraphy 7. Vocal music
 8. Dance 9. Sports 10. Games [non-electronic]
 77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: “Tutoring” refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

[CAPI] Refer to the child's name in A1. If the child is between 10-15 years old, skip to H1.

Decision-Making Test

DG I have some small gifts (candy or some other similar things). I can only give you one gift if you want it now. However, I can give you two if you wait until we complete the interview. Do you want it now or will you wait until we complete the interview?

1. I want it now

5. I will wait until we complete the interview

Views on Parenting

E1 The following questions are about parenting opinions. Please answer according to your own experience and opinion. [Show card]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent says “I don’t understand what you are saying”, or “Don’t want to answer”, record “6. Do not know”.

(2) Do not read out the responses of “Neither agree nor disagree” or “Do not know”. They are not shown on the card either.

(3) “CTRL+D”, “CTRL+R” and “79 (Not applicable)” are not allowed here.

- | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1. Totally agree | 2. Agree | 3. Disagree | 4. Totally disagree |
| 5. Neither agree nor disagree [Do not read out] | 6. Do not know [Do not read out] | | |

E101 Divorce is always harmful to the child.

E102 Parents should never get divorced for the sake of the child even if they are unhappy in their marriage.

E103 Parents should sacrifice their material life if necessary in order to support their child’s education.

E104 I have a strong responsibility for whether *** [Interviewed child’s name] has good or bad academic grades.

E105 I have a strong responsibility for whether *** [Interviewed child’s name] will be economically independent when he/she grows up.

E106 I have a strong responsibility for whether *** [Interviewed child’s name] will live a happy family life when he/she grows up.

E107 I have a strong responsibility for whether *** [Interviewed child’s name] will feel emotionally happy when he/she grows up.

E108 If a child has a car accident after he/she grows into an adult, his/her parents should bear a strong responsibility.

[CAPI] If the response to any of the questions above is “6. Do not know”, probe E109.

E109 Why did you answer “Do not know”?

- | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Don’t want to answer | 3. Don’t understand the question | 5. I really do not know |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|

Reasons for Raising A Child

E2 The following questions are about reasons for raising a child. Please answer according to your own experience and opinion. [Show card]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent says “I don’t understand what you are saying”, “Don’t want to answer”, record “6. Do not know”

(2) Do not read out the responses of “Neither agree nor disagree” or “Do not know”. They are not shown on the card either.

(3) “CTRL+D”, “CTRL+R” and “79 (Not applicable)” are not allowed here.

- | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1. Totally agree | 2. Agree | 3. Disagree | 4. Totally disagree |
| 5. Neither agree nor disagree [Do not read out] | 6. Do not know [Do not read out] | | |

E201 In order to help me when I get old.

E202 In order to carry on the family name.

E203 In order to help my family economically.

E204 In order to enjoy watching a child grow up.

E205 In order to enjoy having a child accompanying me.

E206 In order to enjoy having a baby.

E207 In order to make the family more important in my life.

E208 In order to increase my sense of responsibility.

E209 In order to strengthen connections with relatives.

[CAPI] If the answer to any of the questions above is “6. Do not know”, probe E210.

E210 Why did you answer “Do not know”?

- | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Don’t want to answer | 3. Don’t understand the question | 5. I really do not know |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|

Views on the Child Respondents

E3 The following questions are about your views on *** (Interviewed Child's name). Please answer according to your own experience and opinion without overthinking. [Show card]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent says "I don't understand what you are saying", "Don't want to answer", record "6. Do not know".

(2) Do not read out the responses of "Neither agree nor disagree" or "Do not know". They are not shown on the card either.

(3) "CTRL+D", "CTRL+R" and "79 (Not applicable)" are not allowed here.

- | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1. Totally agree | 2. Agree | 3. Disagree | 4. Totally disagree |
| 5. Neither agree nor disagree [Do not read out] | 6. Do not know [Do not read out] | | |

E301 This child is optimistic in nature.

E302 This child waits for his/her turn while playing or doing other activities.

E303 This child does things very carefully and in order.

E304 This child is curious and likes to explore. He/she loves new experiences.

E305 This child thinks first before acting and is not impulsive.

E306 This child gets on well with others his/her age.

E307 This child can tolerate the mistakes made by others his/her age during games and other activities.

E308 This child likes to help others while playing or doing other activities.

E309 This child usually does what you tell him/her to do.

E310 This child is able to overcome fidgeting easily.

E311 This child is well liked by others his/her age.

E312 This child tries his/her best to do things independently.

[CAPI] If the response to any of the questions above is "6. Do not know", probe E313.

E313 Why did you answer "Do not know"?

- | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Don't want to answer | 3. Don't understand the question | 5. I really do not know |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|

Factors Affecting the Child's Future

E4 Factors affecting a child's future success are listed below. Please answer according to your own experience and opinion. **[Show card]**

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent says "I don't understand what you are saying", "Don't want to answer", record "6. Do not know".

(2) Do not read out the responses of "Neither agree nor disagree" or "Do not know". They are not shown on the card either.

(3) "CTRL+D", "CTRL+R" and "79 (Not applicable)" are not allowed here.

- | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1. Totally agree | 2. Agree | 3. Disagree | 4. Totally disagree |
| 5. Neither agree nor disagree [Do not read out] | 6. Do not know [Do not read out] | | |

E401 The higher a family's social status is, the greater the child's future achievement will be; the lower a family's social status is, the smaller the child's future achievement will be.

E402 A child from a rich family has a better chance to succeed in the future; a child from a poor family has a worse chance to succeed in the future.

E403 The higher level of education a child receives, the higher the probability of his/her future success will be.

E404 The most important factor affecting a child's future success is his/her talent.

E405 The most important factor affecting a child's future success is his/her effort.

E406 The most important factor affecting a child's future success is his/her luck.

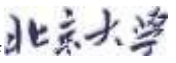
E407 The most important factor affecting a child's future success is whether his/her family has "connections".

[CAPI] If the response to any of the questions above is "6. Do not know", probe E408.

E408 Why did you choose "Do not know"?

- | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Don't want to answer | 3. Don't understand the question | 5. I really do not know |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|

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China Family Panel Studies

Adult Questionnaire

2010 Interview

CONFIDENTIALITY: In accordance with Article 14 of Chapter III of the *Statistics Law*, “[S]ingle item investigation data concerning any individual or his/her family shall not be divulged without the consent of the said person.”

ISSS logo

Institute of Social Science Survey, Peking University

Part A

A1 Your date of birth is _____ year _____ month _____ day

A101 Your birth weight: _____ [Record to one decimal place]

A102 Where were you born? _____ Province _____ City _____ County (District)

A2 What is your current household registration status?

Interviewer Note: if the respondent's nationality is not China, record "79 Not applicable".

1. Agricultural 3. Non-agricultural 5. Not registered [Skip to A3]

79. Not applicable [Skip to A3]

F1: (1) "Not registered" means the child has not registered yet and his/her nationality is not foreign.

(2) "Not applicable" means non-Chinese nationality. The parents are Chinese citizens, but the child was born in a foreign country and entitled to foreign citizenship.

A201 What is the place of your current household registration?

_____ Province _____ City _____ County/District

A3 Was the county/district where you lived when you were 3 years old the same as that where you were born?

1. Yes [Skip to A302] 5. No

A301 The place of residence when you were 3 years old:

_____ Province _____ City _____ County (District)

A302 What was your household registration status when you were 3 years old?

Interviewer Note: if the respondent's nationality was not Chinese when he/she was 3, record "79 Not applicable".

1. Agricultural 3. Non-agricultural 5. Not registered 79. Not applicable

F1: (1) "Not registered" means the child has not registered yet and his/her nationality is not foreign.

(2) "Not applicable" means non-Chinese nationality. The parents are Chinese citizens, but the child was born in a foreign country and entitled to foreign citizenship.

A303 By age of 3, the longest period when your father was living away from you was _____ weeks/months/years.

A304 By age of 3, the longest period when your mother was living away from you was _____ weeks/months/years.

A4 Was your place of household registration at birth the same as that when you were 12 years old?

1. Yes [Skip to A402] 5. No

A401 The place of residence when you were 12 years old:

_____ Province _____ City _____ County (District)

A402 What was your household registration status when you were 12 years old?

Interviewer Note: if the respondent did not hold Chinese citizenship, then it is NA, and please enter "79".

1. Agricultural 3. Non-agricultural 5. Not registered 79. Not applicable

F1: (1) “Not registered” means the child has not registered yet and his/her nationality is not foreign.

(2) “Not applicable” means non-Chinese nationality. The parents are Chinese citizens, but the child was born in a foreign country and entitled to foreign citizenship.

A403 When you were ages 4-12, the longest period when your father was living away from you was _____ weeks/months/years.

A404 When you were ages 4-12, the longest period when your mother was living away from you was _____ weeks/months/years.

A5 Your ethnicity is: _____.

Interviewer Note: Based on the information from the household registration.

[CAPI] If the respondent's year of birth ≥ 1978 according to A1, skip to A7.

A6 What was your family's classification during the Cultural Revolution? _____ [Show Card]

A7 Are you a member of the following organizations? [Show Card] [Select all that apply]

Interviewer Note: School clubs do not count.

1. Communist Party of China
2. Democratic parties
3. County/District or higher level People's Congress (delegate)
4. County/District or higher level Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (member)
5. Labor Unions
6. China Youth League
7. All-China Women's Federation
8. Federation of Industry and Commerce
9. Informal networking organizations (community, network salon, etc.)
10. Religious groups
11. Associations of private enterprises/entrepreneurs
12. Associations of individual workers
77. Other formally registered social groups (such as industry/academic associations, fellowship societies, leagues, etc.)
78. None of the above

F1 (In general term): “Organizations” refers to formally registered government agencies, parties, leagues, religious groups, associations, etc.

F1 (In technical term): (1) Organization is a cooperative system that involves more than two individuals who coordinate with each other. The basic elements of an organization include common goals, willingness to cooperate, and communication of information. Families, enterprises, governments, and social groups are basic forms of organization, and serve as life spaces upon which individuals depend for life and self-fulfillment.

(2) “Democratic parties” are the eight legally recognized political parties in the People's Republic of China, and constitute the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, including the following: Revolutionary Committee of the Chinese Kuomintang, China Democratic League, China Democratic National Construction Association, China Association for Promoting Democracy, Chinese Peasants' and Workers' Democratic Party, Zhi Gong Party, Jiusan Society, and Taiwan Democratic

Self-Government League.

(3) “Labor union” is an organization of workers in enterprises.

(4) “Private enterprises” are privately owned corporations and firms, including privately owned companies, private corporations, and private limited liability companies.

(5) “Individual workers” are the owners and employees in individual businesses, freelancers, and other individuals who belong to this group in accordance with laws and regulations.

(6) “Delegates in National People's Congress” are those who are elected through a multi-tiered representative electoral system as the delegates of the people to implement their rights of state administration.

(7) “Networking organizations” are organizations for social networking.

(8) “Salon” is a cozy place where the host and other participants discuss topics, express opinions, communicate thoughts and gain knowledge.

(9) According to the regulation issued by the State Council in 1989, “social groups” are non-profit autonomous organizations which are established for certain common goals on a voluntary base.

A701 In which year did you join the Communist Party of China? _____

Part B

B1 How many siblings do you have (including those who have passed away)? _____

Interviewer Note: (1) If none, record “0”. (2) Do not count the respondent him/herself.

F1: (1) “Siblings” are brothers and sisters by blood or law

(2) Include the siblings who have passed away.

[CAPI] If “0”, skip to B4.

B2 How many of your siblings live with you? _____

B3 What are the names of the siblings who do not live with you (including those who have passed away)?

_____, _____, _____

Interviewer Note: Fill in the blanks one by one.

B301 “*** (B3 name)” is your ()?

1. Older brother 2. Older sister 3. Younger brother 4. Younger sister

B302 How is “*** (B3 name)” related to you?

1. Same father and mother 2. Same father
3. Same mother 4. No blood relation

B303 What is “****”s date of birth? _____ year _____ month _____ day; Zodiac ____ Age _____

Interviewer note:

(1) Year=4 digits, month=2 digits, day=2 digits.

(2) If the month is unknown, record “January”; if the date is unknown, record “1st” and make a note.

(3) If only the age, but not the date of birth is known, enter “CTRL+D”, and record the zodiac and age.

B304 Is “****” still alive?

1. Yes [[Skip to B307](#)] 2. No

B305 How old was “****” when he/she died?

B306 “****”s cause of death?

[CAPI] Use the “Cause of Death Table”

[CAPI] After answering B306, start with B301 again for the next sibling.

B307 “****”s marital status is _____ [[Show card](#)] [List of [Marital Status](#)]

1. Never married 2. Married 3. Cohabitation

4. Divorced 5. Widowed

B308 “****”s highest educational attainment level is _____ [[Education Level Choices](#) List]

1. Illiterate/Semi-literate 2. Primary school 3. Middle school

4. High school 5. 2- or 3-year college 6. 4-year college/Bachelor’s degree

7. Master’s degree 8. Doctoral degree

B309 “****”s occupation is _____

Interviewer Note;

(1) If the respondent is a child, record “-8 Not applicable”.

(2) If more than one occupation, record the one that takes the most time.

(3) Record detailed information on the occupation, such as department, job responsibility, position, and title.

Examples:

Chinese language teacher and grade leader of ××Primary School

Accountant of ××Company

Director of xx workshop at ××Factory

Nurse from xx hospital in ××County

Farmer who grows rice in the local village

B310 Does “****”hold an administrative/management position?

1. Yes 5. No

B311 What is “****”s administrative/management position? _____

F1: “Administrative/management position” is the position in an organization which deals with management, for example, chief, secretary of a department, manager, etc.

B312 “****”s residence? [Show card] [List of Residence]

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Same neighborhood/Next door | 2. Same village/street |
| 3. Different village/street in the same county/district | 4. Different district in the same city |
| 5. Different county in the same province | 6. Different province |
| _____ Province | |
| 7. Outside of Mainland China (including Hong Kong, Macau, and Taiwan) | |

F1: “Residence” is the relative geographic location to that of the respondent’s family

B401 What is your father’s cause of death?

[CAPI] Skip to B501 after answering B401.

B411 Who does your father live with? [Select all that apply]

B501 What is your mother’s cause of death?

[CAPI] Skip to C1 after answering B501.

B511 Who does your mother live with? [Select all that apply]

Part C

C1 What is the highest level of education you have obtained so far?

- | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Illiterate/Semi-literate [Skip to D1] | 2. Primary school | 3. Middle school |
| 4. High school | 5. 2- or 3-year college | 6. 4-year college/Bachelor’s degree |
| 7. Master’s degree | 8. Doctoral degree | 9. No need to go to school [Masked] |

F1: “The highest level of education” is the highest level of education received at school.

[CAPI]

If the response to C1 is “8”, continue to C101;

If the response to C1 is “7”, skip to C201;

If the response to C1 is “6”, skip to C301;

If the response to C1 is “5”, skip to C401;

If the response to C1 is “4”, skip to C501;

If the response to C1 is “3”, skip to C601;

If the response to C1 is “2”, skip to C701;

C101 Were you a full-time doctoral student or a part-time one?

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1. Full-time | 5. Part-time |
|--------------|--------------|

C102 What was the field of your doctoral degree? [Show card]

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|------------|----------------|
| 1. Philosophy | 2. Economics | 3. Law | 4. Education |
| 5. Literature | 6. History | 7. Science | 8. Engineering |

9. Agriculture 10. Medicine 11. Military science 12. Management

C103 What was the specific major of your doctoral degree? _____

C104 When did you graduate from/drop out of your doctoral program? _____ year

F1: (1) “Graduate” means finishing all the required courses, passing all the exams and receiving the diploma.

(2) “Drop out” means leaving school without finishing the required courses and exams, or without receiving the diploma.

C105 How long did you study for your doctoral degree? _____ years

C106 In which school did you study for the doctoral degree? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the full name of the school.

C107 Did you receive a doctoral degree?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to C3]

C2 Were you ever a master student? 1. Yes 2. No [Skip to C3]

C201 Were you a full-time or part-time student?

1. Full-time 5. Part-time

F1: (1) “Full-time student” is someone who spends all of his/her time on study during a school period and does not have a formal job in any other institute or organization.

(2) “Part-time student” is someone who spends part of his/her time on study during a school period, while at the same time holding a formal job in another institute or organization.

C202 What was the field of your master’s degree? [Show card]

1. Philosophy 2. Economics 3. Law 4. Education
 5. Literature 6. History 7. Science 8. Engineering
 9. Agriculture 10. Medicine 11. Military science 12. Management

C203 What was the specific major of your master’s degree? _____ year

C204 When did you graduate from/drop out of your master’s program? _____ year

C205 How long did you study for your master’s degree? _____ years

C206 In which school did you study for the master’s degree? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the full name of the school.

C207 Did you receive a master’s degree?

1. Yes 5. No

C3 Were you ever a college student?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to C4]

C301 What kind of college did you attend?

1. Ordinary college 2. Adult college
 3. Internet college 77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: (1) “Ordinary College” is a college that enrolls students through the national college entrance exam.

(2) “Adult college” is a college for adults to be educated through, for example, correspondence courses, and part-time and off-the-job training.

(3) “Internet college” is a college that provides teaching and training through Internet.

C302 What was the field of your college study? [Show card]

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 1. Philosophy | 2. Economics | 3. Law | 4. Education |
| 5. Literature | 6. History | 7. Science | 8. Engineering |
| 9. Agriculture | 10. Medicine | 11. Military science | 12. Management |

C303 What was your specific major in college? _____

C304 When did you graduate from/drop out of college? _____ year

C305 How long did you study in college? _____ years

C306 In which school did you study for the bachelor’s degree? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the full name of the school.

C307 Did you receive a bachelor’s degree?

1. Yes 5. No

C4 Were you ever a 2- or 3-year college student?

1. Yes 2. No [Skip to C5]

C401 What kind of 2- or 3-year college did you attend?

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Ordinary 2- or 3-year college | 2. Specialized adult college |
| 3. On-line 2- or 3-year college | 77. Other [Please specify] _____ |

F1: (1) “Ordinary 2- or 3-year college college” is a college that enrolls students through the national college entrance exam.

(2) “Specialized adult college” is a college for adults to be educated through, for example, correspondence courses, and part-time and off-the-job training.

(3) “On-line vocational schools/junior college” is a college that provides teaching and training through Internet.

C402 What was the field of your 2- or 3-year college study? [Show Card]

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 1. Philosophy | 2. Economics | 3. Law | 4. Education |
| 5. Literature | 6. History | 7. Science | 8. Engineering |
| 9. Agriculture | 10. Medicine | 11. Military science | 12. Management |

C403 What was your specific major in the 2- or 3-year college? _____

C404 When did you graduate from/drop out of 2- or 3-year college? _____ year

F1: (1) “Graduate” means finishing all the required courses, passing all the exams and receiving the diploma.

(2) “Drop out” means leaving school without finishing the required courses and exams, or without

receiving the diploma.

C405 How long did you study in 2- or 3-year college? _____ years

C406 In which school did you study? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the full name of the school.

C407 Did you receive a diploma?

1. Yes 5. No

C5 Were you ever a high school student?

1. Yes 5. No **[Skip to C6]**

C501 Which kind of high school did you attend?

1. Ordinary high school 2. Adult high school 3. Ordinary specialized high school
4. Specialized adult high school 5. Vocational high school 6. Technical high school

C502 When did you graduate from/drop out of high school? _____ year

F1: (1) “Graduate” means finishing all the required courses, passing all the exams and receiving the diploma.

(2) “Drop out” means leaving school without finishing the required courses and exams, or without receiving the diploma.

C503 How many years did you study in high school? _____ years

C504 In which school did you study? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the full name of the school.

C505 Did you receive a diploma?

1. Yes 5. No

C6 Were you ever a middle school student?

1. Yes 5. No **[Skip to C7]**

C601 What kind of middle school did you attend?

1. Ordinary middle school 3. Adult middle school 5. Vocational middle school

C602 When did you graduate from/drop out of middle school? _____ year

F1: (1) “Graduate” means finishing all the required courses, passing all the exams and receiving the diploma.

(2) “Drop out” means leaving school without finishing the required courses and exams, or without receiving the diploma.

C603 How many years did you study in middle school? _____ years

C604 In which school did you study? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the full name of the school.

C605 Did you receive a diploma?

1. Yes 5. No

C7 Were you ever a primary school student?

1. Yes 2. No [Skip to C8]

C701 What kind of primary school did you attend?

1. Ordinary primary school 3. Adult primary school 5. Literacy class

C702 When did you graduate from/drop out of primary school? _____ year

F1: (1) “Graduate” means finishing all the required courses, passing all the exams and receiving the diploma.

(2) “Drop out” means leaving school without finishing the required courses and exams, or without receiving the diploma.

C703 How long did you study in primary school? _____ years

C704 In which school did you study? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the full name of the school.

C705 Did you receive a diploma?

1. Yes 2. No

[CAPI] If the respondent is 40 years or older according to A1, skip to D1.

C8 What is the lowest level of education you believe you should have attained? [Show card]

1. Illiterate/Semi-literate [Masked] 2. Primary school 3. Middle school
4. High school 5. 2- or 3-year college 6. 4-year college/Bachelor’s degree
7. Master’s degree 8. Doctoral degree 9. No need to go to school

Part D

D1 In your opinion, how important is it to be able to communicate in the following languages? [Show card]

D101 Mandarin Chinese

Not Important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important

D102 Local dialect

Not Important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important

D103 English

Not Important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important

D104 Other foreign languages

Not Important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important

D105 Non-local dialects

Not Important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important

D106 Minority ethnic languages

Not Important at all 1—2—3—4—5 Extremely important

F1: (1) “Mandarin Chinese” is the modern standard Chinese language promulgated by the government, for example, the pronunciations and tones used in national radio and television news.

(2) “Local dialect” is a language that prevails in the local village/residential community. It has distinct characteristics compared to Mandarin Chinese in terms of pronunciation, tones and use of words.

(3) “Non-local dialect” is a dialect that is different from the local dialect in terms of pronunciation, tone and use of words. It is also different from Mandarin Chinese.

(4) “Minority ethnic language” is an ethnic language that differs from Chinese languages and is used by minority ethnic groups in China, including Zhuang, Buyi, Zang, Mongolian, Uyghur, Kazak, Dai, Dong, Yao, Miao, Shui, Molao, Maonan, Li, Qiang, Monpa, Lhoba, Yi, Lisu, Naxi, Bai, Laku, Hani, Jinuo, Achang, Jingpo, Drung, Pumi, Nu, Tujia, She, Gelo, Jing, Salar, Ozbek, Tartar, Khalkhas, Tu, Dongxiang, Baoan, Oroqen, Ewenki, Man, Xibe, Nanai, Korean, Va, Deang, Blang, Gaoshan, Eluosi, Tajik, Jiaorong, Zaiwa, Deng, Eastern yugur (Raohuer), Western yugur (Enger), Mian, Bunu, Lajia, Paiwan, and Ameisi.

D2 What is the primary language used in your daily communication with your family: [Select only one response]

1. Mandarin Chinese 3. Chinese dialect 5. Minority ethnic language

7. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: (1) “Mandarin Chinese” is the modern standard Chinese language promulgated by the government, for example, the pronunciations and tones used in national radio and television news.

(2) “Chinese dialect” is a language that prevails in the local village/residential community. It has distinct characteristics compared to Mandarin Chinese in terms of pronunciation, tones and use of words.

(3) “Minority ethnic language” is an ethnic language that differs from Chinese languages and is used by minority ethnic groups in China, including Zhuang, Buyi, Zang, Mongolian, Uyghur, Kazak, Dai, Dong, Yao, Miao, Shui, Molao, Maonan, Li, Qiang, Monpa, Lhoba, Yi, Lisu, Naxi, Bai, Laku, Hani, Jinuo, Achang, Jingpo, Drung, Pumi, Nu, Tujia, She, Gelo, Jing, Salar, Ozbek, Tartar, Khalkhas, Tu, Dongxiang, Baoan, Oroqen, Ewenki, Man, Xibe, Nanai, Korean, Va, Deang, Blang, Gaoshan, Eluosi, Tajik, Jiaorong, Zaiwa, Deng, Eastern yugur (Raohuer), Western yugur (Enger), Mian, Bunu, Lajia, Paiwan, and Ameisi.

D3 Are you currently going to school?

1. Yes [Skip to “Schooling Module”] 5. No [Skip to E1]

F1: “Going to school” is the formal way of receiving education, which includes several phases: primary school, middle school, high school, 2- or 3-year college, 4-year college, master, and doctor. “Going to School” can refer to being either a full-time or a part-time student. However, receiving training, tutoring, and taking extra remedial course do not count as “going to school”.

Part E

E1 Your marital status is: **Show card**

1. Never married 2. Married 3. Cohabitation 4. Divorced
5. Widowed

F1: (1) “Never married” refers to individuals who have never been married and are not currently cohabitating.

(2) “Married” refers to currently having a spouse, including both couples who have marriage certificates and those who live together as married couples without marriage certificates, which are known as factual marriages.

(3) “Cohabitation” refers to living with a partner without having a marriage certificate and in a different way from factual marriage. Cohabitation includes living together both before the first marriage and after the first marriage is dissolved.

(4) “Divorced” refers to formerly married individuals who are no longer married and have not yet remarried.

(5) “Widowed” refers to the situation in which one spouse has passed away, and the other has not remarried.

[CAPI]

- # If E1 is “1”, continue to Part F.
- # If E1 is “2”, skip to [Marital History Module 2].
- # If E1 is “3”, skip to [Marital History Module 3].
- # If E1 is “4”, skip to [Marital History Module 4].
- # If E1 is “5”, skip to [Marital History Module 5].

Part F

[CAPI] If the respondent is 60 years or older according to A1, please continue; otherwise, skip to Part G

F1 In the past 6 months, how was the relationship between you and “## (name in Table T2)”?

- 1 . Not close at all 2. Not very close 3. Fair 4. Close 5. Very close

F2 In the past 6 months, have you engaged in any of the following activities with your children? [Select all that apply]

1. Gave them economic help 2. They gave you economic help
3. You did housework for them 4. They did housework for you
5. You helped them take care of their children 6. They took care of you
7. You helped them with financial management 8. They helped you with financial management

F3 For which child have you done “Choice 1, 3, 5, 7”; which children have done “Choice 2, 4, 6, 8” for

you? [Select all that apply]

Part G

[CAPI] If the respondent's year of birth is later than 1978, skip to G2

G1 Have you had any of the following life experiences? [Select all that apply] [Show Card]

1. The "Send-Down" experience
2. Joined the production and construction corps
3. Laborious work at the cadre school
4. Joined the army
5. Been investigated, criticized and denounced during the Cultural Revolution
6. Not had enough to eat for a week
78. None of these [Skip to G2]

[CAPI] For each choice of G1, ask G101-103:

G101 When did "experience from G1" begin? _____ year

G102 When did "experience from G1" end? _____ year

G103 Where did "experience from G1" happen? _____ Province _____ County

G2 Have you ever had any formal work experience for more than six successive months?

Interviewer Note: Include agricultural work and self-employment.

1. Yes
5. No

G3 Do you currently have a job?

Interviewer Note: Include agricultural work and self-employment.

1. Yes
5. No

[CAPI]

If the answer to G3 is "1", and the respondent is 45 years or older, continue to G301.

If the answer to G3 is "1", and the respondent is under age 45, skip to G303.

If the answer to G3 is "5", and the answer to D3 is "1" [in school], skip to Part T.

If the answer to G3 is "5", and the answer to D3 is "5" [not in school], skip to J1.

G301 Are you currently retired? (Including retirement due to disease, internal retirement, and informal retirement)

1. Yes
2. No [Skip to G303]

G302 Reason why you continue to work after retirement: [Select only one response]

1. No longer work after retirement
2. To supplement family income for living expenses
3. To pass the time
4. Love to have a job or work
5. To make more money
6. To be energetic
77. Other [Please specify] _____

G303 What is the overall type of your current job?

1. Self-employed [Skip to G305]
3. At a company (Specific name)
5. Agriculture [Skip to G306]

G304 What is the name of your work unit? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the full name of the respondent's work unit.

G305 What type of work unit is this? [Show card]

1. Government/Party/People's organization/Military
2. State-owned/Collectively-owned public institution/Research institute
3. State-owned/State-controlled enterprise
4. Collectively-owned enterprise
5. Joint stock cooperative enterprise
6. Limited liability company/Company limited by shares
7. Private enterprise
8. Enterprise invested in by Hong Kong/Macao/Taiwan Capital
9. Company invested in by foreign capital
10. Rural family business
11. Individually owned business (*getihu*)
12. Private non-profit organization
13. Association /Guild/Foundation/Social organization
14. Residential community committee/Village committee/Autonomous organization
17. Other [Please specify] _____ 17. Unable to identify

G306 What is your occupation: _____

Interviewer's Note: (1) If more than one occupation, record the one that takes the most time.

(2) Record detailed information on the occupation, such as department, job responsibility, position, and title.

Examples:

Chinese language teacher and grade leader of ××Primary School

Accountant of ××Company

Director of xx workshop at ××Factory

Nurse from xx hospital in ××County

Farmer who grows rice in the local village

G307 What is the category of your occupation? _____

G308 What industry does your occupation belong to? _____

[CAPI] If G303=5, skip to G311 after answering G308.

G309 Do you hold an administrative/management position?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to G311]

F1: "Administrative/management position" is the position in an organization which deals with management, for example, chief, secretary of a department, manager, etc.

G310 What is the position? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the response verbatim.

G311 When did you start to work in the current work unit/farm? _____year

G4 Are you currently primarily engaging in in agricultural work?

1. Yes 2. No

[CAPI]

If G307 = 5000 type, and G4 = 5, do a Hard Check

If G307 = 5000 type, and G4 = 1, skip to the [[Agricultural Work Module](#)]

If G307≠5000 type, and G4=1, do a Hard Check.

If G307≠5000 type, and G4=5, skip to G401.

G401 How many months did you work last year? _____months

Interviewer Note: If the working time was less than one month, record one month.

G402 How many days per month on average did you work during the working months in the last year?
_____days

Interviewer Note: If the working time was less than one day, record one day.

G403 How many hours per day did you work during the working days in the last year? _____

Interviewer Note: If the working time was less than one hour, record one hour.

G404 Your primary workplace is [Select only one response]

1. Outdoors 2. Workshop 3. Indoors 4. Office
5. Home 6. Transportation vehicle 77. Other [Please specify] _____

G405 Do you have any direct subordinates?

1. Yes 2. No [Skip to G407]

F1: "Direct Subordinate" refers to a person who takes direct orders from you.

G406 How many subordinates do you have? _____

F1: Refers to the number of persons being managed by or taking order from the respondent. For example, for a chief manager, it is the total number of employees in the company; for a team foreman, it is the number of workers on the team.

G407 Did you get promoted in terms of a technical or administrative title last year?

1. Promotion in administrative title 2. Promotion in technical title
3. Both 78. Neither

F1: "Promotion" refers to a move upward to a higher-level position within an organization.

G408 What kind of promotion do you wish to receive?

1. Promotion in administrative title 3. Promotion in technical title
5. Both 78. Neither

F1: "Promotion" refers to a move upward to a higher-level position within an organization.

G5 Please evaluate the following aspects of your current job. [Show card]

G501 How satisfied are you with your current income from your job?

1. Very unsatisfied 2. Unsatisfied 3. Fair 4. Satisfied 1. Very satisfied

G502 How satisfied are you with your current job security?

1. Very unsatisfied 2. Unsatisfied 3. Fair 4. Satisfied 1. Very satisfied

G503 How satisfied are you with your current working environment?

1. Very unsatisfied 2. Unsatisfied 3. Fair 4. Satisfied 1. Very satisfied

G504 How satisfied are you with your current working time?

1. Very unsatisfied 2. Unsatisfied 3. Fair 4. Satisfied 1. Very satisfied

G505 How satisfied are you with your current job's promotion opportunity?

1. Very unsatisfied 2. Unsatisfied 3. Fair 4. Satisfied 1. Very satisfied

G506 Overall satisfaction with your current job:

1. Very unsatisfied 2. Unsatisfied 3. Fair 4. Satisfied 1. Very satisfied

G6 Is this your first job?

1. Yes [Skip to G7] 5. No

G601 What was your first job? _____

Interviewer's Note: (1) If more than one job, record the one that takes the most time.

(2) Record detailed information on the job, such as department, job responsibility, position, and title.

Examples:

Chinese language teacher and grade leader of ××Primary School

Accountant of ××Company

Director of xx workshop at ××Factory

Nurse from xx hospital in ××County

Farmer who grows rice in the local village

G602 Have you ever changed your job on your own account?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to G604]

F1: "Change your job on your own account" means taking one's own initiative to quit one's current job, and take a new job somewhere else.

G603 What was your main reason for leaving your last job?

Explanation: _____

Interviewer Note: Record the response verbatim.

G604 Have you ever been fired?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to J3]

F1: "Fired" means that one is dismissed from his/her job by the employer.

G7 Did you have a part-time or second job last year?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to J3]

G701 What was your part-time/second job? _____

Interviewer's Note: (1) If more than one occupation, record the one that takes the most time.

(2) Record detailed information on the occupation, such as department, job responsibility, position, and title.

Examples:

Chinese language teacher and grade leader of ××Primary School

Accountant of ××Company

Director of xx workshop at ××Factory

Nurse from xx hospital in ××County

Farmer who grows rice in the local village

G702 What was the amount of income you received from your part-time/second job last month?
_____yuan

G703 How many hours did you work in your part-time/second job last month? _____hours

[CAPI] Skip to J3 after answering G703.

Part J

J1 Have you actively looked for a job in the past month?

1. Yes [Skip to J102] 5. No

J101 Why are you currently unemployed? [Show card]

1. Participate in training 2. Do not want to work 3. Have enough economic capability and hence no need to work

4. Retired 5. Housework 6. Too old and feeble (mainly refer to elderly farmers)

7. No working capacity due to disability/illness 77. Other [please specify] _____

F1(In general term): (1) "Retired" refers to the people who stop employment completely as they are over the upper limit of the working age, or due to other reasons as specified in the law.

(2) "Retired" also refers to those who began to work before September 30th, 1949, but do not work anymore at present.

F1 (In technical term): (1) "Retired" refers to the people who stopped employment completely due to old age or disability resulting from work or diseases.

(2) "Retired" also refers to members of senior cadres, specifically, those who joined the CPC's army, were involved in the revolution in the liberated areas, or worked undercover in the enemy's territories before September 30th, 1949. It also applies to the cadres who enjoyed the benefits from the local government in the liberated areas before the end of 1948, and those who had joined the non-Communist parties before the first Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, advocated the CPC's work, and

were devoted to the revolution (the starting point of being devoted to the revolution is September 21st, 1949).

J102 How long have you been unemployed? _____ months

Interviewer Note: If the respondent has never worked, record "9999".

[CAPI]

01 If the response to J101 is "1", continue to J103

02 If the response to J101 is "4", skip to J2

03 If the response to J101 is "2-3,5-7", skip to J3

04 If the response to J101 is "77", skip to J3

J103 How many hours of work per week can you accept if you decide to work? _____ hours

J104 What is the lowest monthly salary you can accept if you decide to work? _____ yuan

[CAPI] Skip to J3 after answering J104.

J2 When did you retire? _____ year

F1(In general term): (1) "Retired" refers to the people who stopped employment completely because they were over the upper limit of the working age, or for other reasons specified by the law.

(2) "Retired" also refers to those who began to work before September 30th, 1949, but do not work anymore at present.

F1 (In technical term): (1) "Retired" refers to those who stopped employment completely due to old age or disability resulting from work or diseases.

(2) "Retired" also refers to senior cadres; specifically, those who joined the CPC's army, were involved in the revolution in the liberated areas, or worked undercover in the enemy's territories before September 30th, 1949. It also applies to the cadres who enjoyed the benefits from the local government in the liberated areas before the end of 1948, and those who had joined the non-Communist parties before the first Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, and advocated CPC's work, and devoted to the revolution (the starting point of being devoted to the revolution is September 21st, 1949).

J201 What was your wage for the last month before your retirement? _____ yuan/month

F1: Refer to the last full month's income before retirement, including the actual wage, stipend and all other types of formal income from the job.

J3 Do you have any of the following types of welfare, insurances or subsidies [Select all that apply] [Show card]:

1. Public medical insurance
2. Urban Employee Basic Medical Insurance
3. Urban Resident Basic Medical Insurance
4. Supplementary medical insurance

- | | |
|---|---|
| 5. New Rural Cooperative Medical System | 6. Urban basic pension insurance |
| 7. Rural pension insurance | 8. Supplementary pension insurance |
| 9. Maternity insurance | 10. Unemployment insurance |
| 11. Work-related injury insurance | 12. Allocation of reformed public housing |
| 13. Allocation of discounted commercial housing | 14. Subsidy for house-purchase |
| 15. Public housing funding | 16. Rental subsidy |
| 17. Minimum living allowance | 17. None of the above |

F1: (1) Public medical insurance was established based on the instruction on public medical insurance for government officials issued by the State Council in June 1952. The insurance covers government officials, party members, people's organizations, and employees from the work units that are related to health, education, academics and athletics. Disabled soldiers and college students are also covered. This insurance is financed by the local and central governments and is administered by the department of health or the ministry of finance at different levels. This insurance covers medical costs incurred in receiving outpatient and inpatient care, but not the costs of food, living and transportation. If one has financial difficulty, he/she should be compensated by his/her work unit through the administrative budget.

(2) Urban Employee Basic Medical Insurance is the material support provided by the state or society to individuals who are injured or sick, i.e. a social security system that provides medical service or economic compensation. According to the decision made by the State Council in December 1998, it is required to establish a new nationwide basic medical insurance system for urban employees. Based on this decision, those who are eligible to be covered should be the employees from the work units that are specified in the basic medical insurance and that pay the insurance premium. The medical insurance plan covers all of the work units in urban areas, including enterprises (state-owned enterprises, collective-owned enterprises, foreign commercial investment companies, private enterprise, etc.), government branches, institutions, social groups, and non-enterprise work units. It is up to the local government to decide whether rural enterprises and their employees should enter the basic medical insurance system. The insurance premium should be contributed by both the employers and employees. The document specifies that the amount contributed by the employer should be around 6% of the total income of the employee, while the amount contributed by the employee should be around 2% of his/her total income. Retired individuals are covered by the medical insurance system but do not need to pay the premium themselves.

(3) Urban Resident Basic Medical Insurance provides institutional support for basic medical care for unemployed urban residents. It covers the urban residents who have local household registration but are not covered by other types of medical insurance (e.g., Urban Employee Basic Medical Insurance, New Rural Cooperative Medical System, etc.).

(4) Supplementary medical insurance is a concept related to the basic medical insurance. As the national basic medical insurance system can only meet the basic medical needs of the participants, extra medical care may be supported by other types of medical insurance such as the supplementary

medical insurance. Unlike basic medical insurance, supplementary medical insurance is not required by law and is not mandatory. Instead, it is a voluntary plan for employers and employees. There are two main ways to implement the supplementary medical insurance plan. One is to establish and manage the insurance system according to the insurance principles in an industry. Another is to let a commercial insurance company run the system. The current basic medical insurance for urban employees in China can only meet very basic medical needs with shallow coverage, and does not cover the rural population at all. Thus, the development of supplementary medical insurance will be good for the better implementation of basic medical insurance, improvement in the medical care for urban employees, the meeting of all the citizens' medical needs, and the prosperity of a harmonious society.

(5) Urban basic pension insurance is also known as the national basic pension insurance, which is a mandatory system established by the government to cover the basic living needs of retirees. Before the 1990s, there was only one type of pension insurance for retirees in China. Since 1991, a multi-level pension insurance system has been established by incorporating basic pension insurance, enterprise supplementary pension insurance, and individual savings pension insurance. Combining social pooling and personal savings accounts, the basic pension insurance is a novel mode created by China. This system is financed the same way as the traditional basic pension insurance, that is, the cost is shared by government, work units and individuals. The basic pension insurance emphasizes social support, and is distributed in a structural way. It emphasizes the differences between the stimulus for personal saving and work contribution. Thus, this system bears the features of traditional social insurance, such as social support, risk diversification, and security, and meanwhile underlines the individual's sense of self-protection and the stimulus mechanism.

(6) Supplementary pension insurance is established by enterprises to supplement the basic pension insurance. It covers the part of the pension insurance that exceeds the basic pension for employees. It is a type of group life insurance. Enterprise supplementary pension insurance is the core of the multi-level pension system in China. Enterprises are encouraged by the country to establish such an insurance system in collaboration with commercial insurance companies.

(7) Unemployment insurance is a mandatory national insurance system, which is funded by the entire society and provides unemployed individuals with material support. It is one of the most important components of the social security system in China. The social security system includes social insurance, social relief, social welfare, community special care and placement, and social support for workers laid off from state-owned enterprises. The social insurance includes pension insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance, work-related injury insurance, and maternity insurance.

(8) Work-related injury insurance is a system through which the government provides support to the workers who are injured, sick, disabled, or dead due to work-related causes as well as their families. According to the current regulation, work-related insurance is paid by the employees rather than the employers.

(9) Insurance is an economic relationship established through contract which combines multiple

individuals' and groups' risks, calculates the expense based on the probability of loss, establishes funds, and provides support to those who suffer from loss or have certain financial needs.

(10) Allocation of reformed public housing is housing compensation provided by the state to employees who do not receive housing funds. It is a transitional form of the housing system during the period when the public housing system is being commercialized. The price of the house is not determined by the market, but instead by the government. The price is about the cost of housing construction. People have to meet certain requirements to be eligible for this benefit. There is also a limitation on the housing space that one can purchase, preventing people from buying a large house at a low price and hence wasting state-owned resources. Purchase of state-owned housing has other benefits in addition to low prices. For example, one can enjoy certain discount based on his/her work seniority, title and position. Usually, these public houses are not allowed to enter the open market without maintaining the house ownership for several years.

(11) Housing subsidy is a subsidy provided by the government to help people with housing problems, that is, a work unit converts its funds for construction or housing purchase into housing subsidy. The subsidy is deposited to employees' accounts on a regular basis, such as monthly, and can be drawn when the employees purchase or rent a house/apartment in the market. The subsidy has three main sources; the funds for housing construction from the government, the work unit's funds from selling houses, and other channels through which the work unit pools funds. There are three ways of dispensing the subsidy: one-time subsidy, basic subsidy plus one-time subsidy, and monthly subsidy. The first way is mainly designed for senior employees without housing, and is provided when they need to buy a house. The second way is giving a certain amount of money to employees based on their current housing conditions. Monthly subsidy targets junior employees, and is given to them monthly.

Part K

[CAPI]#01 If G4 is "1", skip to K2.

#02 If G3 is "5", skip to K3; otherwise continue to K1.

K1 The following questions pertain to your non-operating income last year. [Show card]

F1: "Non-operating income" refers to the income earned by contributing the respondent's labor or intelligence and paid by an individual or an organization/institute that is not owned by the respondent, such as a wage/salary and bonus. The income of farmers from land, water area and other properties is not included in this category.

K101 What was your average monthly wage/salary last year? _____yuan

Interviewer Note:

(1) If none, record "0".

(2) If wage/salary and bonus cannot be separated, record the following questions as "Unclear".

K102 What was the sum of your average monthly floating wage, overtime pay, and various subsidies and bonuses last year? _____yuan

Interviewer Note: If none, record "0".

K103 What was your year-end bonus last year? _____yuan

Interviewer Note: If none, record "0".

K104 How much money could the goods received from your employer last year be converted to? _____yuan

Interviewer Note: If none, record "0".

[CAPI] If G7=5, skip K105.

K105 Income from second, part-time or temporary job last year [including the amount of money that could be converted from goods]: _____yuan

Interviewer Note: If none, record "0".

K106 Income from other labor work last year: _____yuan

Interviewer Note: If none, record "0".

K107 Pension last year: _____yuan

Interviewer Note: If none, record "0".

K2 Last year, the individual (private) operator's net income was _____yuan [i.e. no other wage income except this].

Interviewer Note:

(1) This refers to the amount of profit received by the individuals who operate the business rather than the company itself. For example, for a family-operated supermarket with an annual income of 100,000 yuan, record 100,000 if all of this was given to the respondent. If the 100,000 yuan was all kept by the family as a whole, then record 0 yuan here, and it would be counted as the family income and recoded in the family questionnaire. If the 100,000 yuan was equally divided between two of family members, one of which is the respondent, then record 50,000 yuan here.

(2) If none, record "0".

F1: Refers to the operating income that goes into a personal account.

K3 Did you get any financial support from your family or relatives last year?

1. Yes; 5. No [Skip to K4]

F1: "Financial support" refers to the money or goods worth 200 yuan or more received in different ways as gifts, such as the money or goods given to you for free, and charges paid on your behalf.

K301 How much was the financial support from your family and relatives in total last year? _____yuan

K4 Did you get any financial support (not including loans) from your village/residential community committee last year?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to K5]

F1: "Financial support" refers to money or goods worth 200 yuan or more received in different ways as gifts, such as money or goods given to you for free, and charges paid on your behalf.

K401 How much in total was the financial support from your village/residential community committee last year? _____yuan

K5 Did you get any subsidy or alms (not including pensions) from the government or your work unit last

year?

1. Yes 5. No **[Skip to K6]**

F1: (1) “Subsidy” refers to general financial support from the government and public institutions, such as “food subsidy”, “price subsidy”, and “transportation subsidy”.

(2) “Alms” refers to the specific subsidy from the government, institutions and individuals that aims to help relieve poverty.

K501 How much in total was the subsidy or alms (not including pension) from the government or your work unit last year? _____ yuan

K6 How much was your total income (from all sources) last year? [Approximation starts at 40000] (2500/5000/7500/12000/18000/27000/40000/60000/90000/140000/210000/320000/480000 yuan)

F1: “Total income” is the sum of all sources of income, including wages, subsidies, stipends, personal rental income, reimbursements, interest, bonuses from stock/funds/bonds, interest income from loans, and the monetary value of the goods received, etc.

[CAPI] Probe K601 after narrowing down the range.

K601 Your personal income (from all sources) last year was _____ yuan.

K7 Your personal income (from all sources) last month was _____ yuan.

K8 Please answer the following questions according to your own situation. **[Show card]**

K801 How popular (in terms of relations with other people) do you think you are?

Very unpopular--1--2--3--4--5-->Very popular

K802 How happy are you?

Very unhappy--1--2--3--4--5-->Very happy

K803 How confident are you about your future?

Not confident at all--1--2--3--4--5-->Very confident

K804 Is it easy for you to get on well with others?

Very difficult--1--2--3--4--5-->Very easy

Part T

Please ask the [\[Time Usage Module\]](#)

Part L

L1 Have you done any of the following during leisure time in the past 3 months? [Select all that apply]

[Show card]

- | | | |
|--------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Watch TV | 2. Read | 3. Bodybuilding/physical exercise |
| 4. Travel | 5. Play cards/mahjongg/games | 6. Eat out |
| 7. Housework | 8. Religious activity | 78. None of the above |

F1 (In general terms): (1) “Bodybuilding/physical exercise” refers to working out physically with an aim to improve one’s physical condition. Generally speaking, the duration of exercise should be

over 20 minutes, until one sweats or feels short of breath.

(2) "Travel" refers to travelling to a place outside of the county/town where one lives.

(3) "Play cards/mahjongg/games" refers to entertainment activities, such as playing chess.

(4) "Religious activity" refers to praying, making wishes, and so on at home or in a religious place.

F1 (In technical term): (1) "Bodybuilding" refers to any exercise with an aim to improve one's physical condition and keep fit.

(2) "Physical exercise" refers to any or a combination of moderately intensive exercises that last over 20 minutes.

(3) "Travel" refers to a visit to a place which is neither a place of permanent residence nor a place of work and staying there for a short period.

(4) "Religious activity" refers to the ritual ceremonies and activities allowed by the constitution, law and related regulations.

[CAPI] For each choice, ask L101 separately.

L101 How often did you do "Activity from L1" last year?

1. Almost every day
2. Several times a week
3. Several times a month
4. Once a month
5. Once every few months.

L2 In the past 3 months, your two most common modes of transportation were: [Show card] [Limited to two responses]

1. Walk
2. Bicycle
3. Electric bicycle
4. Motorcycle
5. Bus
6. Subway
7. Taxi
8. Private car
9. Office car
10. Animal cart
11. Agricultural motor vehicle
77. Other (Please specify) _____

F1: (1) "Electric Bicycle" refers to a bicycle powered by battery.

(2) "Private car" refers to a privately owned car.

(3) "Animal cart" refers to oxcart, carriage, mule cart, and donkey cart.

L201 Have you ever taken a train?

1. Yes
5. No

L202 Have you ever taken a flight?

1. Yes
5. No

L203 Have you ever been to Hong Kong, Macao, or Taiwan?

1. Yes
5. No

L204 Have you ever been abroad (not counting HK, Macao, or Taiwan)?

1. Yes
5. No

Please go to the [[Mobile Phone/Internet Module](#)]

L3 Your main way to get information is: [Three choices at most] [Show card]

1. TV 2. Internet 3. Newspaper/Magazine 4. Radio
5. Text message on mobile phone 6. Informed by other people
77. Other [Please specify] _____

Part M

M1 Have you asked for others' help with any of the following so far? [Select all that apply] [Show card]

1. Borrow money 2. Child's schooling 3. Illness (see a doctor)
4. Job search 5. Child's job search 78. None of these [Skip to M2]

M101 Did you receive help with "choice of M1"?

- 1 . Yes 5. No [Skip to M2]

M102 What was the person who helped in relation to you?

Interviewer Note: Select only the most important one.

1. Relative 2. Friend 3. Classmate 4. Colleague 5. Sibling
6. Parent 7. Parent-in-law 8. Grandparent or older generation
77. Other [Please specify] _____

M103 His/Her "social status" is _____

Interviewer Note: Record the highest level, such as ××Village committee head; ××City××Company manager; ××University Professor; ××Department××Sub-Department Head

M2 Has anyone asked you for help with any of the following so far? [Show card]

1. Borrow money 2. Child's schooling 3. Illness (see a doctor)
4. Job search 5. Child's job search 78. None of these [Skip to M3]

M201 Did you provide help with "choice of M2"?

Interviewer Note: Select only the most important one.

- 1 . Yes 5. No [Skip to M3]

M202 What was the relationship of the person whom you helped to you?

Interviewer Note: Select only the most important one.

1. Relative 2. Friend 3. Classmate 4. Colleague 5. Sibling
6. Parent 7. Parent-in-law 8. Grandparent or older generation
78. Other [Please specify] _____

M203 His/Her "social status" is _____

Interviewer Note: Record the highest level, such as ××Village committee head; ××City××Company manager; ××University Professor; ××Department××Sub-Department Head

[Response choices to M3-M304 and M306] [Show card]

1. Spouse 1. Parents 2. Son 3. Daughter-in-law 4. Daughter
5. Son-in-law 6. Grandchild 7. Other relative 8. Friend/classmate
9. Neighbor 10. Colleague 11. Social worker
12. Babysitter 13. Property manager 14. Teacher
15. God/Allah/Buddhist/Deities 16. No one

[CAPI] If the respondent selects “0-6”, return to Tables T1-4 to record the names.

M3 Who do you chat with most in your daily life? _____

M301 Who is the first person you will talk to when you are worried or upset? _____

M302 Who is the first person you will turn to when you have trouble? _____

M303 Who is the first person you will turn to when you are sick and need to be taken care of? _____

M304 Who is the first person you will ask when you need to borrow a large amount of money? _____

M305 Do you have anyone to whom you can talk about anything?

2. Yes 5. No [Skip to M4]

M306 Who is the one that you tell everything? [Limited to one person] _____

M4 For the following questions, please answer according to your own situation (“1” is lowest, and “5” is highest). [Show card]

M401 What is your income level in your local area?

Interviewer Note: If not applicable (such as a student who does not have any income), record “-8”.

Very low-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very high

M402 What is your social status in your local area?

Very low-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very high

M403 How satisfied are you with your life?

Very unsatisfied--1--2--3--4--5-->Very satisfied

M404 How confident are you about your future?

Not confident at all--1--2--3--4--5-->Very confident

M5 How important are the following things to you? [Show card]

M501 Having lots of money

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very important | |

M502 Not being disliked by others

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very important | |

M503 Having fun in life

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very important | |

M504 Loving relationship with spouse

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very important | |

M505 Not lonely

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very important | |

M506 Feeling successful

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very important | |

M507 Being missed posthumously

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5--Very important |__|

M508 A happy and harmonious family

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5--Very important | |

M509 Having children to carry on the family name

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very important | |

M510 Children being successful

Not important-----1--2--3--4--5-->Very important | |

M6 Of those topics from [M5], which do you think is the most important?

1. Having lots of money
2. Not being disliked by others
3. Having fun in life
4. Loving relationship with spouse
5. Not lonely
6. Feeling successful
7. Being missed posthumously
8. A happy and harmonious family
9. Having children to carry on the family name
10. Children being successful

M7 How much do you agree with the following statements? [Show card]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent does not understand the questions or does not want to respond, record “6. Do not know”

(2) Do not read out or show the cards of “neither agree nor disagree” and “do not know”.

1. Strongly Disagree
2. Disagree
3. Agree
4. Strongly Agree
5. Neither agree nor disagree
6. Do not know

M701 The income gap needs to increase for economic prosperity.

M702 Only with fair competition can there be a harmonious relationship between people.

M703 Wealth reflects an individual’s achievement.

M704 In today’s society, hard work is rewarded.

M705 In today’s society, intellect is rewarded.

M706 In today’s society, corruption is unavoidable in order to accomplish something big.

M707 In today’s society, having social connections is more important than having individual capability.

[CAPI] If the response to any of the questions above is “6”, please probe M708.

M708 Why did you answer “Do not know”?

1. Don’t want to answer
3. Don’t understand the question
5. I really do not know

Part N

N1 Have you ever experienced any of the following incidents? [Select all that apply][Show card]

Interviewer Note: Any experience counts regardless of the outcome of the incident.

1. Money or personal belongings stolen
2. Money or personal belongings robbed
3. Beaten or threatened
4. Break-in theft
5. Break-in robbery
77. Other [please specify] _____
78. None of the above

N2 Have you ever experienced any of the following? [Show card][Make a note if the respondent does not understand]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent has not had the experience, record “79 Not applicable”.

(2) “No” means having experienced this kind of situation but it does not fit the descriptions in the questionnaire.

1. Yes
5. No
79. Not applicable

N201 Facing policies that are unfavorable to you or your family

N202. Being treated unjustly due to the gap between rich and poor

N203 Being treated unjustly due to household registration

N204 Being treated unjustly due to gender

N205 Being treated unjustly by government officials

N206 Having conflict with government officials

N207 Experiencing unreasonable delays and stalling when going to government offices for business

F1: “Stalling” refers to the government officials shirking responsibilities.

N208 Being charged unreasonably when going to government offices for business

N3 Do you pay attention to any of the following news? [Select all that apply][Show card]

1. Anti-corruption
2. Law enforcement
3. International news
4. Economic news
5. Culture/Sports
6. Medical/Health
7. Agriculture/Countryside
8. Social problems
9. Environmental protection
78. None of these [Skip to N4]

N301 How often do you pay attention to “choice of N3”?

1. Very often
3. Sometimes
5. Rarely

N4 How would you rate the performance of the county/district government last year?

1. Good achievement
2. Some achievement
3. Not much achievement
4. No achievement
5. Worse than before

N5 The following questions pertain to factors affecting people’s success. To what extent do you agree with these statements? [Show card]

1. Strongly Disagree
2. Disagree
3. Agree
4. Strongly Agree
5. Neither agree nor disagree [Do not read out]
6. Do not know [Do not read out]

out]

Interviewer Note: (1) If the respondent does not understand the questions or does not want to respond, select “6. Do not know”.

(2) Do not read out or show the cards of “neither agree nor disagree” and “do not know”.

(3) “CTRL+D”, “CTRL+R”, “79 (Not applicable)” are not allowed here.

N501 The higher a family’s social status is, the greater the child’s future achievement will be; the lower a family’s social status is, the smaller the child’s future achievement will be.

N502 A child from a rich family has a better chance of succeeding in the future; a child from a poor family has a worse chance of succeeding in the future.

N503 The higher level of education one receives, the higher the probability of his/her future success.

N504 The most important factor affecting one’s future success is his/her talent.

N505 The most important factor affecting one’s future success is his/her effort.

N506 The most important factor affecting one’s future success is his/her luck.

N507 The most important factor affecting one’s future success is whether his/her family has “connections”.

[CAPI] If the response to any of the questions above is “6”, probe N508.

N508 Why did you answer “Do not know”?

1. Don’t want to answer 3. Don’t understand the question 5. I really do not know

Part P

P1 Your current height is _____ centimeters.

P2 Your current weight is _____ catty (1 catty = 0.5 kilograms)

Interviewer Note: If the respondent has an abnormal body shape, make a note in F2.

P3 How would you rate your health status?

1. Healthy 2. Fair 3. Relatively unhealthy
4. Unhealthy 5. Very unhealthy

P301 How is your health now compared to that one year ago?

1. Better 3. No change 5. Worse

P302 How is your health compared to that of other people your age?

1. Better 3. About the same 5. Worse

P4 During the past two weeks, have you felt physically uncomfortable?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to P5]

P401 During the past two weeks, what type of discomfort have you felt?

1. Fever 2. Pain 3. Diarrhea 4. Cough
5. Palpitation 77. Other [Please specify] _____ 78. None of these

P402 How serious do you think the symptom is?

1. Not serious 3. Fair 5. Serious

P403 Have you seen a doctor?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to P405]

P404 What was the doctor's diagnosis of your illness or injury?

Interviewer Note: (1) Record the two most serious ones if there are multiple diagnosed diseases.

(2) If there is only one disease, record "-8" for the second one.

1. Disease Name _____ 2. Disease Name _____

P404 The interviewer should select from the Disease List for the type of the disease.

1. Disease Type _____ 2. Disease Type _____

P405 Since when did you suffer from this disease/illness?

1. Within the past two weeks
 3. Acute disease that occurred two weeks ago and persisted within the past two weeks
 5. Chronic disease that persisted within the past two weeks

P5 During the past six months, have you had any doctor-diagnosed chronic disease?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to P6]

Interviewer Note: If there is more than one disease, record the two most serious ones in descending order of seriousness.

P501 What was your doctor's diagnosis of the disease you suffered from?

Interviewer Note: (1) Record the two most serious ones if there are multiple diagnosed diseases.

(2) If there is only one disease, record "-8" for the second one.

1. Disease Name _____ 2. Disease Name _____

P501 The interviewer should select from the Disease List for the type of the disease.

[CAPI] Use the Disease Classification Codebook for the Chinese Family Panel Studies

2. Disease Type _____ 2. Disease Type _____

P502 When was this disease/illness diagnosed by a doctor?

1. Six months or more than six months ago 3. Within the past six months

P503 Have you received any medical treatment during the past six months?

1. Yes 5. No

P6 Were you hospitalized last year due to illness/injury?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to P7]

F1: "Hospitalized" means that you stayed overnight in a hospital ward for at least one night due to disease or accidental injury.

P601 How many times were you hospitalized due to illness last year? _____ times

[CAPI] For each time, ask each of the following questions separately (P602-P607) .

P602 In which month was the first [or (N+1)th] time when you were hospitalized? _____

P603 How many days did you stay in hospital? _____

P604 What was the cause of hospitalization? _____

P605 What was the total cost spent on hospitalization? _____ yuan

F1: "Total cost" includes all medical costs for medicine, treatment, inpatient service as well as costs of living, food, and nursing care. "Red envelope" bribe is also included.

P606 How much of the total cost was spent on lodging, food, nursing care and other similar things? _____ yuan

F1: "Nursing care" refers to care provided by a professional worker who specializes in patient care.

P607 How much of the total cost was spent on medical treatment? _____ yuan

F1: "Medical treatment" refers to only the items that are related to medicine, treatment (including surgery) and medical examination.

P608 Your total hospitalization expenses were [sum of the responses above] yuan last year. How much of this was paid directly by your family? _____ yuan

Interviewer Note: If none, record "0".

P609 Who paid more than all the others for your family's direct medical expenses last year?

- | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Myself | 2. Spouse | 3. Husband and wife together |
| 4. Son | 5. Daughter | 6. Children together |
| 7. Parents | 8. Siblings | 9. Relatives |

P610 To what extent did the medical expenses paid directly by your family exceed the amount that your family could afford?

- | | | |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------|
| 1. Seriously unaffordable | 2. Slightly unaffordable | 3. Nearly affordable |
| 4. Affordable | 5. The expenses were only a small fraction of what the family could afford | |

F1: "Exceed the amount that your family could afford" means that the medical expenses were more than the total amount of money the family had in terms of cash, savings, etc.

P7 What would you do in general with a common minor illness [Such as a fever or diarrhea]?

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. See a doctor right away | 2. Find/buy medicine myself |
| 3. Folk medical treatment | 4. Ask for religious/Buddha's help or hold a religious ritual |
| 5. Take no actions and wait for natural recovery | |
| 7. Other [Please specify] _____ | |

F1: "Religious ritual" refers to religious activities such as prayer.

[CAPI] If the response to P7 is "1", skip to P710; otherwise continue.

P701 Why wouldn't you see a doctor for this kind of illness? [Show card]

1. Too expensive
2. Too far away from hospital or other medical facilities
3. No one to accompany me
4. Don't trust doctors
5. No need to see a doctor as I will get better by myself
6. Doctors have a bad attitude
7. Hospital procedures are too complicated and troublesome
77. Other (Please specify) _____

[CAPI] Skip to P8 after answering P701.

P710 Where would you go to see a doctor? [Select only one response]

1. General hospital
2. Specialty hospital
3. Community healthcare center/Township hospital
4. Community healthcare post/village clinic
5. Clinic

F1 (In general term): (1) "General hospital" refers to a so-called "big hospital" where various kinds of diseases can be diagnosed and treated.

(2) "Specialty hospital" refers to a hospital that focuses on specific types of diseases, such as a hospital for obstetrics and gynecology.

(3) "Community healthcare center/Township hospital" refers to a medical facility established at the urban community or township level to treat common diseases.

(4) "Community healthcare post/Village clinic" refers to a medical facility established at the urban community or village level to treat common diseases.

(5) "Clinic" refers to a private clinic, as well as a poorly equipped community/village clinic

F1 (In technical term): (1) "General hospital" is also known as a "third-tier hospital," which provides nationwide medical service and is capable of providing medical treatment and training and conducting medical research. In China, hospitals are organized as a three-tiered system: the first tier is made up of small hospitals at the street community level; the second tier is made up of county level hospitals; and the third tier is made up of general hospitals.

(2) "Specialty hospital" refers to a hospital that treats patients who suffer from certain kinds of diseases, for example, a hospitals for infectious diseases, dental hospital, orthopedic hospital, and so on. In addition, some specialty hospitals serve specific subpopulations, including such hospitals as children's hospital, obstetrics and gynecology hospitals, and the emerging elderly hospitals. These hospitals are, by nature, general hospitals, as they consist of comprehensive medical divisions. It remains controversial whether hospitals of Chinese medicine and hospitals that specialize in combining Chinese and Western medicines are specialty hospitals or not. Here, these hospitals should be considered general hospitals or listed alone.

(3) "Community healthcare center" provides public and basic medical service and is non-profit, which is its fundamental characteristic.

(4) “Clinic” is a type of medical institution that is under the administration of the department of health. “Clinic” is at the same level as a Chinese medicine clinic or ethnic medicine clinic. It is at a lower level compared to hospital, MCH, nursing home, outpatient department, but at a higher level compared to village clinic, emergency center, clinical examination center, special center for disease control, or nursing center.

P711 Are you satisfied with the overall medical service of “P710”?

1. Very satisfied 2. Satisfied 3. Fair
4. Unsatisfied 5. Very unsatisfied

F1: “Medical service” refers to conditions of doctors, medicine, hospitalizations, etc. It also refers to travel distance and transportation convenience.

P712 What do you think of the level of medical expertise there?

1. Very good 2. Good 3. Fair 4. Bad 5. Very bad

P713 Would you choose to see a traditional Chinese medicine doctor if there is one?

1. Yes 3. No 5. Doesn’t matter

P8 How many times did you exercise last week? _____times

F1: “Exercise” refers to any or a combination of moderately intensive physical exercises that last over 20 minutes.

P801 How long did you exercise each time last week? _____minutes

P9 What is your main staple food? [Select only one response]

Interviewer Note: Select the most commonly consumed one.

1. Rice 2. Noodles 3. Grain 77. Other [Please specify] _____

P901 Have you had any of the following foods in the past month? [Select all that apply] [Show card]

1. Meat 2. Fish or other aquatic products 3. Fresh fruits and vegetables
4. Dairy products 5. Bean products 6. Eggs
7. Pickled foods [such as pickled vegetables or soy]
8. Fried foods [such as potato chips or dough sticks] 78. None of these

[CAPI] #1. Ask P902 for each choice.

#2 If P901=78, skip to Q1

P902 How many times have you had “choice of P901” per week in the past month? _____times

Interviewer note:

(4) Round to the nearest integer number. For example, if 5 times a month, then record “1”.

(5) If less than once a week, record “1”.

(6) If eating “choice of P901” for two meals a day, it should be counted as twice a day, and so on.

Part Q

Q1 Which of the following activities can you not perform independently? [Show card] [Can select more than one response]

1. Going out for outdoor activities (e.g., walking for about 300 meters, such as walking to a bus stop, shopping center, or parking lot)
2. Simple cooking (e.g., making a cup of tea, breaking off a piece of bread)
3. Kitchen activities (e.g. preparing lunch for 1-2 people, including peeling potatoes, cutting dishes, cooking meat, laying the table, cleaning the table after lunch, and washing dishes)
4. Taking public transportation (e.g., taking a bus or train, including getting to and back from the bus stop or train station, buying tickets, and finding a seat)
5. Shopping (going shopping at a local store or mall, including activities related to shopping, such as entering and exiting the store/mall, picking up items, paying, and bringing items back home)
6. Cleaning (e.g., making the bed, daily tidying, cleaning the bathroom floor, vacuuming, changing sheets, cleaning windows, and dumping trash)
7. Doing laundry (including the whole process of doing laundry: using the washing machine, separating and putting clothes in the machine, operating the machine, taking out, drying, and folding clothes)
78. None of these [Skip to Q2]

Q101 How much help do you need from others to do “choice of Q1”?

1. Full help
2. Lots of help
3. Some help
4. A little bit help
5. Only need someone standing by and watching
6. Sometimes do not need help

Q2 Have you smoked cigarettes in the past month?

1. Yes
5. No [Skip to Q211]

F1: “Smoke” includes carrying a cigarette in the mouth and lighting it up. To light firecrackers by smoking a cigarette also counts.

Q201 How old were you when you started to smoke? _____

Q202 How many cigarettes do you smoke per day? _____cigarettes/packs

Q203 How much money did you spend yesterday on cigarettes? _____yuan

[CAPI] Skip to Q3

Q211 Have you ever smoked?

1. Yes
5. No [Skip to Q3]

Q212 How old were you when you stopped smoking? _____

Q3 Have you often drunk alcohol (at least 3 times a week) in the past month?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to Q311]

F1: "Drink often" refers to drinking at least 3 times a week, and consuming at least one cup of alcohol each time.

Q301 How old were you when you started to drink? _____

Q302 Which types of alcohol have you drunk in the past month? [Select all that apply]

1. Hard Liquor (Baijiu/whiskey/vodka) 3. Wine/Rice Wine 5. Beer

Q303 How much "choice of Q302" have you drunk in the past week? _____ liang/bottle

F1: 1 liang = 50 mL, 1 bottle = 2.5 cups, 1 cup = 220 mL

[CAPI] Skip to Q4.

Q311 Have you ever drunk alcohol often?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to Q4]

F1: "Drink often" refers to drinking at least 3 times a week, and at least one cup of alcohol each time.

Q312 How old were you when you stopped drinking? _____

Q4 Do you have the habit of taking afternoon naps?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to Q402]

Q401 How long a nap do you usually take? _____ hours/minutes

Q402 What time do you usually go to bed at night? : _____

Interviewer Note: Use the 24-hour system.

F1: If there is more than one sleep, record the longest one.

Q5 Are you able to remember the important things that have happened to you within a week?

1. Able to remember all of them 2. Able to remember most of them 3. Able to remember half of them

4. Able to remember a few of them 5. Able to remember only a little bit

Q6 The following are some descriptions of people's mental conditions. Please answer according to your situation in the past month. [Show card]

1. Almost every day 2. 2-3 times a week 3. 2-3 times a month 4. Once a month 5. Never

Q601 Feel depressed and cannot cheer up

Q602 Feel nervous

Q603 Feel agitated or upset and cannot remain calm

Q604 Feel hopeless about the future

Q605 Feel that everything is difficult

Q606 Think life is meaningless

F1: “Mental conditions” refers to one’s emotions, will, abilities, pride and other psychological conditions, which are expressed through facial expressions, behaviors, etc.

Q7 Who would usually take care of you when you are sick or not feeling well?

Interviewer Note: If there is more than one, select the most important one.

1. Spouse 2. Children and/or their spouses 3. Grandchildren and/or their spouses
4. Other family members 5. Friends 6. Social service 7. Nanny/maid 8. No one

Part X

X1 Select one of the following tables and ask the respondent to read it out loud [Show card] [Word Module]

Interviewer Note: Ask the respondent to read out loud in Mandarin. Do not distinguish between tones/front nasal/back nasal/flat tongue/curved tongues

[CAPI] [1 = correct; 5 = incorrect] (34-word list)

X2 Math: Please select one of the four lists. [Show card][Math module]

[CAPI] [1 = correct; 5 = incorrect]

The following questions are about some special physical activities. Does your health status restrict your ability to do them? If so, to what extent?

X3 Can you touch the base of your neck with both hands?

Interviewer Note: First, make a demonstration, then ask whether the respondent can do it or not. If the respondent says yes, ask him/her to do it, and see if he/she really can. Then record the result.

1. Right hand only 2. Left hand only
3. Both hands 4. Neither hand

[CAPI] If the response to X3 is “3”, skip to X4; otherwise continue to X301.

X301 How long have you not been able to do this? _____months/years

X4 Can you touch your lower lumbar spine with both hands?

Interviewer Note: First, make a demonstration, then ask whether the respondent can do it or not. If the respondent says yes, ask him/her to do it, and see if he/she really can. Then record the result.

1. Right hand only 2. Left hand only
3. Both hands 4. Neither hand

[CAPI] If the response to X4 is “3”, skip to X5; otherwise continue to X401.

only]

Interviewer Note: Select the most important respondent.

Z101 Who else answered the adult questionnaire? _____ [Limited to two respondents]

Interviewer Note: Select two relatively important respondents.

Z102 Who else besides the family members was present during the interview? [Select all that apply]

1. Friends/relatives 2. Supervisors 3. Neighbors 4. Village/Residential community
committee cadres

77. Other [Please specify the identity] _____ 78. No one else

Z201 Respondent's comprehension capability:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z202 Respondent's health status:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z203 Neatness/cleanliness of respondent's clothing:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z204 Respondent's appearance:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z205 Respondent's Mandarin fluency:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z206 Respondent's level of cooperation during the interview:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z207 Respondent's intelligence:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very High

Z208 Respondent's courteousness:

Very Poor --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Good

Z209 Respondent's interest in the interview:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very High

Z210 Respondent's suspicion of the interview:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very High

Z211 Reliability of respondent's response:

Very Low --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very High

Z212 Respondent's language ability with respect to self-expression:

Very Weak --1--2--3--4--5--6--7--> Very Strong

Agricultural Work Module

H1 How many months did you engage in agricultural work last year? _____ months

Interviewer Note: If the time spent in agricultural work was less than one month, record 1 month.

H22 How many days per month on average did you work during the months when you engaged in agricultural work last year? _____ days

Interviewer Note: If the time spent in agricultural work was less than one day, record 1 day.

H3 How many hours per day on average did you work during the months when you engaged in agricultural work last year? _____ hours

Interviewer Note: If the time spent in agricultural work was less than one hour, record 1 hour.

H4 Are you currently engaging in any paid non-agricultural work?

1. Yes 5. No [**Skip to J3**]

H401 Where are you mainly engaging in the non-agricultural work?

1. Self-employed [**Skip to H403**] 5. At a work unit

H402 The specific name of your work unit is _____

Interviewer Note: Record the name of the respondent's work unit in details.

H403 The organization you work for belongs to which category?

1. Government/Party/People's organization/Military
2. State-owned/Collectively-owned public institution/Research Institute
3. State-owned/State-controlled enterprise
4. Collectively-owned enterprise
5. Joint stock cooperative enterprise
6. Limited liability company/Company limited by shares
7. Private enterprise
8. Enterprise invested by Hong Kong/Macao/Taiwan Capital
9. Company invested by foreign capital
10. Rural family business
11. Individually-owned Business
12. Private non-profit organization
13. Association/Guild/Foundation/Social organization
14. Residential community committee/Village committee/Autonomous organization
77. Other [Please specify] _____
17. Unable to identify

H404 What is your non-agricultural occupation _____

Examples:

Chinese language teacher and grade leader of ××Primary School

Accountant of ××Company

Director of xx workshop at ××Factory

Nurse from xx hospital in ××County

Farmer who grows rice in the local village

Interviewer's Note: (1) If more than one occupation, record the one that takes the most of the time.

(2) Record detailed information on the occupation, such as department, job responsibility, position, and title.

H405 What is the category of your non-agricultural occupation? | | | | | | | | | |

H406 What industry does your non-agricultural occupation belong to? | | | | | | | | | |

H407 Do you hold an administrative/management position?

1. Yes

5. No [Skip to H409]

H408 What is your administrative/management position? _____

Interviewer's Note: Record the response verbatim.

H409 When did you start this non-agricultural work? ____year ____month

H410 How many hours per day on average do you spend per day on this non-agricultural work? _____
hours

Interviewer's Note: If it is less than one hour, record one hour.

H411 How much money can you earn from this non-agricultural work per month on average?
_____yuan

[CAPI] After answering the questions above, please return to J3 in the Adult Questionnaire.

Marriage Module

E2 Is this your first marriage?

1. Yes [\[Skip to E605\]](#) 5. No

E201 This is your _____ (number of times) marriage.

E210 You and your current spouse got married in _____ year ____ month

E211 The date of birth of your current spouse is _____ year month

E212 Did you cohabit with your current spouse before getting married?

1. Yes 5. No [\[Skip to E214\]](#)

E213 How long did you cohabit? _____ months

E214 How did you get to know your current spouse? [Select only one response] [\[Show card\]](#)

1. Knew each other at school by ourselves 2. Knew each other at workplace by ourselves
 3. Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves 4. Met each other at other places by ourselves
 5. Introduced by friends/relatives 6. Through marriage agency
 7. Arranged by parents 8. Through the Internet
 77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: “Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves” means getting to know each other and starting to date in the community where you lived.

E601 Why did you separate from your first spouse?

1. Divorced 5. Widowed [\[Skip to E603\]](#)

E602 When did you and your first spouse get divorced? _____ year ____ month [\[Skip to E605\]](#)

E603 When did your first spouse die? _____ year ____ month

E604 What was the cause of death of your first spouse? _____ [\[List of Causes of Death\]](#)

E605 When did you and your first spouse get married? _year__ month E606

The date of birth of your first spouse was _____ year ____ month

E607 Did you cohabit with your first spouse before getting married?

1. Yes 5. No [\[Skip to E609\]](#)

E608 How long did you cohabit? _____ months

E609 How did you get to know your first spouse? [Select only one response] [\[Show card\]](#)

1. Knew each other at school by ourselves 2. Knew each other at workplace by ourselves
 3. Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves 4. Met each other at other places by ourselves
 5. Through introduction of friend/relative 6. Through marriage agency

7. Arranged by parents 8. Through the Internet

77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: “Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves” means getting to know each other and starting to date in the community where you lived.

Cohabitation Module

E301 When did you start cohabitation with your partner? _____year _____month

E302 The date of birth of your partner is _____year _____month

E303 How did you get to know your current partner? [Select only one response] **Show card**

1. Knew each other at school by ourselves
2. Knew each other at workplace by ourselves
3. Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves
4. Met each other at other places by ourselves
5. Through introduction of friend/relative
6. Through marriage agency
7. Arranged by parents [Masked]
8. Through the Internet
77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: “Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves” means getting to know each other and starting to date in the community where you lived.

E310 Were you ever married before cohabiting with your current partner?

1. Yes **Skip to E313**
5. No

E311 Is your current partner your first cohabiting partner?

1. Yes **Go back to the main questionnaire**
5. No

E312 How many cohabiting partners did you have before the current one? _____

[CAPI] Go back to the main questionnaire after answering E312.

E313 How many times were you married before the current cohabitation? _____

E401 Why did you separate from your last spouse?

1. Divorced
5. Widowed **Skip to E403**

E402 When did you and your last spouse get divorced? _____year _____month **Skip to E405**

E403 When did your last spouse die? _____year _____month

E404 What was the cause of death of your last spouse? _

E405 When did you and your last spouse get married? _____year _____month

E406 The date of birth of your last spouse was _____year _____month

E407 Did you cohabit with your last spouse before getting married?

1. Yes
5. No **Skip to E409**

E408 How long did you cohabit with your last spouse? _____months

E409 How did you get to know your last spouse? [Select only one response] **Show card**

1. Knew each other at school by ourselves
2. Knew each other at workplace by ourselves
3. Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves
4. Met each other at other places by

ourselves

5. Through introduction of friend/relative 6. Through marriage agency
 7. Arranged by parents 8. Through Internet
 77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: “Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves” means getting to know each other and starting to date in the community where you lived.

E601 Why did you separate from your first spouse?

1. Divorced 5. Widowed [Skip to E603]

E602 When did you and your first spouse get divorced? _____ year ____ month [Skip to E605]

E603 When did your first spouse die? _____ year ____ month

E604 What was the cause of death of your first spouse? _____ [List of Causes of Death]

E605 When did you and your first spouse get married? _____ year ____ month

E606 The date of birth of your first spouse was _____ year ____ month E607

Did you cohabit with your first spouse before getting married?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to E609]

E608 How long did you cohabit with your first spouse? _____ months

E609 How did you get to know your first spouse? [Select only one response] [Show card]

1. Knew each other at school by ourselves 2. Knew each other at workplace by ourselves
 3. Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves 4. Met each other at other places by ourselves
 5. Through introduction of friend/relative 6. Through marriage agency
 7. Arranged by parents 8. Through the Internet
 77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: “Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves” means getting to know each other and starting to date in the community where you lived.

[CAPI]Go back to the main questionnaire after answering E609.

3. Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves 4. Met each other at other places by ourselves
5. Through introduction of friend/relative 6. Through marriage agency
7. Arranged by parents 8. Through the Internet
77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: “Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves” means getting to know each other and starting to date in the community where you lived.

[CAPI]Go back to the main questionnaire after answering E609.

ourselves

5. Through introduction of friend/relative 6. Through marriage agency

7. Arranged by parents 8. Through the Internet

77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: “Knew each other at place of residence by ourselves” means getting to know each other and starting to date in the community where you lived.

[CAPI]Go back to the main questionnaire after answering E609.

Public Module

Mobile Phone and Internet Module

U Part

U1 Do you currently use or have you ever used a mobile phone?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to U2]

F1: "Mobile phone" does not include the Personal Access System (Xiaolingtong).

U101 Is the mobile phone you are using or once used your own?

Interviewer's Note: If more than one mobile phone has been used, ask about the one that is currently being used. If multiple phones are currently used simultaneously, ask about the one most frequently used. If several phones were used before but are no longer used now, ask about the one most recently used.

1. Yes 3. No, parents' [Skip to U103] 5. No, other's [Skip to U103]

F1: "Mobile phone" does not include the Personal Access System (Xiaolingtong).

U102 What is your average monthly mobile phone bill during non-vacation time? _____ yuan

F1: (1) "Mobile phone" does not include the Personal Access System (Xiaolingtong).

(2) "Mobile phone bill" refers to costs of mobile communication and entertainment, such as phone calls, text messages, ring tones, games, etc.

U103 Which of the following functions of your mobile phone have you used during non-vacation time?

[Can select more than one response]

1. Make phone calls 2. Send messages 3. Play games 4. Listen to music 5. Surf the Internet

[CAPI] Ask U104 for each choice.

U104 How much have you used the "choice of U103" during non-vacation time?

1. Rarely 2. Several times a month 3. Several times a week 4. Almost every day

F1: "Mobile phone" does not include the Personal Access System (Xiaolingtong).

U2 Do you use a computer to surf the Internet?

1. Yes 5. No [Please return to the main questionnaire]

F1: "Surf the Internet" means accessing the Internet via telephone line, LAN, wireless network and so on.

U210 Do you use QQ?

1. Yes 5. No [Skip to U220]

U211 How many friends do you have on QQ? _____

U212 How many days per week on average do you use QQ during non-vacation time? _____

1. Rarely 2. Several times a month 3. Several times a week 4. Almost every day

U6 Please select the following scenarios that fit your situation. [1 means never, and 5 means often] **Show card**

U601 Make further contact by mobile phone after making new friends on the Internet

Never ----1--2--3--4--5----Often

U602 Meet an Internet friend in person

Never ----1--2--3--4--5----Often

U603 Become best friends in reality with an Internet friend Never ----1--2--3--4--5----Often

[CAPI] After completing U603, please return to the main questionnaire.

Schooling Module

R Part

R1 What type of school are you currently attending? [List of [Levels of Education](#)]

1. Illiterate/Semi-literate **[Masked]** 2. Primary school 3. Middle school 4. High school 5. 2- or 3-year college 6. 4-year college 7. Master's program 8. Doctoral program
9. No need to go to school **[Masked]**

[CAPI]

If the response to R1 is "2", continue to R2

If the response to R1 is "3", skip to R3

If the response to R1 is "4", skip to R4

If the response to R1 is "5", skip to R5

If the response to R1 is "6", skip to R6

If the response to R1 is "7", skip to R7

If the response to R1 is "8", skip to R8

R2 What type of primary school are you currently attending?

1. Ordinary primary school 2. Adult primary school 3. Literacy class

[CAPI] If the response to R2 is "1" or "3", skip to R401; otherwise skip to S4.

R3 What type of middle school are you currently attending?

1. Ordinary middle school 2. Adult middle school 3. Vocational middle school

[CAPI] If the response to R3 is "1" or "3", skip to R401; otherwise skip to R440.

R4 What type of high school are you currently attending? **Show card**

1. Ordinary high school 2. Adult high school 3. Ordinary specialized high school
4. Specialized adult high school 5. Vocational high school 6. Technical high school

(CAPI) If the response to R4 is “1” or “2”, skip to R401; otherwise skip to R440.

R401 What grade are you currently in? _____

R402 What type of school are you in?

1. Ordinary School 2. Key School 3. Private School
4. Migrant school 5. International School

F1: (1) “Ordinary school” refers to a school that is neither a key school nor a school of type 3-5.

(2) “Key school” refers to an elementary, middle or high school that is identified as key by the Bureau/Commission of Education.

(3) “Private school” refers to a school that is not sponsored by the government and is generally established, managed and supported by NGOs.

(4) “Migrant school” refers to a school that mainly enrolls migrant workers’ children and provides them with the 9-years mandatory education. “Migrant school” can be either public or private.

(5) “International school” refers to a school for the children of foreigners in China.

R403 Are you currently in a key class?

1. Yes 2. No 5. The school attended does not distinguish between ordinary and key classes

R404 Are you attending a full-time school?

1. Yes 2. No

R405 Are you attending a boarding school?

1. Yes 2. No

R410 In the most recent month when you were not on vacation, did you ever participate or are you currently participating in any extracurricular/home tutoring?

1. Yes 2. No [Skip to R420]

F1: “Tutoring” refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

R411 In the most recent month when you were not on vacation, how much time per week on average did you spend on extracurricular/home tutoring? ____ hours

F1: “Tutoring” refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

R412 In which of the following extracurricular/home tutoring have you ever participated or are you currently participating? [Select all that apply][Show card]

1. Chinese language 2. Math 3. Foreign language
4. Musical instrument 5. Chess 6. Painting and calligraphy 7. Vocal music
8. Dance 9. Sports 77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: “Tutoring” refers to a training class taught during extracurricular time for students to improve their

academic records or develop a specialty. It is different from formal curricular study at school.

R420 How many students are/were in your class this/last semester? _____ students

Interviewer Note: Ask about the last semester if it is currently on school vacation.

R421 What was your grade in the Chinese language class in the last midterm or final exam? _____

R422 What was your rank in that exam in your class? _____

R423 What was your grade in the math class in the last midterm or final exam? _____

R424 What was your rank in that exam in your class? _____

R430 In the most recent month when you were not on vacation, have you taken a leave of absence or cut a class? [Select only one response]

1. Took a leave of absence
2. Cut a class
3. Asked for leave and cut a class
78. Neither [Skip to S1]

F1: "Cut a class" means being absent from school without permission.

[CAPI] If the response to R430 is "1-5", continue; otherwise skip to S1.

R431 What was your reason for taking a leave of absence or cutting a class? [Select only one response]

Interviewer Note: Ask about taking a leave of absence if it happened more frequently; ask about cutting classes if it happened more frequently.

1. Illness
2. Helping parents with their business
3. Taking care of younger siblings
4. Unable to finish homework
5. No reason, just didn't want to go to school
6. Being playful
77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: "Cut a class" means being absent from school without permission.

R432 In the most recent month when you were not on vacation, how many times have you taken a leave of absence or cut a class? _____ times

Interviewer Note: Ask about the total number of incidents, including both taking a leave of absence and cutting a class.

F1: "Cut a class" means being absent from school without permission.

[CAPI] Skip to S1 after answering R432.

R440 What is your major? _____ [Show card]

1. Agriculture and forestry
2. Resource and environment
3. Energy
4. Civil engineering and architecture
5. Manufacture
6. Transportation
7. Information technology
8. Medicine and health
9. Commerce and tourism
10. Finance and economics
11. Culture, arts and sports
12. Social and public affairs
13. Education
77. Other [Please specify] _____

[CAPI] Skip to S1 after answering R440.

R5 What type of 2- or 3-year college are you currently attending?

1. Ordinary 2- or 3-year college 2. 2- or 3-year adult college 3. 2- or 3-year

Internet college

77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: (1) "Ordinary 2- or 3-year college" is a junior college that complies with the Chinese school education system, and enrolls students through national college entrance exams.

(2) "2- or 3-year adult college" is a junior college for adults to be educated through, for example, correspondence courses, and part-time and off-the-job training.

(3) "2- or 3-year Internet college" is a college that provides teaching and training through Internet.

[CAPI] Skip to R601 after answering R5.

R6 What type of 4-year college do you currently attend?

1. Ordinary 4-year college 2. 4-year adult college 3. 4-year Internet college

77. Other [Please specify] _____

F1: (1) "Ordinary 4-year college" is a college that complies with the Chinese school education system, and enrolls students through national college entrance examination.

(2) "4-year adult college" is a college for adults to be educated through, for example, correspondence courses, and part-time and off-the-job training.

(3) "4-year Internet college" is a college that provides teaching and training through Internet.

R601 What is your field of study? [Show card]

1. Philosophy 2. Economics 3. Law 4. Education
 5. Literature 6. History 7. Science 8. Engineering
 9. Agriculture 10. Medicine 11. Military science [Masked] 12. Management

R602 In the most recent month when you were not on vacation, how many students were there in your class? _____

R603 In the last midterm or final exam, your average score of all the courses was _____ points.

R604 What was your rank in the last midterm or final exam in your class? _____

[CAPI] Skip to S1 after answering R604.

R7 What is the type of your master's degree?

1. Full-time master 2. On-the-job master

[CAPI] Skip to R801 after answering R7.

R8 What is the type of your doctoral degree?

1. Full-time PhD 2. On-the-job PhD

Tajik, Jiaorong, Zaiwa, Deng, Eastern yugur(Raohuer), Western yugur(Enger), Mian, Bunu, Lajia, Paiwan, and Ameisi.

S4 In your opinion, talent accounts for _____% in achieving a good academic record.

S5 Please answer the following questions according to your current situation. [Show card]

S501 How would you rate your academic performance? (“1” means extremely unsatisfied, while “5” means extremely satisfied)

Extremely unsatisfied—1—2—3—4—5—Extremely satisfied

S502 How much academic pressure do you put on yourself? (“1” means no pressure, 5 means lots of pressure)

No pressure—1—2—3—4—5—Lots of pressure

S503 How excellent a student do you think you are? (“1” means poor, while “5” means excellent)

Very bad-----1—2—3—4—5—Excellent

S504 To what extent do you think you are suitable to be a student cadre? (“1” means very unsuitable, while “5” means very suitable)

Very unsuitable ---1—2—3—4—5—Very suitable

S6 For each of the following statements, please tell me your opinion. [Show card]

1. Strongly disagree 2. Disagree 3. Neither agree nor disagree 4. Agree 5. Strongly Agree
79. Not applicable

Interviewer Note: Select “79” if not applicable.

S601 I study hard.

S602 I concentrate on studying while in class.

S603 I check my homework several times to make sure it is correct before handing it in.

S604 I abide by the school rules and regulations.

S605 I like to put my things in order at school.

S606 I finish my homework before I can play.

S7 For each of the following questions, please answer according to your situation. [Show card]

Interviewer Note: Please select “-8” if not applicable.

Extremely unsatisfied—1—2—3—4—5—>Extremely satisfied (“1” means extremely unsatisfied, while “5” means extremely satisfied)

S701 Are you satisfied with your school?

S702 Are you satisfied with your class adviser?

S703 Are you satisfied with your Chinese language teacher?

S704 Are you satisfied with your math teacher?

S705 Are you satisfied with your foreign language teacher?

[CAPI] If the respondent’s age is between 10 and 15, please return to the main questionnaire; otherwise please continue to the following questions. (In other words, for the respondent who answered the Child Questionnaire, please return to the main questionnaire; otherwise, please continue to the following questions.)

S8 What type of occupation would you most like to pursue in the future? _____

1. Promote social development
2. Help people and serve the society
3. Highly esteemed
4. Respected
5. Make lots of money
6. Ordinary but with a stable income

7. If not hired by others, work on my own

S801 What specific occupation would you most like to pursue in the future? _____

Interviewer Note: Record the response verbatim.

[CAPI] If the respondent's age is 16 or above, please continue to the following questions; otherwise please return to the main questionnaire.

S9 The total cost of your education last year (excluding living expense):

Interviewer Note: Consider all the costs regardless of being paid by the family or not.

S901 Tuition _____yuan

S902 Books and supplies _____yuan

S903 Extracurricular/Home tutoring _____yuan

S904 Room and Board _____yuan

S905 Transportation _____yuan

S906 Other expenses _____yuan

S910 According to the information you provided, the total cost of your education last year was “the sum of S901-S906” yuan, and how much of this was paid by your family? _____yuan

Time Use Module

T Part

In the last month that was not a vacation, how many hours per day on average did you spend participating in the following activities? [Show card]

Interviewer Note: (1) The “weekday” and the “weekend” below refer to the respondent’s working days and rest days, rather than the conventional weekdays and weekends.

(2) If the respondent has the same schedule on weekdays and weekend, please record “-8” in the cell of the weekend.

(3) If not participating in the activity, please record “0”.

(4) Please convert minutes into hours, and record up to one decimal place.

F1: “Non-vacation” refers to daily life. For students and teachers, it means school semesters instead of winter or summer vacation. For workers, it means that they are not on vacation, such as annual leave, marriage leave, maternity leave, and so on. “Vacation” here does not refer to the weekend.

Code	Activity	A Weekday	B Weekend	F1
T1A/T1B	Personal life (Subtotal)			The activities that meet one’s physiological needs and cannot be done by others.
T101A/ T101B	Sleep			This includes long-term sleep (i.e. night sleep/necessary sleep), short-term sleep (i.e. nap, noontime snooze, and rest with eyes closed), and being sick in bed.
T102A/ T102B	Eat meal or other eating activities			This includes dinner, fast food, drinking wine, tea, and water during a mealtime; drinking water, beverage, wine, tea, coffee, and so on at other times; eating snacks, fruits, nuts, candies, and so on at other times.
T103A/ T103B	Maintain personal hygiene			This includes using the bathroom, brushing teeth, washing face, hands, and feet, taking a shower, bathing, sauna, putting on make-up, shaving, hairdressing, nail care, massage, changing clothes and so on.
T104A/ T104B	Household chores			This refers to any unpaid labor for the final consumption of one’s family or oneself, such as preparing food, house cleaning, putting

				clothes and other items in order, and shopping. It includes preparing food and cleaning afterwards, cleaning up the house and the surroundings, washing clothes and putting them in order, shopping, feeding pets, house decorating, maintaining and do-it-yourself repairs. It also includes arranging and managing family affairs, such as planning a party, decorating the room, planning a trip, making a shopping list, and searching investment information.
T105A/ T105B	Taking care of family members			This refers to taking care of old, young, sick, paralyzed, or pregnant family members without getting paid. For example, it includes taking care of children, washing their clothes, putting their papers in order, feeding them, helping them to take a bath, administering medical treatment, educating the children, reading to and playing with them, keeping an eye on the children while they playing outside, keeping the environment safe, supervising children's play, taking them to hospital, playground, or school. It also includes taking care of adult family members, such as providing daily care (e.g., feeding them, helping them to dress and maintain personal hygiene), performing massage, feeding medicine, providing medical care, and taking them to hospital, shopping mall, cinema and other places.
T2A/T2 B	Individual work (Subtotal)			
	Full-time work			This refers to an individual's employment activity, preparation for employment, agricultural work, family non-agricultural production

			<p>and service activity. Individual employment activity means working for pay in a formal sector. Formal sectors include work units, non-profit organizations and government. Individual work includes the primary job as well as secondary paid work, internships, apprenticeships, approved trainings during the normal working hours, preparation of resumes, looking for job information, sending job applications, visiting employment agency, filling application forms, conducting interviews, starting one's own business (including completing legal and administrative registration, applying for funds and loans, finding office and commercial places, doing market research).</p> <p>Agricultural work refers to agricultural and other elementary production and business activities with the aim of making profits as a family unit. It includes leveling the soil, planting crops, managing land, harvesting; clearing forests, cultivating, transplanting, and growing plants; collecting, managing, and selling plant products; feeding livestock, storing and selling livestock products; raising, processing, storing and selling aquatic products; hunting and processing animals; mining and collecting drinking water and fuels.</p> <p>Family non-agricultural production activity refers to production and construction activity with the aim of making profits as a family unit. It includes</p>
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			<p>grinding grains, processing forage, vegetable oil, meat, aquatic products, vegetables, fruits, and nuts; producing food, candies, cakes, dairy and flavoring; producing wine, liquid and solid beverages; producing textile goods, clothes, shoes, hats, and leather products; producing cement, lime, gypsum products, tiles, stones, and other building materials; producing glassworks, ceramics and handicrafts; processing tobacco, herbal medicine and medical products; constructing and maintaining self-owned fixed assets, public buildings, roads and bridges.</p> <p>Family non-agricultural service activity refers to the providing external service as a family with the aim of making profits. It includes preparing and selling food and beverages door-to-door; installing, maintaining and repairing devices and equipment; maintaining motor vehicles, personal items, and family goods; renting houses, processing text , accounting, taking photos, family tutoring, providing medical treatment and other professional services; providing haircuts, hairdressing, pedicures, massages, scrubbing, and other services; providing cargo and passenger transportation; house cleaning, cooking, taking care of the elderly, children and patients, and providing other household services (such as hourly work and babysitting).</p>
	Part-time work		Regardless of being paid or not.
T3A/T3	Training and Study (Subtotal)		This refers to attending formal

B				education (ranging from primary school to college) and participating in informal education and training.
	Formal education			This refers to education provided at primary, secondary, and advanced institutions, including classroom education, distance education, self-study, breaks between classes and so on. It includes taking classes at school, participating in special lectures, and taking all kinds of tests and exams; taking breaks between classes, walking to the laboratory and library, and borrowing and returning books; studying through videos and the Internet.
	Activities related to formal education, such as doing homework and course review			This includes doing homework, reviewing course materials, preparing lessons before class and so on.
	Part-time study and informal education			This includes participating in short-term professional training, foreign language classes, computer training, business and secretarial training, and any study related to one's hobby. It also includes participating in training relating to one's job, attending seminars, short-term trainings, taking qualification certificate courses, and preparing and taking professional tests.
T4A/T4B	Entertainment and social activities (Subtotal)			This refers to personal entertainment and social activities.
	Reading through traditional media			This includes reading books, newspapers and magazines. It also includes reading all kinds of manuals, instructions, and introductions.
	Watching TV and videos, and listening to radio and music			This includes watching TV, VCDs, DVDs, video tapes, listening to CDs, MP3, cassette tapes, MD, and radio. It also includes reading,

				listening, and watching on a computer that is not connected to the Internet.
	Entertainment on the Internet			This refers to surfing the Internet, including reading and listening online, uploading and downloading files and playing online games. Online studying, working, shopping, and using an e-bank, however, do not count (these activities should be included in "Individual work" and "Training and learning").
	Sports and physical exercise			This includes walking, long-distance running, jogging and mountain climbing; practicing Tai Chi and other kinds of Kung Fu; dancing, aerobics, yoga; playing ball games, swimming, diving, rowing, sailing and other kinds of water sports; winter sports; wrestling, judo, boxing and other kinds of sports with physical contact.
	Hobbies, games and leisure activities			This includes playing Mahjong, cards and chess games; playing computer games (excluding online games), video games, tug-of-war, dancing, and karaoke; collecting all kinds of things such as stamps, tickets, match-box designs, and car models; literary creation, calligraphy, art performance, painting, taking photos and so on; outdoor visiting, watching movies and performances at a cinema or theater (excluding watching DVDs or VCDs at home); visiting museums, exhibition centers, art galleries, cultural relics and natural sights; watching all kinds of performances at a theatre, music hall, circus, and zoo; watching sports at a stadium or playground.

	<p>Social activities</p> <p>Interviewer Note: Having dinner with friends is counted as a social activity rather than an eating activity.</p>			<p>This includes talking or chatting with friends, visiting relatives and friends, entertaining guests, reading and writing personal letters, and so on; having face-to-face conversation, making phone calls, sending text messages, online chatting (e.g., QQ, MSN), and sending and receiving emails; participating or organizing all kinds of ceremonies and parties, such as weddings, funerals and so on.</p>
	<p>Community service and non-profit activities</p>			<p>This refers to participating in civil activities such as voting and non-profit activities for the public interest, including participating in community service or public activities organized by non-profit institutes, and related conferences, training, and study; helping other families with household chores free of charge, such as taking care of others' children or pets, repairing, cleaning, shopping, and providing transportation for other people outside of the family.</p>
	<p>Religious activities</p>			<p>This includes religious activities at home or special places.</p>
T5A/T5B	<p>Transportation</p>			<p>This refers to all the transportation and commuting activities within a 24-hour day, especially the time spent commuting between home and school/workplace.</p>
T6A/T6B	<p>Others</p>			
T7A/T7B	<p>No activity</p>			<p>This refers to being in a daze or absent-minded or missing information on activity. Basking in the sunshine belongs to this category.</p>